

**Revision B:**

- Model names of indoor unit service manuals have been modified.
- INDOOR / OUTDOOR UNIT COMPATIBILITY TABLE has been modified.

OBH923 REVISED EDITION-A is void.

# OUTDOOR UNIT

# SERVICE MANUAL

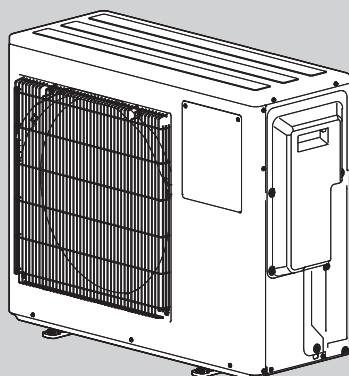

**No. OBH923  
REVISED EDITION-B**

## Models

**PXZ-4F75VG** - E1
**PXZ-5F85VG** - E1

Indoor unit service manual  
 MSZ-LN•VG Series (OBH766)  
 MSZ-LN•VG2 Series (OBH766)  
 MSZ-EF•VE Series (OBH589)  
 MSZ-EF•VG Series (OBH831)  
 MSZ-AP•VF Series (OBH799)  
 MSZ-AP15/20VG series (OBH838)  
 MSZ-AP•VG Series (OBH788)  
 MSZ-AY15/20•VG Series (OBH937)  
 MSZ-AY•VG Series (OBH930, OBH932)  
 MSZ-BT•VG Series (OBH849)  
 MSZ-RW•VG Series (OBH902)

MLZ-KP•VF Series (OBH801)  
 MLZ-KY•VG Series (OBH921)  
 MFZ-KT•VG Series (OBH843)  
 SLZ-M•FA Series (OCH522)  
 SEZ-M•DA Series (HWE17040)  
 PCA-M•KA Series (OCH659)  
 PEAD-M•JA(L) Series (HWE16130)  
 PEAD-M•JA(L)2 Series (HWE21070)  
 CYLINDER UNIT(E\*ST\*\*D-\*M2/6/9\*D) (OCH714)  
 CYLINDER UNIT(E\*ST\*\*D-\*M2/6/9\*E) (OCH814)  
 HYDROBOX(E\*SD-\*M2/6/9\*D) (OCH712)  
 HYDROBOX(E\*SD-\*M2/6/9\*E) (OCH815)


**PXZ-4F75VG**

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**PARTS CATALOG (OBB923)**

## Use the specified refrigerant only

### Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

#### <Preparation before the repair service>

- Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the air conditioner, turn off the power-supply breaker and pull the power plug.
- Discharge the capacitor before the work involving the electric parts.

#### <Precautions during the repair service>

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigeration cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

### WARNING

- When the refrigeration circuit has a leak, do not execute pump down with the compressor.
- When pumping down the refrigerant, stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipes. The compressor may burst if air etc. get into it.
- When opening or closing the valve below freezing temperatures, refrigerant may spurt out from the gap between the valve stem and the valve body, resulting in injuries.

#### Revision A:

- Model names of indoor unit service manuals have been modified.
- Some descriptions have been modified.

#### Revision B:

- Model names of indoor unit service manuals have been modified.
- INDOOR / OUTDOOR UNIT COMPATIBILITY TABLE has been modified.

# INDOOR / OUTDOOR UNIT COMPATIBILITY TABLE

## Air-conditioner system

### <PXZ-4F75VG>

Connectable indoor unit lineups (Heat pump inverter type)		Capacity class [kW/h]									
Model type	Model name	15	18	20	22	25	35	42	50	60	71
		Wall mounted	MSZ-LN**VG		○			○	○		
MSZ-LN**VG2			○			○	○		○		
MSZ-RW**VG						○	○		○		
MSZ-BT**VG				○		○	○				
MSZ-EF**VE3			○		○	○	○	○	○		
MSZ-EF**VG			○		○	○	○	○	○		
MSZ-AP**VG	○			○		○	○	○	○	○	
MSZ-AP**VF	○			○							○
1way cassette	MLZ-KP**VF					○	○		○		
	MLZ-KY**VG			○							
Floor standing	MFZ-KT**VG					○	○		○		
4way cassette	SLZ-M**FA										
	SLZ-M**FA2										
Ceiling concealed	PEAD-M**JA(L)								○	○	○
	PEAD-M**JA(L)2								○	○	○
	SEZ-M**DA(L)					○	○		○	○	
	SEZ-M**DA(L)2					○	○		○	○	
Ceiling suspended	PCA-M**KA							○	○		

### <PXZ-5F85VG>

Connectable indoor unit lineups (Heat pump inverter type)		Capacity class [kW/h]									
Model type	Model name	15	18	20	22	25	35	42	50	60	71
		Wall mounted	MSZ-LN**VG2		○			○	○		○
MSZ-RW**VG						○	○		○		
MSZ-BT**VG				○		○	○				
MSZ-EF**VG			○		○	○	○	○	○		
MSZ-AP**VG	○			○		○	○	○	○	○	○
MSZ-AY**VGK(P)	○		○			○	○	○	○		
1way cassette	MLZ-KP**VF					○	○		○		
	MLZ-KY**VG			○							
Floor standing	MFZ-KT**VG					○	○		○		
4way cassette	SLZ-M**FA										
	SLZ-M**FA2										
Ceiling concealed	PEAD-M**JA(L)								○	○	○
	PEAD-M**JA(L)2								○	○	○
	SEZ-M**DA(L)					○	○		○	○	○
	SEZ-M**DA(L)2					○	○		○	○	○
Ceiling suspended	PCA-M**KA										

### <PXZ-4F75VG, PXZ-5F85VG>

- When a P-Series indoor unit of 60 or higher class is connected, the connection of other ATA indoor units is prohibited.

## Air to water system





Indoor unit		Outdoor unit	
		4F75VG	PXZ 5F85VG
Cylinder	EHST17D-VM2D	○	○
	EHST17D-YM9D	○	○
	EHST20D-VM2D	○	○
	EHST20D-VM6D	○	○
	EHST20D-YM9D	○	○
	EHST20D-YM9ED	○	○
	EHST20D-TM9D	○	○
	EHST30D-VM6ED	○	○
	EHST30D-YM9ED	○	○
	EHST30D-TM9ED	○	○
	ERST17D-VM2D	○	○
	ERST17D-VM6D	○	○
	ERST20D-VM2D	○	○
	ERST20D-VM6D	○	○
	ERST20D-YM9D	○	○
	ERST30D-VM2ED	○	○
	ERST30D-VM6ED	○	○
	ERST30D-YM9ED	○	○
	EHST17D-VM2E	○	○
	EHST17D-YM9E	○	○
	EHST20D-VM2E	○	○
	EHST20D-VM6E	○	○
	EHST20D-YM9E	○	○
	EHST20D-TM9E	○	○
	EHST30D-VM6EE	○	○
	EHST30D-YM9EE	○	○
	EHST30D-TM9EE	○	○
	ERST17D-VM2E	○	○
	ERST17D-VM6E	○	○
	ERST20D-VM2E	○	○
	ERST20D-VM6E	○	○
	ERST20D-YM9E	○	○
ERST30D-VM2EE	○	○	
ERST30D-VM6EE	○	○	
ERST30D-YM9EE	○	○	
Hydrobox	EHSD-VM2D	○	○
	EHSD-VM6D	○	○
	EHSD-YM9D	○	○
	EHSD-YM9ED	○	○
	EHSD-TM9D	○	○
	ERSD-VM2D	○	○
	ERSD-VM6D	○	○
	ERSD-YM9D	○	○
	EHSD-VM2E	○	○
	EHSD-VM6E	○	○
	EHSD-YM9E	○	○
	EHSD-TM9E	○	○
	ERSD-VM2E	○	○
	ERSD-VM6E	○	○
	ERSD-YM9E	○	○

**PXZ-4F75VG** - E1

**PXZ-5F85VG** - E1

1. New model

## MEANINGS OF SYMBOLS DISPLAYED ON THE UNIT

	<b>WARNING</b> (Risk of fire)	This mark is for R32 refrigerant only. Refrigerant type is written on nameplate of outdoor unit. In case that refrigerant type is R32, this unit uses a flammable refrigerant. If refrigerant leaks and comes in contact with fire or heating part, it will create harmful gas and there is risk of fire.
	Read the OPERATION MANUAL carefully before operation.	
	Service personnel are required to carefully read the OPERATION MANUAL and INSTALLATION MANUAL before operation.	
	Further information is available in the OPERATION MANUAL, INSTALLATION MANUAL, and the like.	

## 2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

**Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.**

## 2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

## Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R32

**Preparation before the repair service.**

- Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the air conditioner, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

**Use new refrigerant pipes.**

- In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following.
- Be sure to clean the pipes and make sure that the insides of the pipes are clean.
  - Change flare nut to the one provided with this product.
  - Use a newly flared pipe.
  - Avoid using thin pipes.

**Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.**

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

**Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)**

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

**Precautions during the repair service.**

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.
- When opening or closing the valve below freezing temperatures, refrigerant may spurt out from the valve gap, resulting in injuries.

**Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.**

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

**Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R32 refrigerant.**

The following tools are necessary to use R32 refrigerant.

Tools for R32	
Gauge manifold	Flare tool
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant charging scale

**Handle tools with care.**

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

### **Do not use refrigerant other than R32.**

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

### **Use the specified refrigerant only.**

#### **Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.**

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

**Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.**

## **[1] Warning for service**

- (1) Do not alter the unit.
- (2) For installation and relocation work, follow the instructions in the Installation Manual and use tools and pipe components specifically made for use with refrigerant specified in the outdoor unit installation manual.
- (3) Ask a dealer or an authorized technician to install, relocate and repair the unit.  
For appliances not accessible to the general public.
- (4) Refrigerant pipes connection shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- (5) If the air conditioner is installed in a small room or closed room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration in the room from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the concentration limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room may result.
- (6) Keep gas-burning appliances, electric heaters, and other fire sources (ignition sources) away from the location where installation, repair, and other air conditioner work will be performed.  
If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.
- (7) When installing or relocating, or servicing the air conditioner, use only the specified refrigerant (R32) to charge the refrigerant lines.  
Do not mix it with any other refrigerant and do not allow air to remain in the lines.  
If air is mixed with the refrigerant, then it can be the cause of abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant line, and may result in an explosion and other hazards.
- (8) After installation has been completed, check for refrigerant leaks. If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with the flame of a heater or portable cooking range, poisonous gases will be released.
- (9) Do not use low temperature solder alloy in case of brazing the refrigerant pipes.
- (10) When performing brazing work, be sure to ventilate the room sufficiently. Make sure that there are no hazardous or flammable materials nearby.  
When performing the work in a closed room, small room, or similar location, make sure that there are no refrigerant leaks before performing the work.  
If refrigerant leaks and accumulates, it may ignite or poisonous gases may be released.
- (11) Do not install the unit in places where refrigerant may build-up or places with poor ventilation such as a semi-basement or a sunken place in outdoor: Refrigerant is heavier than air, and inclined to fall away from the leak source.
- (12) Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- (13) The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- (14) Do not pierce or burn.
- (15) Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- (16) Pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- (17) The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
- (18) Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- (19) Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- (20) Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- (21) The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
- (22) Maintenance, service and repair operations shall be performed by authorized technician with required qualification.
- (23) Be sure to have appropriate ventilation in order to prevent ignition. Furthermore, be sure to carry out fire prevention measures that there are no dangerous or flammable objects in the surrounding area.

## [2] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously.  
Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

## [3] Additional refrigerant charge

### When charging directly from cylinder

R32 is a single refrigerant and its composition does not change. Therefore, both liquid charging and gas charging are possible. Liquid charging of refrigerant all at once from the low-pressure side may cause the compressor malfunction. Accordingly, make sure that charging is gradual.

Perform gas charge to unit.

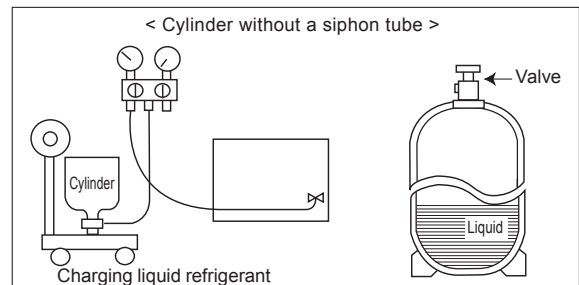
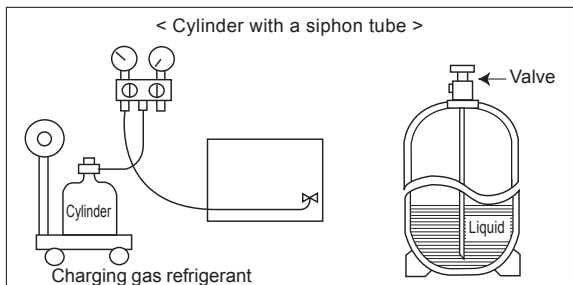
- (1) Connect gas cylinder to the service port of stop valve.
- (2) Perform air purge of the pipe (or hose) coming from refrigerant gas cylinder.
- (3) Replenish specified amount of the refrigerant, while operating the air conditioner for cooling \*1.

**NOTE:** In case of adding refrigerant, comply with the quantity specified for the refrigerating cycle.

\*1. When connecting only the Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank, perform cooling according to the following procedure.

- (1) Turn off the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both.
- (2) Turn on 2 for SW2.
- (3) Turn on the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both.
- (4) After confirming that all the indoor units have stopped for more than 3 minutes, press and hold the SW871 on the control board for 3 seconds.
- (5) To stop operation after refrigerant filling is complete, press and hold the SW871 on the control board again for 3 seconds.
- (6) Turn off the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both.
- (7) Turn off 2 for SW2.

**NOTE:** This function does not operate when the outside temperature is 0°C or below.



## [4] Cautions for unit using R32 refrigerant

Basic work procedures are the same as those for conventional units using refrigerant R410A. However, pay careful attention to the following points.

### (1) Information on servicing

#### (1-1) Checks on the Area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

For repair to the refrigerating systems, (1-3) to (1-7) shall be completed prior to conducting work on the systems.

#### (1-2) Work Procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

#### (1-3) General Work Area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out.

Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

#### (1-4) Checking for Presence of Refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

#### (1-5) Presence of Fire Extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand.

Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

#### (1-6) No Ignition Sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

#### (1-7) Ventilated Area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

#### (1-8) Checks on the Refrigeration Equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being corroded.

#### (1-9) Checks on Electrical Devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial safety checks shall include that:

- capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- there is continuity of earth bonding

### (2) Repairs to Sealed Components

#### (2-1) During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

#### (2-2) Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.



(3) Repair to Intrinsic Safe Components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsic safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

(4) Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

(5) Detection of Flammable Refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

(6) Leak Detection Methods

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)

Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

(7) Removal and Evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant
- purge the circuit with inert gas
- evacuate
- purge again with inert gas
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be “flushed” with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times.

Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

(8) Charging Procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed:

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

(9) Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

(9-1) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.

(9-2) Isolate system electrically.

(9-3) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:

- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

(9-4) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.

(9-5) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

(9-6) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.

(9-7) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

(9-8) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).

(9-9) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.

(9-10) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.

(9-11) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

(10) Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

(11) Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

## [5] Service tools

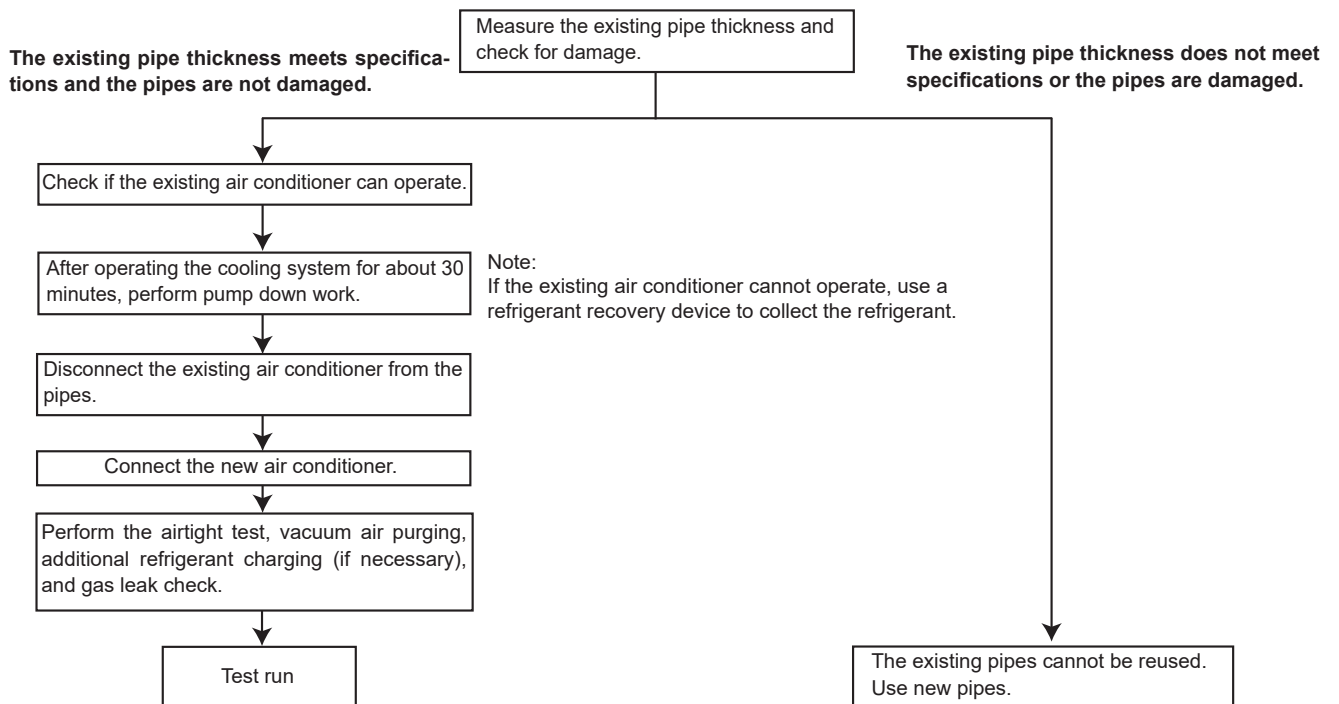
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R32 refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
①	Gauge manifold	· Only for R32
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
②	Charge hose	· Only for R32
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
③	Electronic scale	—
④	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C, R410a or R32.
⑤	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
⑥	Refrigerant charge base	—
⑦	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R32
		· Cylinder with syphon
⑧	Refrigerant recovery equipment	—

## 2-3. PRECAUTIONS WHEN REUSING EXISTING R22/R410a REFRIGERANT PIPES

### (1) Flowchart

- Refer to the flowchart below to determine if the existing pipes can be used and if it is necessary to use a filter dryer.
- If the diameter of the existing pipes is different from the specified diameter, refer to technological data materials to confirm if the pipes can be used.



## (2) Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R32 is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R32 is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R32 is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

### ① Thickness of pipes

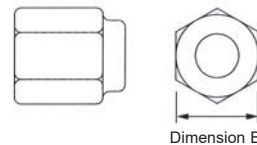
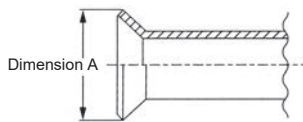
Because the working pressure of R32 is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

Nominal dimensions(inch)	Outside diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	
		R32/R410a	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05	—	1.0

### ② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R32 is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R32 has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R32 also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R32 below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.



Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal dimensions(inch)	Outside diameter(mm)	Dimension A ( $+0_{-0.4}$ ) (mm)	
		R32/R410a	R22
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4
3/4	19.05	—	23.3

Flare nut dimensions

Nominal dimensions(inch)	Outside diameter(mm)	Dimension B (mm)	
		R32/R410a	R22
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0
5/8	15.88	29.0 *	27.0
3/4	19.05	—	36.0

### ③ Tools for R32 (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

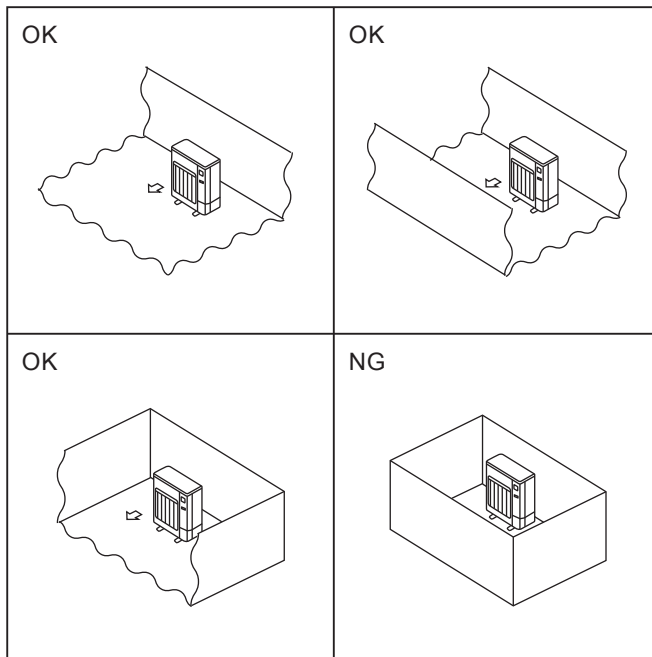
Tools and materials	Use	R32 tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?	Can R410a tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge and operation check	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	○
Charge hose		Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	○
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	○	○
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	○
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	×
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	○
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	○
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adapter for reverse flow check	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	○	○	○
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	○	○	○
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	○	○	○
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	○	○	○
Vacuum gauge or thermistor vacuum gauge and vacuum valve	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum valve prevents back flow of oil and refrigerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	○	○	○
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R32	×	—	×

× : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R32.)

△ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

○ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

## 2-4. CHOOSING THE OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION LOCATION



R32 is heavier than air—as well as other refrigerants—so tends to accumulate at the base (in the vicinity of the floor). If R32 accumulates around base, it may reach a flammable concentration in case room is small. To avoid ignition, maintaining a safe work environment is required by ensuring appropriate ventilation. If a refrigerant leak is confirmed in a room or an area where there is insufficient ventilation, refrain from using of flames until the work environment can be improved by ensuring appropriate ventilation. Install outdoor unit in a place where at least one of the four sides is open, and in a sufficiently large space without depressions.

## 2-5. MINIMUM INSTALLATION AREA

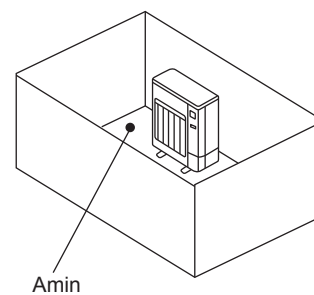
If you unavoidably install a unit in a space where all four sides are blocked or there are depressions, confirm that one of these situations (A, B or C) is satisfied.

Note: These countermeasures are for keeping safety not for specification guarantee.

A) Secure sufficient installation space (minimum installation area  $A_{min}$ ).

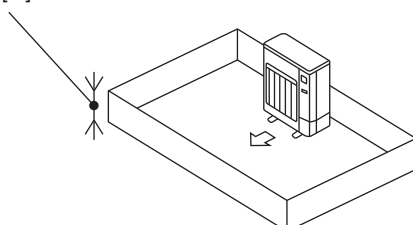
Install in a space with an installation area of  $A_{min}$  or more, corresponding to refrigerant quantity M (factory-charged refrigerant + locally added refrigerant).

M [kg]	$A_{min}$ [m <sup>2</sup> ]
1.0	12
1.5	17
2.0	23
2.5	28
3.0	34
3.5	39
4.0	45
4.5	50
5.0	56
5.5	62
6.0	67
6.5	73
7.0	78
7.5	84

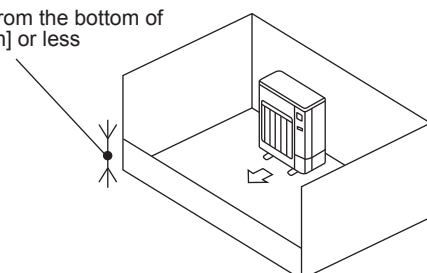


B) Install in a space with a depression height of 0.125 [m] or less.

Height from the bottom of  
0.125 [m] or less



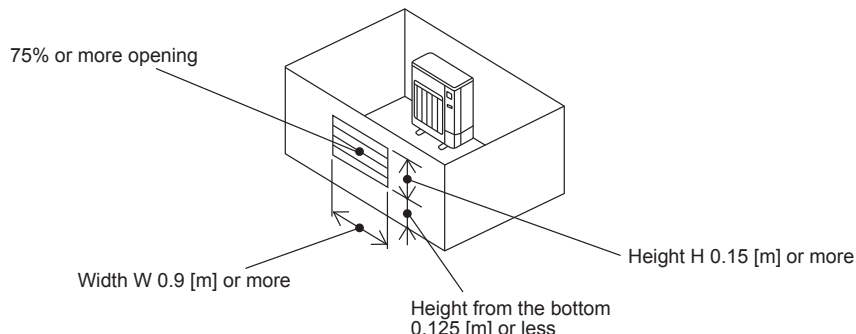
Height from the bottom of  
0.125 [m] or less



C) Create an appropriate ventilation open area.

Make sure that the width of the open area is 0.9 [m] or more and the height of the open area is 0.15 [m] or more. However, the height from the bottom of the installation space to the bottom edge of the open area should be 0.125 [m] or less.

Open area should be 75% or more opening.



■ Indoor units

Install in a room with a floor area of  $A_{min}$  or more, corresponding to refrigerant quantity  $M$  (factory-charged refrigerant + locally added refrigerant).

\* For the factory-charged refrigerant amount, refer to the spec nameplate or installation manual.

For the amount to be added locally, refer to the installation manual.

Install the indoor unit so that the height from the floor to the bottom of the indoor unit is  $h_0$ ;

for wall mounted: 1.8 m or more;

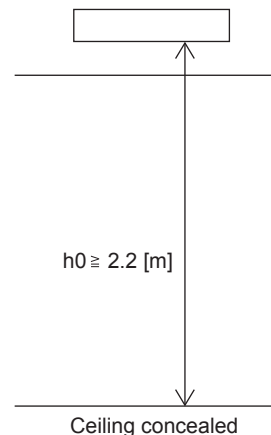
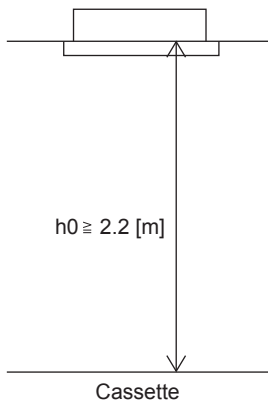
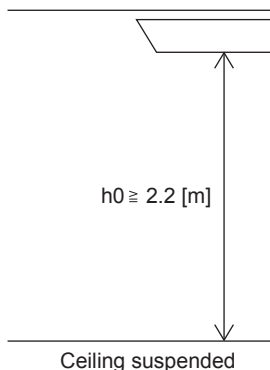
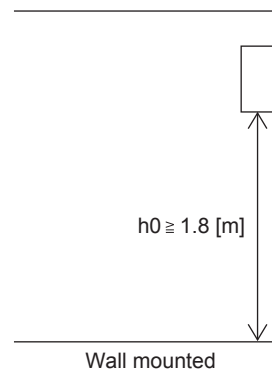
for ceiling suspended, cassette and ceiling concealed: 2.2 m or more.

When installing floor standing, refer to indoor unit Installation manual.

There are restrictions in installation height for each model, so read the installation manual for the particular unit.

Case 1: for wall mounted, ceiling suspended, cassette and concealed

M [kg]	$A_{min}$ [m <sup>2</sup> ]
1.0	3
1.5	4.5
2.0	6
2.5	7.5
3.0	9
3.5	12
4.0	15.5
4.5	20
5.0	24
5.5	29
6.0	35
6.5	41
7.0	47
7.5	54

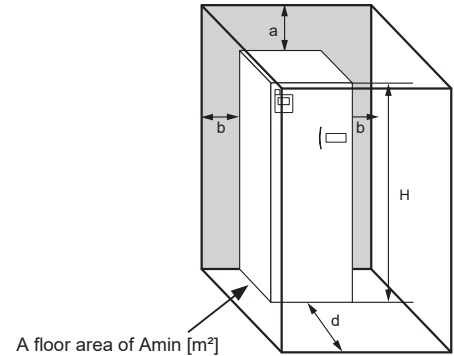


Case 2: For Cylinder

When installing the Cylinder unit, meet the minimum floor area requirement according to the installation height (H). If the minimum floor area requirement for the installation height cannot be met, you may be able to install the Cylinder unit by providing an appropriate ventilation port. For details, refer to the installation manual for the Cylinder unit.

M [kg]	Amin [m <sup>2</sup> ]		
	H = 1.4 m (170L Type)	H = 1.6 m (200L Type)	H = 2.05 m (200L Type)
< 1.84	Refer to the values described in the installation manual of the Cylinder unit.		
1.84			
1.9			
2			
2.1			
2.2			
2.3			
2.4			

H = Installation height

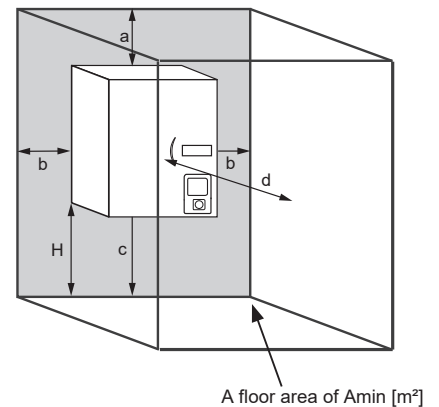


Case 3: For Hydrobox

When installing the Hydrobox, meet the minimum floor area requirement according to the installation height (H). If the minimum floor area requirement for the installation height cannot be met, you may be able to install the Hydrobox by providing an appropriate ventilation port. For details, refer to the installation manual for the Hydrobox.

M [kg]	Amin [m <sup>2</sup> ]		
	H = 1.0 m	H = 1.2 m	H = 1.4 m
< 1.84	Refer to the values described in the installation manual of the Hydrobox.		
1.84			
1.9			
2			
2.1			
2.2			
2.3			
2.4			

H = Height measured from the bottom of the casing to the floor.



Case 4: For DHW tank\*

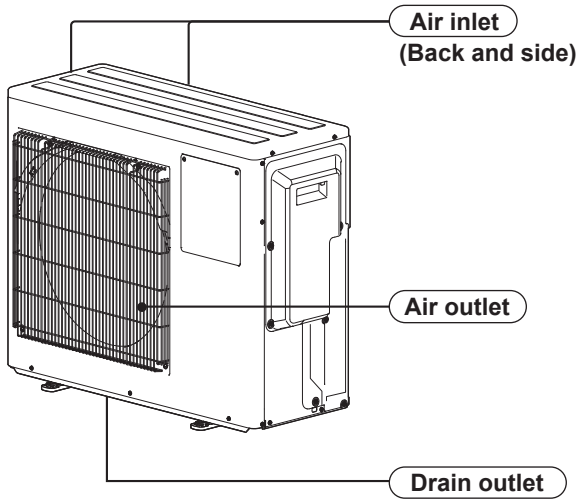
\*DHW tank : A DHW tank specified by MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC

For details on the installation conditions for the DHW tank, refer to the installation manual for the DHW tank.

# 3

# PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

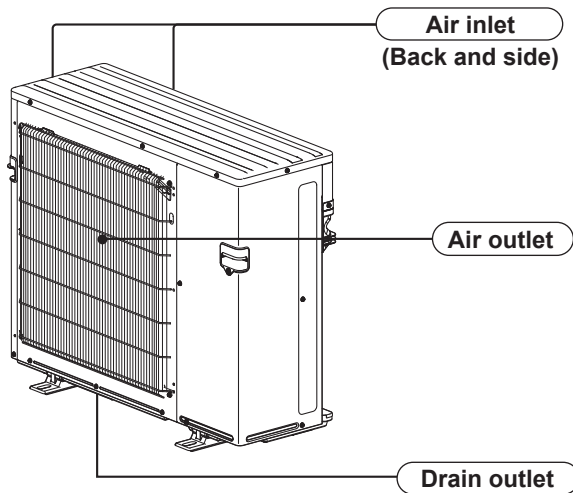
## PXZ-4F75VG



### ACCESSORIES

Model	PXZ-4F75VG
① Drain socket	1
② Drain cap	2

## PXZ-5F85VG



### ACCESSORIES

Model	PXZ-5F85VG
① Drain socket	1
② Drain cap	5



## 4

## SPECIFICATION

Outdoor model		<b>PXZ-4F75VG</b>			
Outdoor unit power supply		Single phase 230 V, 50 Hz			
System	ATA Indoor units number	1 to 4			
	Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank units number	1			
	Total Indoor units number	2 to 4			
	Piping total length	m	Max. 60		
	Connecting pipe length	m	Max. 30		
	Height difference (Indoor ~ Outdoor)	m	Refer to 8 REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM.		
	Height difference (Indoor ~ Indoor)	m	Refer to 8 REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM.		
Function		Cooling *1, *2	Heating *1, *2	ATW Heating *3	
Capacity Rated (Min.-Max.)	kW	7.2 (3.7 - 8.8)	8.6 (3.4 - 10.7)	7.5 (4.3 - 9.3)	
Breaker capacity	A	25			
Electrical data	Power input (Total)	W	1,850 *1, *2	1,870 *1, *2	1,798 *3
	Running current (Total)	A	8.5 - 8.1 - 7.8 *1, *2	8.6 - 8.2 - 7.9 *1, *2	8.3 - 7.9 - 7.6 *3
	Power factor (Total) *1, *2, *3	%	99		
	Starting current (Total) *1, *2, *3	A	10.1		
Coefficient of performance (C.O.P) (Total)			3.89 *1, *2	4.60 *1, *2	4.17 *3
Compressor	Model	SVB172FPKM1T			
	Output	W	2,000		
	Current	A	6.98 *1, *2	7.89 *3	
	Refrigeration oil (Model)	L	0.6 (FW68CA)		
Fan motor	Model	SIC-82FX-F764-1			
	Current *1, *2, *3	A	0.5		
Dimensions W x H x D		mm	840 x 710 x 330		
Weight		kg	59		
Special remarks	Air flow (Rated)	m <sup>3</sup> /h	2,124	2,562	2,562
	Sound level (Rated)	dB(A)	48	54	57
	Fan speed (Rated)	rpm	680	740	
	Pre-charged refrigerant quantity (R32)	kg	2.4		
	Max refrigerant quantity (R32)	kg	2.4		

\*1 Measured under rated operating frequency.

\*2 When connected with indoor units below.

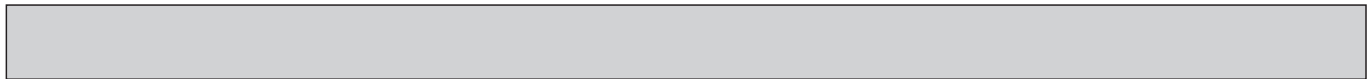
**MSZ-LN18VG2 + MSZ-LN18VG2 + MSZ-LN18VG2 + MSZ-LN18VG2**

\*3 When connected with one of the Cylinder unit / Hydrobox below

**E\*ST17D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*ST20D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*ST30D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*SD-\*M2/6/9\*\***

**NOTE:** Test conditions are based on ISO 5151. (Refrigerant piping length (one way): 5 m)

COOLING INDOOR	Dry-bulb temperature	27.0 °C	Wet-bulb temperature	19.0 °C
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	35.0 °C	Wet-bulb temperature	24.0 °C
HEATING INDOOR	Dry-bulb temperature	20.0 °C		
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	7.0 °C	Wet-bulb temperature	6.0 °C
ATW HEATING	Outlet water temperature	35.0 °C	Water flow rate	21.7 L/min
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	7.0 °C	Wet-bulb temperature	6.0 °C



Outdoor model		<b>PXZ-5F85VG</b>			
Outdoor unit power supply		Single phase 230 V, 50 Hz			
System	ATA Indoor units number	1 to 5			
	Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank units number	1			
	Total Indoor units number	1 to 5			
	Piping total length	m	Max. 70		
	Connecting pipe length	m	Max. 30		
	Height difference (Indoor ~ Outdoor)	m	Refer to 8 REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM.		
	Height difference (Indoor ~ Indoor)	m	Refer to 8 REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM.		
Function		Cooling *2, *3	Heating *2	ATW Heating *2, *3	
Capacity Rated (Min.-Max.)	kW	8.3 (3.7 - 9.2)	9.3 (3.4 - 11.6)	8.5 (4.7-10.0)	
Breaker capacity	A	25			
Electrical data	Power input (Total)	W	1,970 *1, *2	2,000 *1, *2	1,958 *3
	Running current (Total)	A	9.1 - 8.7 - 8.3 *1, *2	9.2 - 8.8 - 8.4 *1, *2	9.0 - 8.6 - 8.2 *3
	Power factor (Total) *1, *2, *3	%	99		
	Starting current (Total) *1, *2, *3	A	8.8		
Coefficient of performance (C.O.P) (Total)			4.21 *1, *2	4.65 *1, *2	4.34 *3
Compressor	Model	SVB220FUGMC-L1			
	Output	W	2,200		
	Current	A	7.4 *1, *2	7.5 *1, *2	8.15 *3
	Refrigeration oil (Model)	L	0.6 (FW68CA)		
Fan motor	Model	SIC-88FWJ-D888-4			
	Current *1, *2, *3	A	0.3		
Dimensions W x H x D		mm	950 x 796 x 330		
Weight		kg	62		
Special remarks	Air flow (Rated)	m <sup>3</sup> /h	3,420	3,720	3,720
	Sound level (Rated)	dB(A)	49	51	54
	Fan speed (Rated)	rpm	680	740	740
	Pre-charged refrigerant quantity (R32)	kg	2.4		
	Max refrigerant quantity (R32)	kg	2.4		

\*1 Measured under rated operating frequency.

\*2 When connected with indoor units below.

**MSZ-LN18VG2 + MSZ-LN18VG2 + MSZ-LN25VG2 + MSZ-LN25VG2**

\*3 When connected with one of the Cylinder unit / Hydrobox below

**E\*ST17D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*ST20D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*ST30D-\*M2/6/9\*\*, E\*SD-\*M2/6/9\*\***

**NOTE:** Test conditions are based on ISO 5151. (Refrigerant piping length (one way): 5 m)

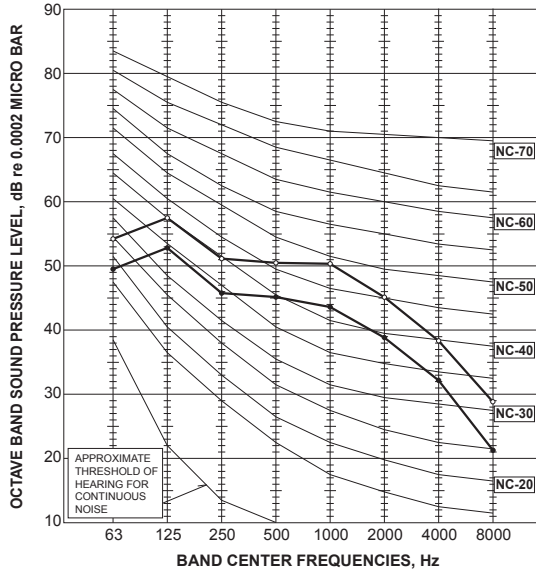
COOLING INDOOR	Dry-bulb temperature	27.0°C	Wet-bulb temperature	19.0°C
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	35.0°C	Wet-bulb temperature	24.0°C
HEATING INDOOR	Dry-bulb temperature	20.0°C		
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	7.0°C	Wet-bulb temperature	6.0°C
ATW HEATING	Outlet water temperature	35.0 °C	Water flow rate	24.6 L/min
	OUTDOOR Dry-bulb temperature	7.0 °C	Wet-bulb temperature	6.0 °C

# 5

# NOISE CRITERIA CURVES

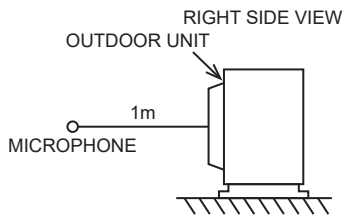
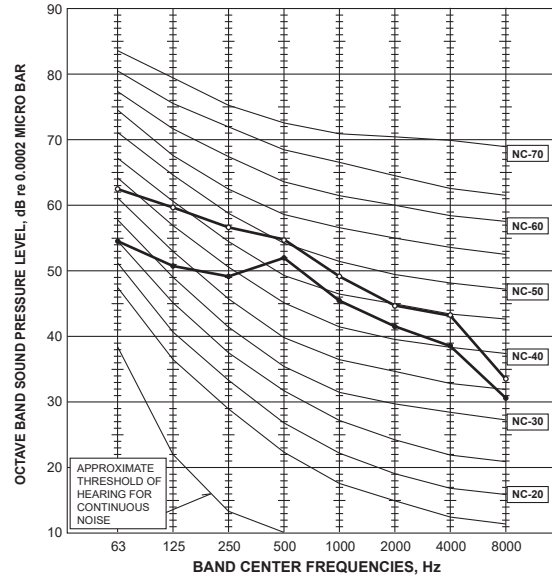
## PXZ-4F75VG

FAN SPEED	FUNCTION	SPL <sub>L</sub> (dB(A))	LINE
High	Cooling	48	●—●
High	Heating	54	○—○



## PXZ-5F85VG

FAN SPEED	FUNCTION	SPL <sub>L</sub> (dB(A))	LINE
High	Cooling	52	●—●
High	Heating	56	○—○

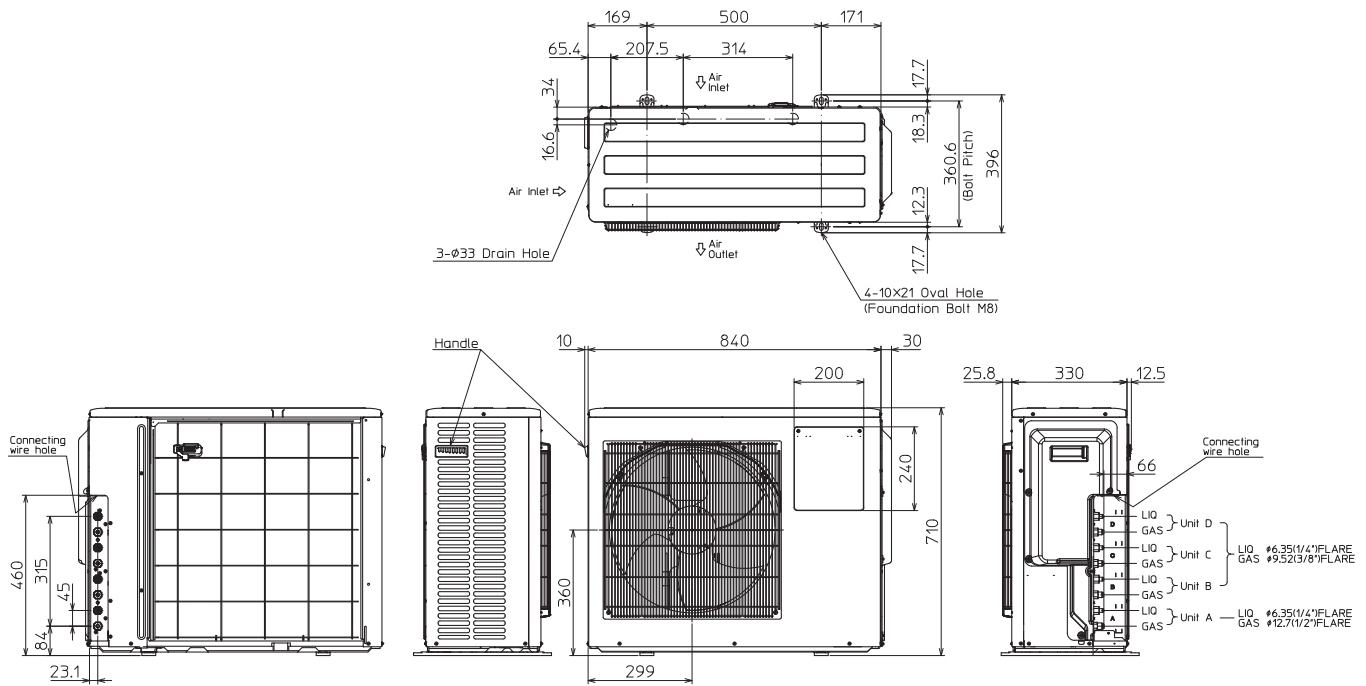


### Test conditions

Cooling: Dry-bulb temperature 35.0°C Wet-bulb temperature 24.0°C  
 Heating: Dry-bulb temperature 7.0°C Wet-bulb temperature 6.0°C

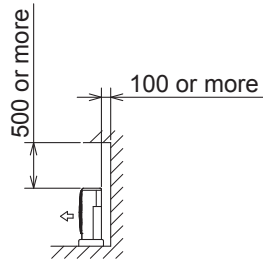
PXZ-4F75VG

Unit: mm

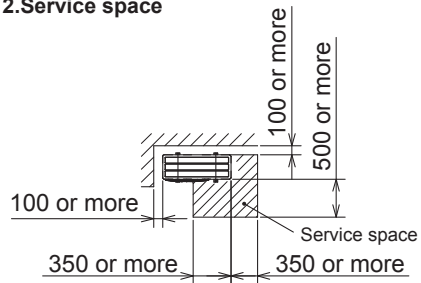


1. Installation space

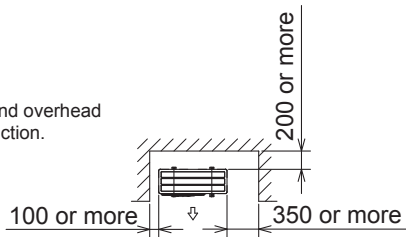
Note : Leave front and both sides free of obstruction.



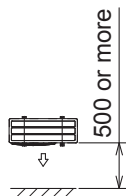
2. Service space



Note : Leave front and overhead free of obstruction.

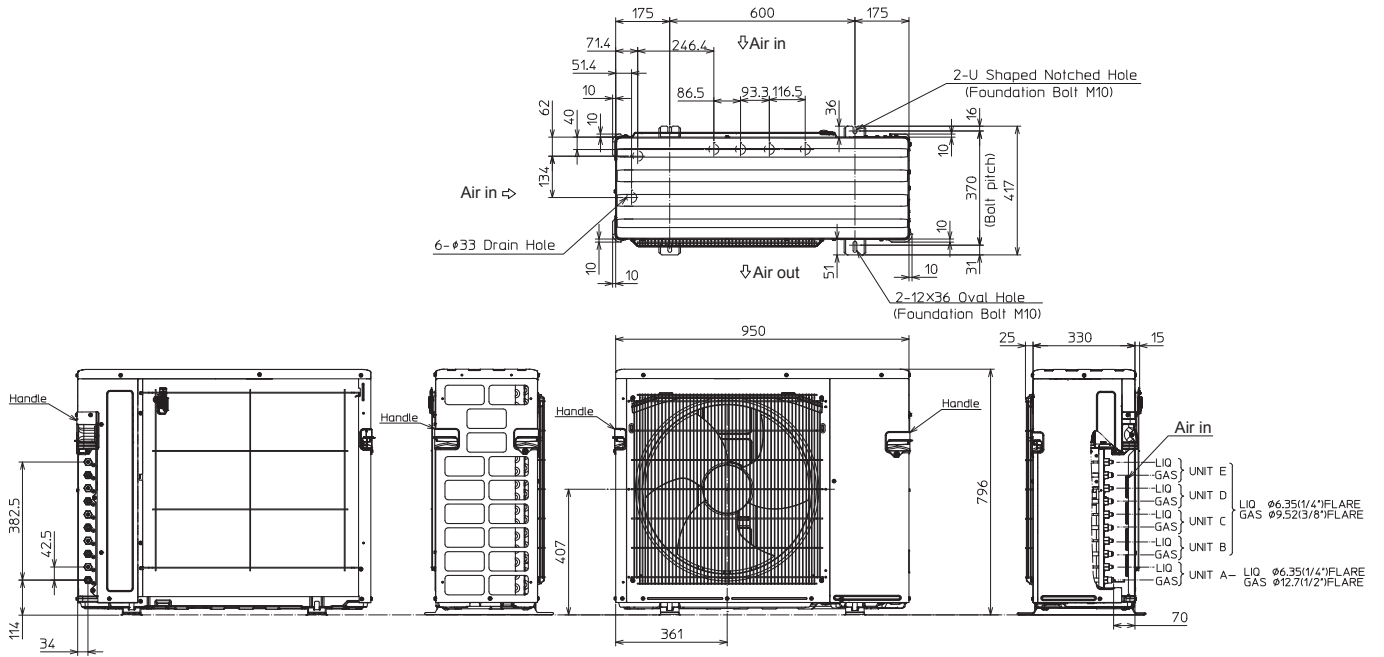


Note : Leave rear, overhead and both sides free of obstruction.

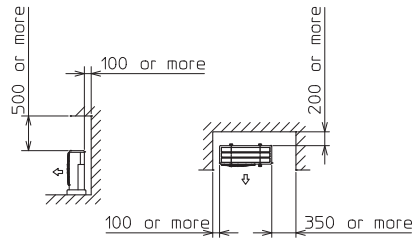


PXZ-5F85VG

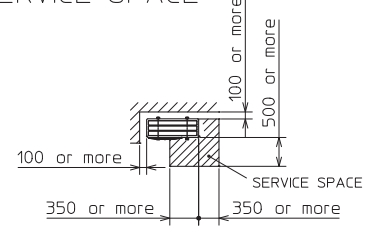
Unit: mm



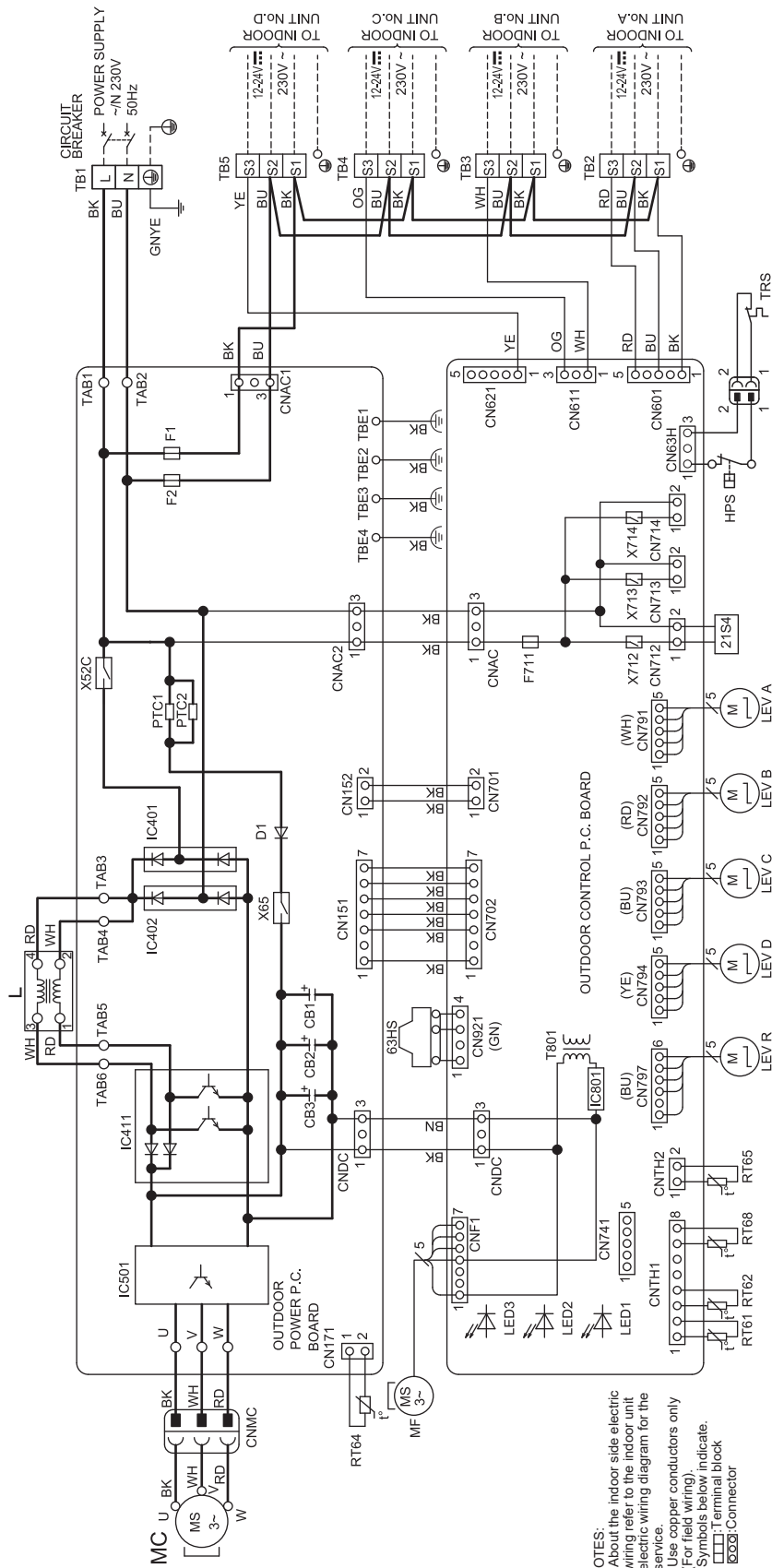
1.FREE SPACE



2.SERVICE SPACE



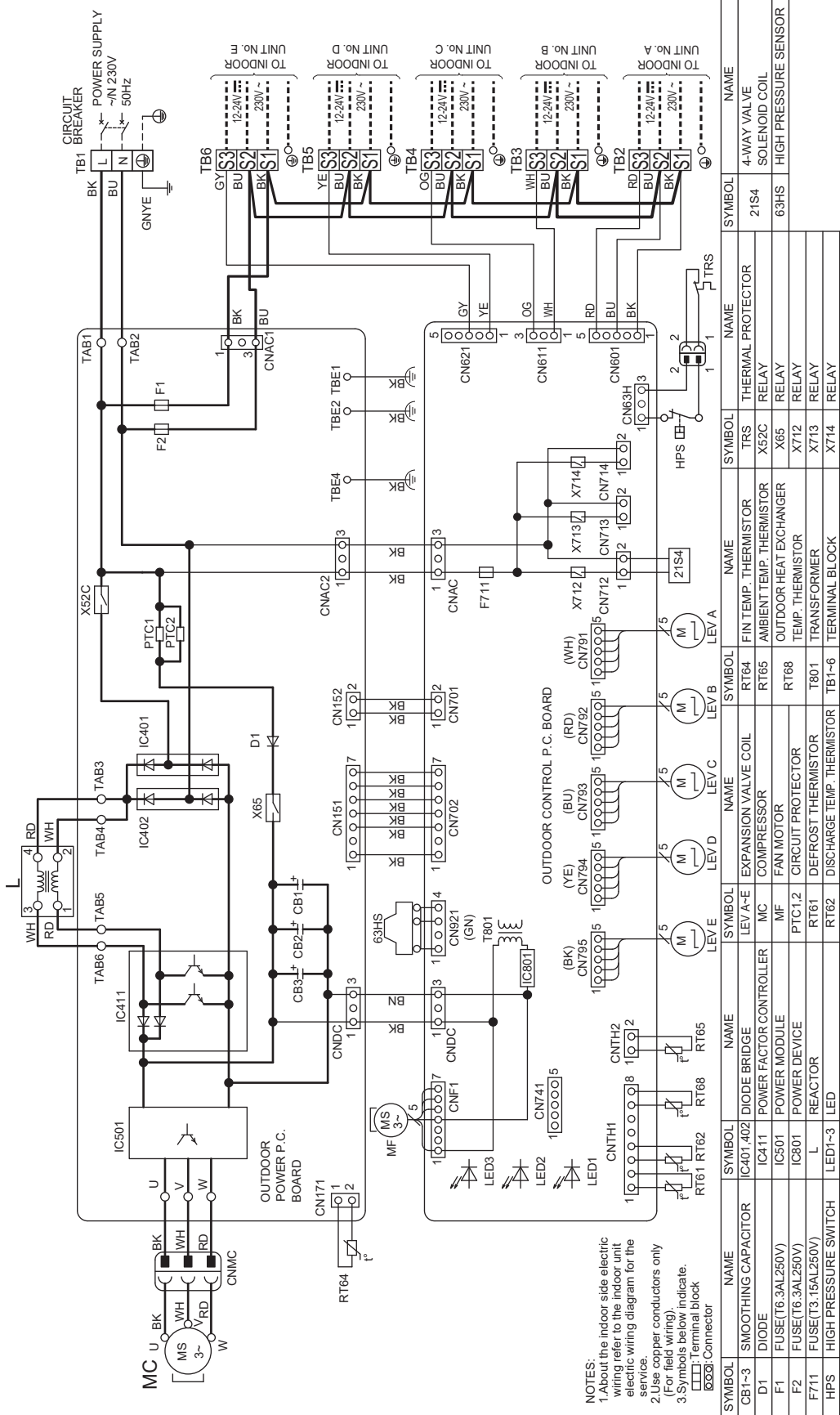
PXZ-4F75VG



NOTES:  
 1. About the indoor side electric wiring refer to the indoor unit electric wiring diagram for the service.  
 2. Use copper conductors only (for field wiring).  
 3. Symbols below indicate:  
 □ Terminal block  
 □ Connector

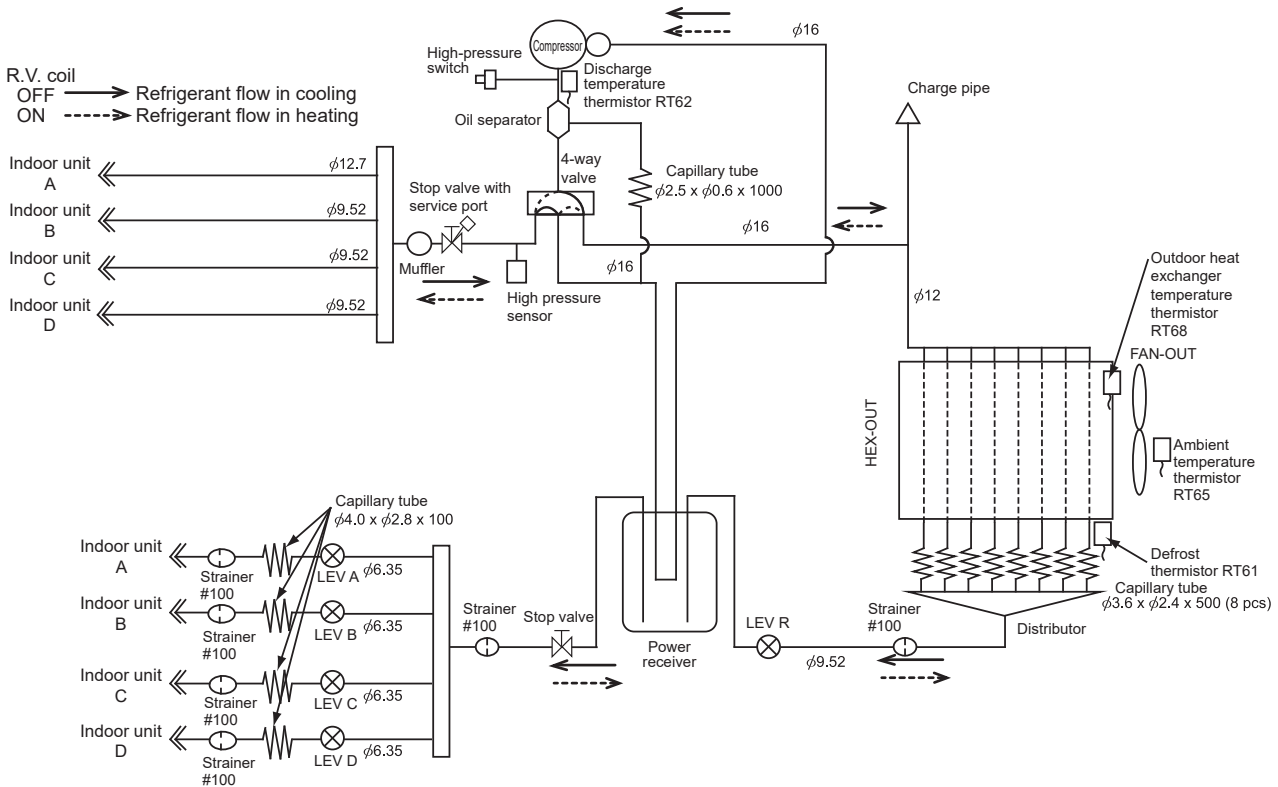
SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME
CB1-3	SMOOTHING CAPACITOR	IC401,402	DIODE BRIDGE	LEV A-DIR	EXPANSION VALVE COIL	RT64	FIN TEMP. THERMISTOR	TRS	THERMAL PROTECTOR
D1	DIODE	IC411	POWER FACTOR CONTROLLER	MC	COMPRESSOR	RT65	AMBIENT TEMP. THERMISTOR	X52C	RELAY
F1	FUSE(T6.3AL250V)	IC501	POWER MODULE	MF	FAN MOTOR	RT68	OUTDOOR HEAT EXCHANGER	X65	RELAY
F2	FUSE(T6.3AL250V)	IC801	POWER DEVICE	PTC1,2	CIRCUIT PROTECTOR	RT61	TEMP. THERMISTOR	X712	RELAY
F711	FUSE(T3.15AL250V)	L	REACTOR	RT62	DISCHARGE THERMISTOR	T801	TRANSFORMER	X713	RELAY
HPS	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH	LED1-3	LED	RT65	DEFROST THERMISTOR	TB1-5	TERMINAL BLOCK	X714	RELAY
				RT66	LEAKAGE CURRENT THERMISTOR			X715	RELAY
				RT67	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X716	RELAY
				RT68	CIRCUIT PROTECTOR			X717	RELAY
				RT69	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X718	RELAY
				RT70	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X719	RELAY
				RT71	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X720	RELAY
				RT72	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X721	RELAY
				RT73	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X722	RELAY
				RT74	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X723	RELAY
				RT75	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X724	RELAY
				RT76	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X725	RELAY
				RT77	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X726	RELAY
				RT78	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X727	RELAY
				RT79	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X728	RELAY
				RT80	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X729	RELAY
				RT81	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X730	RELAY
				RT82	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X731	RELAY
				RT83	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X732	RELAY
				RT84	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X733	RELAY
				RT85	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X734	RELAY
				RT86	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X735	RELAY
				RT87	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X736	RELAY
				RT88	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X737	RELAY
				RT89	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X738	RELAY
				RT90	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X739	RELAY
				RT91	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X740	RELAY
				RT92	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X741	RELAY
				RT93	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X742	RELAY
				RT94	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X743	RELAY
				RT95	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X744	RELAY
				RT96	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X745	RELAY
				RT97	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X746	RELAY
				RT98	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X747	RELAY
				RT99	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X748	RELAY
				RT100	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X749	RELAY
				RT101	TEMP. THERMISTOR			X750	RELAY

# PXZ-5F85VG



PXZ-4F75VG

Unit: mm



**MAX REFRIGERANT PIPING LENGTH**

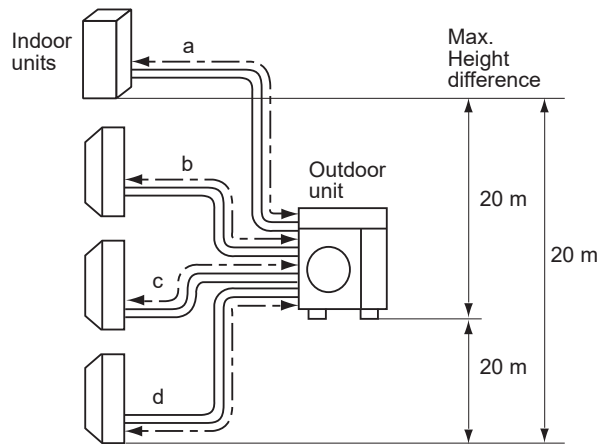
Piping length each indoor unit (a, b, c, d)	30 m
Total piping length (a+b+c+d)	60 m
Bending point for each unit	25
Total bending point	60

\*It is irrelevant which unit is higher.

**ADDITIONAL REFRIGERANT CHARGE**

\*Refer to "Method of charging refrigerant".

Outdoor unit precharged (g)	Refrigerant piping length (one way, 4 unit total)
2,400	0



a: Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank or ATA indoor unit  
 b/c/d: ATA indoor unit

- Refrigerant pipe diameter is different according to indoor unit to be connected. When using extension pipes, refer to the right table.
- When diameter of refrigerant pipe is different from that of outdoor unit union, use optional Different-diameter pipe. For further information on Different-diameter pipe, refer to "PARTS CATALOG".

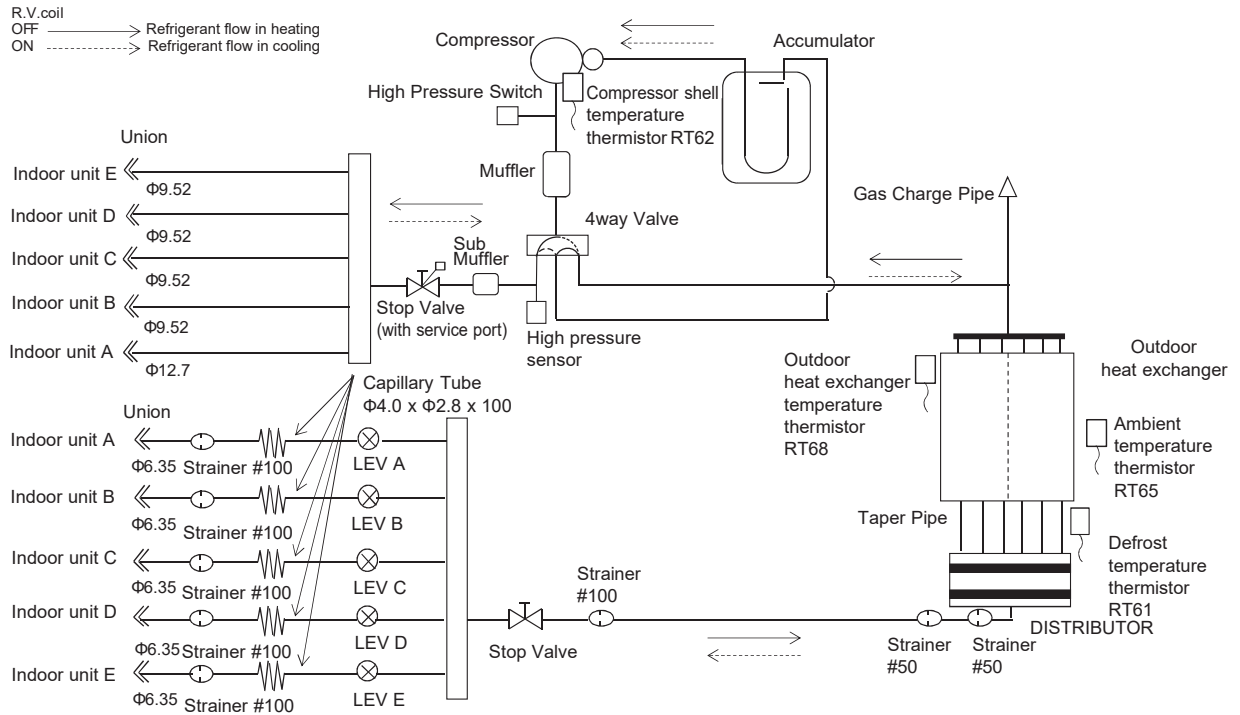
Unit: mm (inch)

Outdoor unit union diameter		
For		
Indoor unit A	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	12.7(1/2)
Indoor unit B	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)
Indoor unit C	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)
Indoor unit D	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)



**PXZ-5F85VG**

Unit: mm



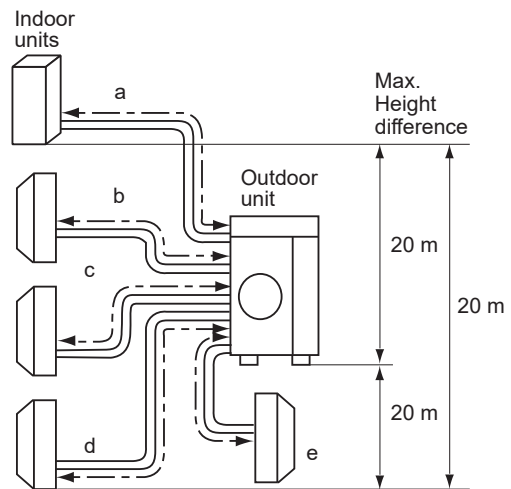
**MAX REFRIGERANT PIPING LENGTH**

Piping length each indoor unit (a, b, c, d, e)	30 m
Total piping length (a+b+c+d+e)	70 m
Bending point for each unit	25
Total bending point	70

\*It is irrelevant which unit is higher.

**ADDITIONAL REFRIGERANT CHARGE**

Outdoor unit precharged (g)	Refrigerant piping length (one way, 5 unit total)
2,400	0



a: Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank or ATA indoor unit  
b/c/d: ATA indoor unit

- Refrigerant pipe diameter is different according to indoor unit to be connected. When using extension pipes, refer to the tables below.
- When diameter of refrigerant pipe is different from that of outdoor unit union, use optional Different-diameter pipe. For further information on Different-diameter pipe, refer to "PARTS CATALOG".

Unit: mm (inch)

Outdoor unit union diameter		
For		
Indoor unit A	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	12.7(1/2)
Indoor unit B	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)
Indoor unit C	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)
Indoor unit D	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)
Indoor unit E	Liquid	6.35(1/4)
	Gas	9.52(3/8)

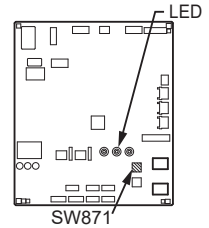
## PUMPING DOWN

When relocating or disposing of the air conditioner, pump down the system following the procedure below so that no refrigerant is released into the atmosphere.

When a Cylinder unit or Hydrobox is connected with the outdoor unit, select the asterisks (\*\*) to deactivate the freeze stat function using a remote controller.

For the setting method of the freeze stat function, refer to the service manual of the Cylinder unit or the Hydrobox.

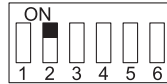
- 1) Turn off the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both.
- 2) Connect the gauge manifold valve to the service port of the stop valve on the gas pipe side of the outdoor unit.
- 3) Fully close the stop valve on the liquid pipe side of the outdoor unit.
- 4) Turn on 2 for SW2.
- 5) Turn on the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both.
- 6) After confirming that all the indoor units have stopped for more than 3 minutes, press and hold the SW871 on the control board for 3 seconds.
  - After pressing the SW871, the compressor starts operating, and the outdoor fan starts running.
  - The connected indoor unit starts cooling. Also, the Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank indoor unit starts cold-water operation.
  - The LED on the control board shows pumping down function.
- 7) When the pressure gauge shows 0.05 to 0 MPa [Gauge] (approx. 0.5 to 0 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>), fully close the stop valve on the gas pipe side of the outdoor unit.
- 8) Press and hold the SW871 on the control board again for 3 seconds.
  - After pressing the SW871, the compressor and the outdoor fan stop.



LED indication during pumping down:

LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	LED3 (Green)
Not Lit	Not Lit	3 times

SW2



\* The air conditioner automatically stops when the maximum operation time elapses or abnormality occurs. If the air conditioner stops in the middle of the work, perform the above procedure from 1) again.

\* If too much refrigerant has been added to the air conditioner system, the pressure may not drop to 0.05 MPa [Gauge] (approx. 0.5 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>), or the protection.

If this occurs, use a refrigerant collecting device to collect all of the refrigerant in the system, and then recharge the system with the correct amount of refrigerant after the indoor and outdoor units have been relocated.

- 9) Turn off the breaker for outdoor unit and Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank both. Remove the pressure gauge and the refrigerant piping.

- 10) Turn off 2 for SW2. Restore other settings that have been changed.

This function does not operate when the outside temperature is 0°C or below.

### ⚠ WARNING

When the refrigeration circuit has a leak, do not execute pump down with the compressor.

When pumping down the refrigerant, stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipes.

If the refrigerant pipe are disconnected while the compressor is running and the stop valve is open, air could be drawn in and the pressure in the refrigeration cycle could become abnormally high.

The compressor may burst and cause injury if any foreign substance, such as air, enters the pipes.

**PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG**

The standard specifications apply only to the operation of the air conditioner under normal conditions. Since operating conditions vary according to the areas where these units are installed, the following information has been provided to clarify the operating characteristics of the air conditioner under the conditions indicated by the performance curve. Refer to each data book about running performance of "Cylinder unit, Hydrobox or DHW tank".

**(1) GUARANTEED VOLTAGE**

198 - 264 V 50 Hz

**(2) AIR FLOW**

Air flow should be set at MAX.

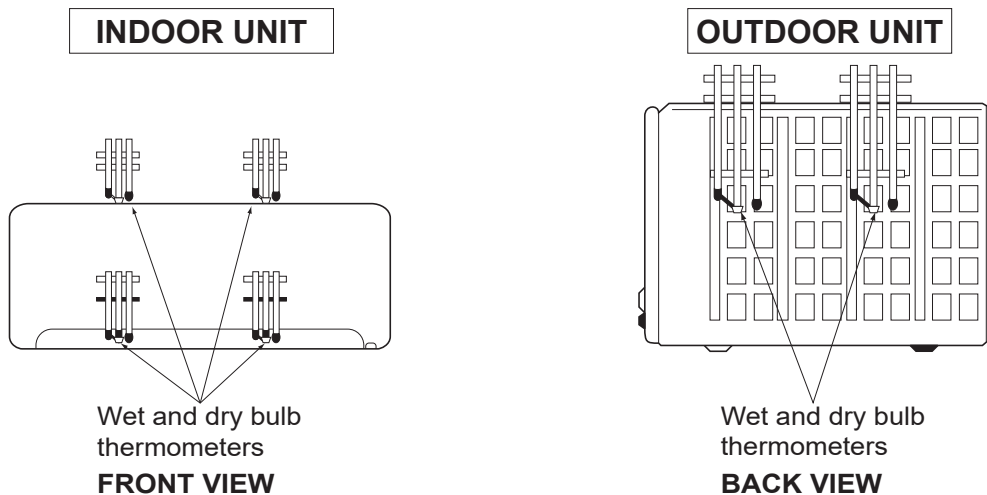
**(3) MAIN READINGS**

(1) Indoor intake air wet-bulb temperature:	°CWB	} Cooling
(2) Indoor outlet air wet-bulb temperature:	°CWB	
(3) Outdoor intake air dry-bulb temperature:	°CDB	
(4) Total input:	W	} Heating
(5) Indoor intake air dry-bulb temperature:	°CDB	
(6) Outdoor intake air wet-bulb temperature:	°CWB	
(7) Total input:	W	

Indoor air wet and dry bulb temperature difference on the left side of the following chart shows the difference between the indoor intake air wet and dry bulb temperature and the indoor outlet air wet and dry bulb temperature for your reference at service.

**How to measure the indoor air wet and dry bulb temperature difference**

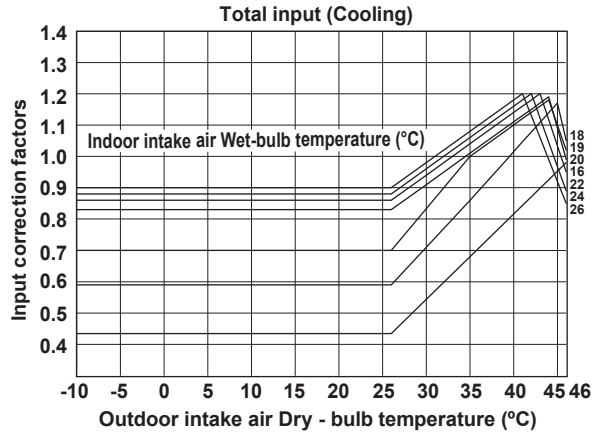
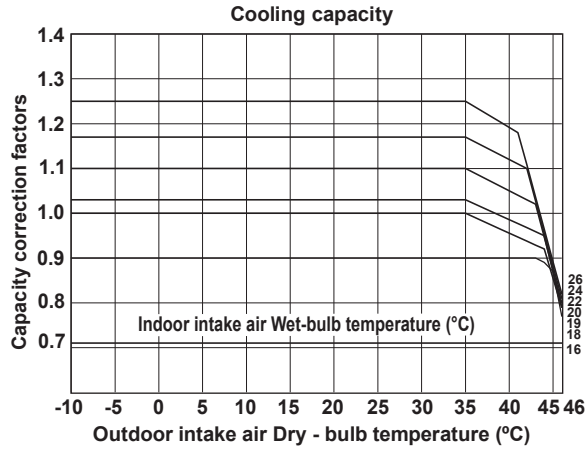
1. Attach at least 2 sets of wet and dry bulb thermometers to the indoor air intake as shown in the figure, and at least 2 sets of wet and dry bulb thermometers to the indoor air outlet. The thermometers must be attached to the position where air speed is high.
2. Attach at least 2 sets of wet and dry bulb thermometers to the outdoor air intake. Cover the thermometers to prevent direct rays of the sun.
3. Check that the air filter is cleaned.
4. Open windows and doors of room.
5. Press the emergency operation switch once (twice) to start the EMERGENCY COOL (HEAT) MODE.
6. When system stabilizes after more than 15 minutes, measure temperature and take an average temperature.
7. 10 minutes later, measure temperature again and check that the temperature does not change.



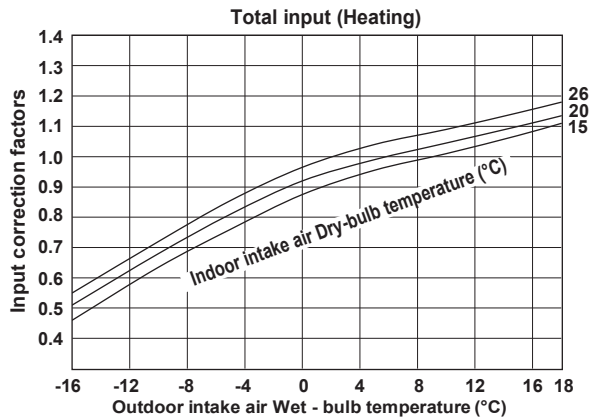
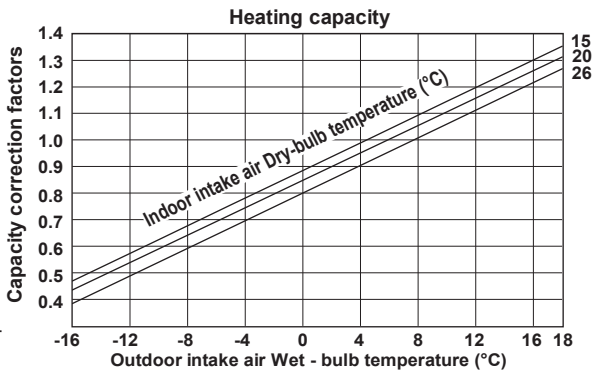
# 9-1. CAPACITY AND THE INPUT CURVES

## PXZ-4F75VG

5.8	4.1	7.4	5.2	5.9	8.7	11.1	12.8	8.7	9.3
5.4	3.8	6.8	4.8	5.5	8.0	10.2	11.6	8.0	8.6
4.9	3.5	6.2	4.4	5.0	7.3	9.3	10.5	7.3	7.9
4.5	3.2	5.7	4.0	4.6	6.6	8.3	9.5	6.6	7.1
4.0	2.9	5.1	3.6	4.1	5.9	7.5	8.5	5.9	6.4
3.6	2.6	4.5	3.2	3.7	5.3	6.6	7.5	5.3	5.7
3.2	2.3	4.0	2.8	3.2	4.6	5.8	6.6	4.6	5.0
2.8	2.0	3.5	2.4	2.8	4.0	5.0	5.6	4.0	4.3
15 class	18 class	20 class	22 class	25 class	35 class	42 class	50 class	60 class	71 class

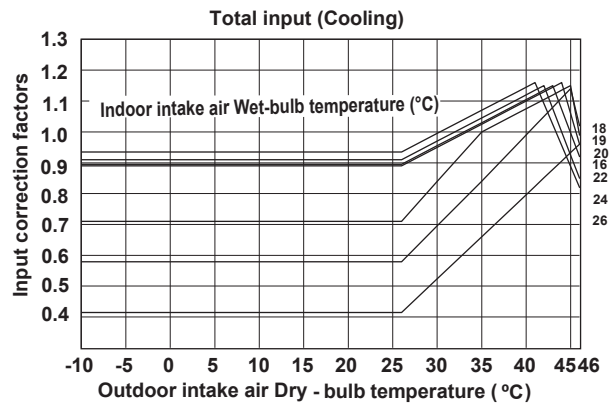
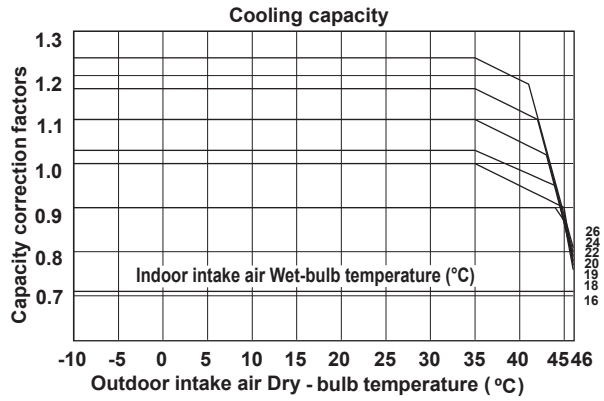


17.6	19.5	21.2	19.5	21.3	22.2	29.9	38.4	30.9	28.9
16.3	18.1	19.7	18.1	19.8	20.6	27.8	35.7	28.7	26.9
15.1	16.7	18.2	16.7	18.3	19.0	25.7	32.9	26.5	24.8
13.8	15.3	16.7	15.3	16.7	17.4	23.5	30.2	24.3	22.7
12.6	13.9	15.2	13.9	15.2	15.8	21.4	27.4	22.1	20.9
11.3	12.6	13.6	12.6	13.7	14.3	19.2	24.7	19.9	18.8
10.1	11.2	12.1	11.2	12.2	12.7	17.1	21.9	17.7	16.7
8.8	9.8	10.6	9.8	10.7	11.1	15.0	19.2	15.5	14.6
7.5	8.4	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.5	12.8	16.5	13.2	12.7
6.3	7.0	7.6	7.0	7.6	7.9	10.7	13.7	11.0	10.6
5.0	5.6	6.1	5.6	6.1	6.3	8.6	11.0	8.8	8.5
15 class	18 class	20 class	22 class	25 class	35 class	42 class	50 class	60 class	71 class

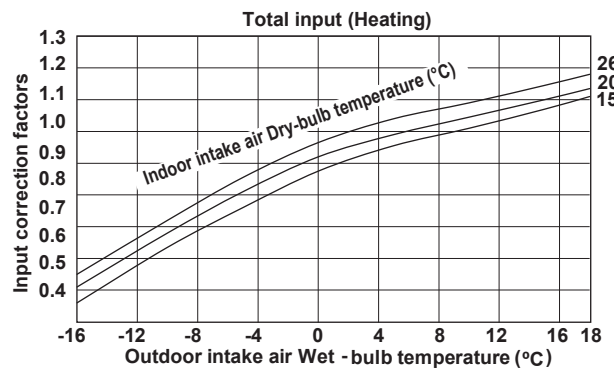
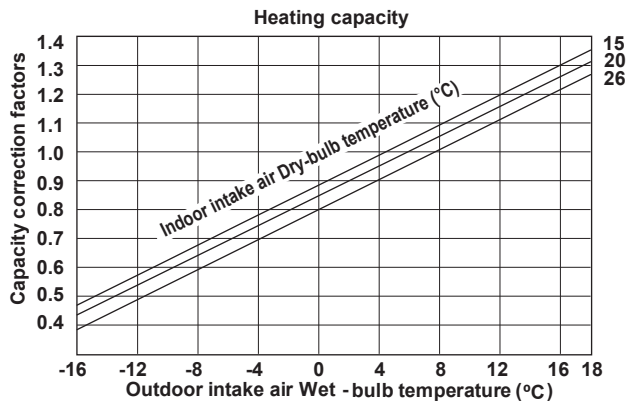


# PXZ-5F85VG

5.4	3.8	6.8	4.8	5.0	7.3	9.0	9.9	8.2	8.6
4.9	3.5	6.2	4.4	4.6	6.7	8.2	9.0	7.5	7.9
4.5	3.2	5.7	4.0	4.2	6.0	7.4	8.1	6.8	7.1
4.0	2.9	5.1	3.6	3.8	5.4	6.7	7.3	6.1	6.4
3.6	2.6	4.5	3.2	3.4	5.8	5.9	6.4	5.4	5.7
3.2	2.3	4.0	2.8	3.0	4.2	5.2	5.6	4.7	5.0
2.8	2.0	3.5	2.5	2.6	3.7	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.3
15 class	18 class	20 class	22 class	25 class	35 class	42 class	50 class	60 class	71 class



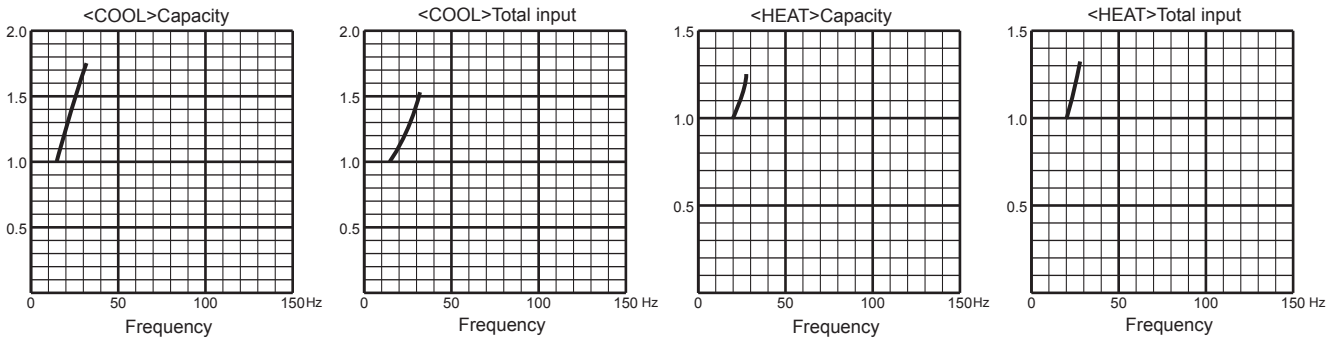
17.9	19.2	21.5	19.2	17.7	22.1	27.5	29.5	27.0	28.9
16.6	17.8	20.5	17.8	16.4	20.6	25.6	27.5	25.0	26.9
15.3	16.5	18.4	16.5	15.2	19.0	23.6	25.4	23.1	24.8
14.0	15.1	16.9	15.1	13.9	17.4	21.6	23.2	21.2	22.7
12.9	13.9	15.6	13.9	12.8	16.0	19.9	21.4	19.5	20.9
11.6	12.5	14.0	12.5	11.5	14.4	17.9	19.2	17.5	18.8
10.3	11.1	12.4	11.1	10.2	12.8	15.9	17.1	15.6	16.7
9.0	9.7	10.9	9.7	9.0	11.2	13.9	15.0	13.6	14.6
7.8	8.4	9.4	8.4	7.8	9.7	12.1	13.0	11.8	12.7
6.5	7.0	7.9	7.0	6.5	8.1	10.1	10.8	9.9	10.6
5.2	5.5	6.3	5.6	5.2	6.5	8.1	8.7	7.9	8.5
15 class	18 class	20 class	22 class	25 class	35 class	42 class	50 class	60 class	71 class



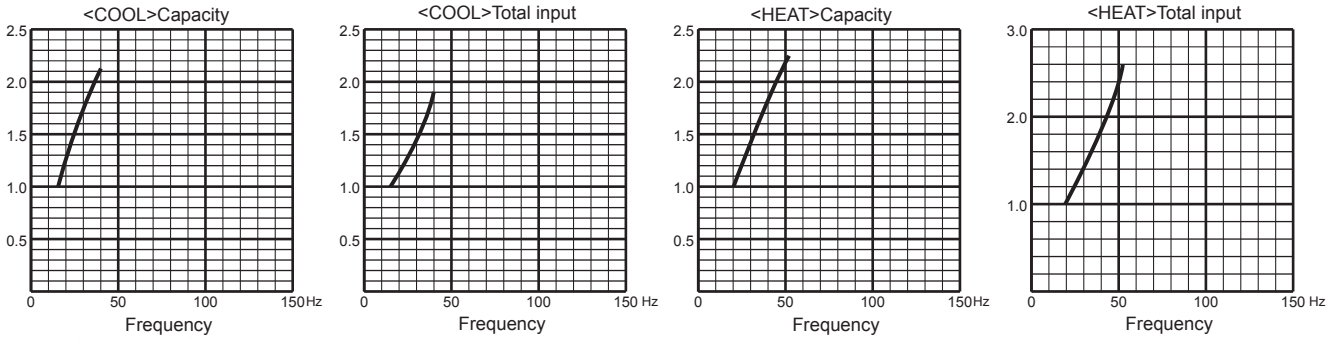
## 9-2. CAPACITY AND INPUT CORRECTION BY INVERTER OUTPUT FREQUENCY (single operation)

### PXZ-4F75VG

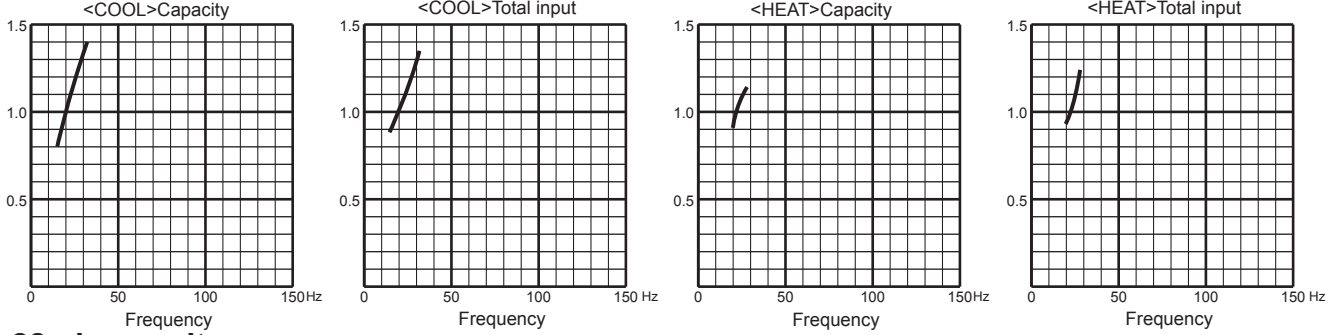
#### 15-class unit



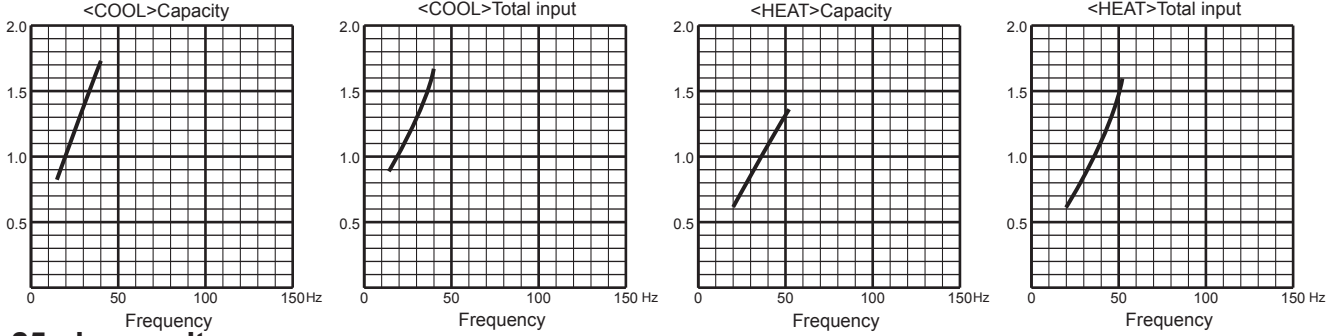
#### 18-class unit



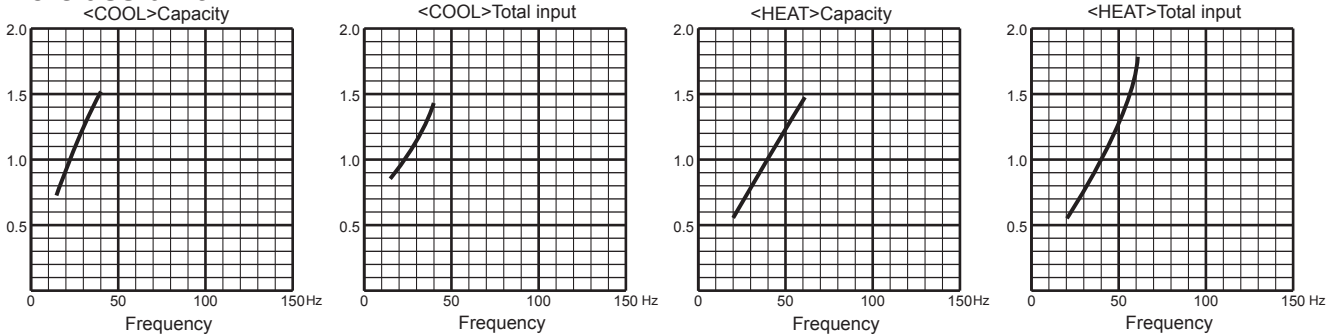
#### 20-class unit



#### 22-class unit

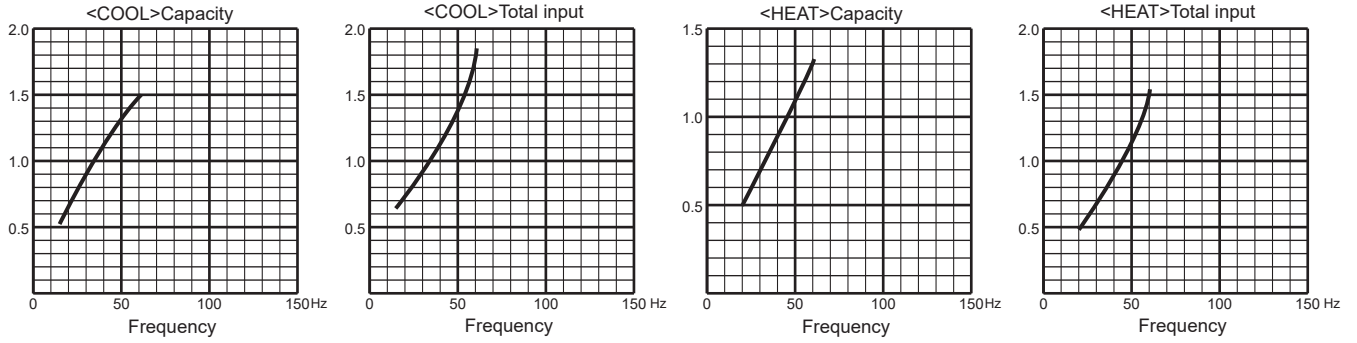


#### 25-class unit

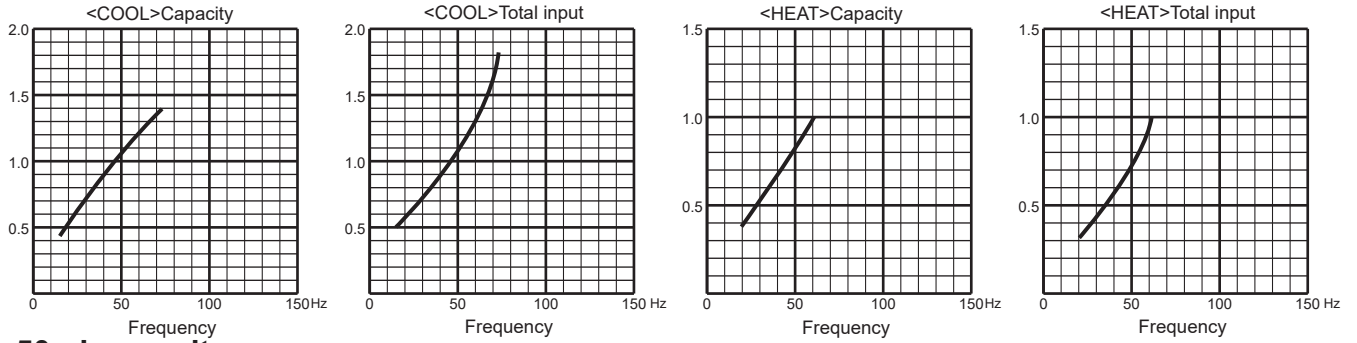


# PXZ-4F75VG

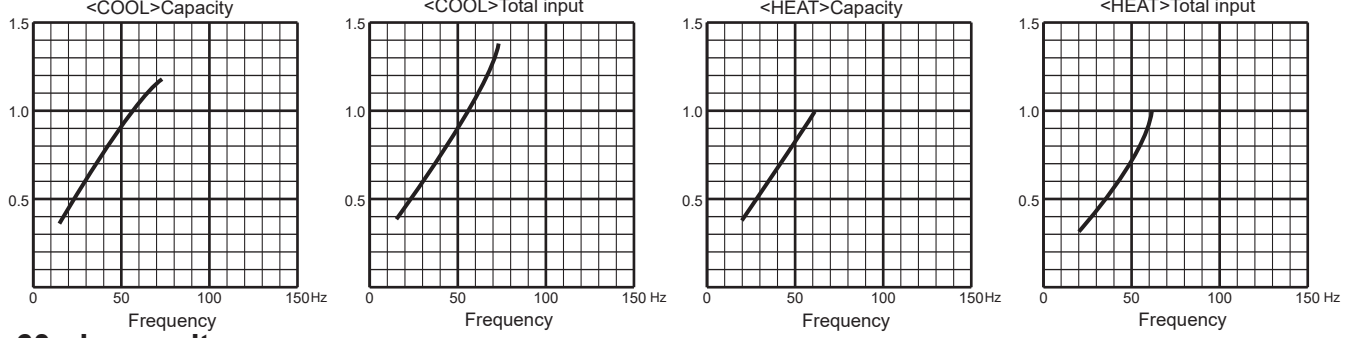
## 35-class unit



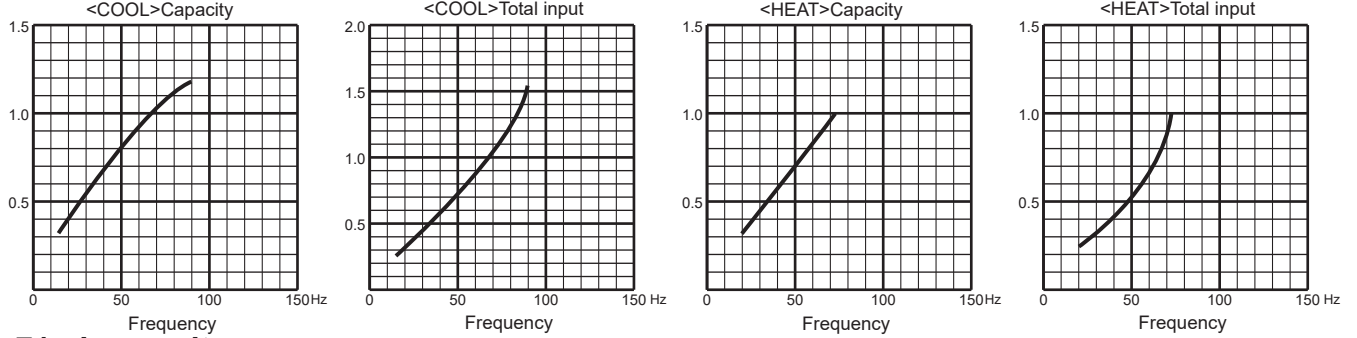
## 42-class unit



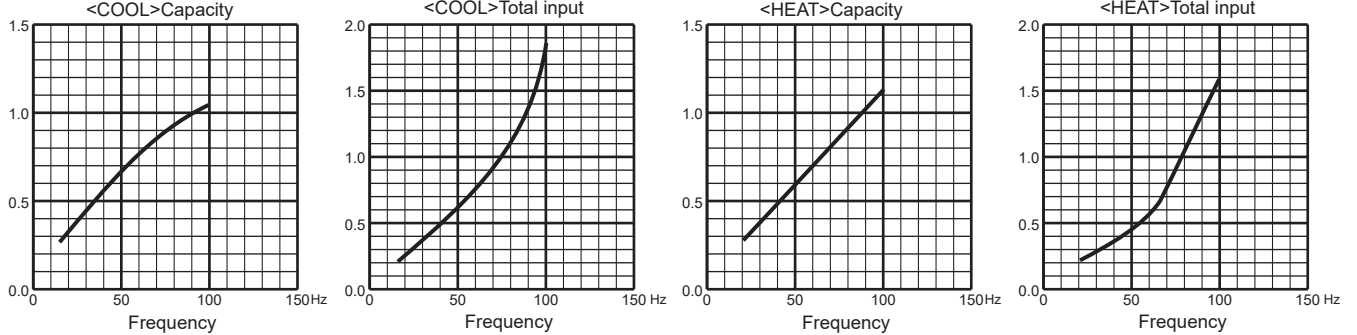
## 50-class unit



## 60-class unit

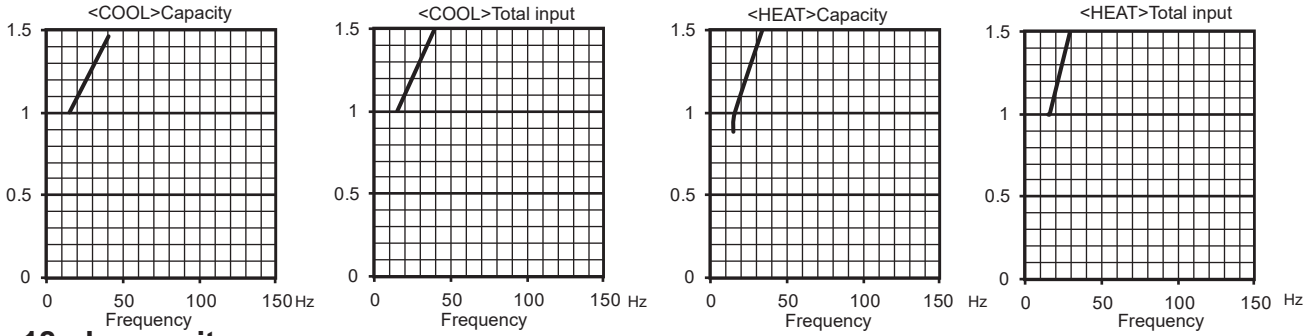


## 71-class unit

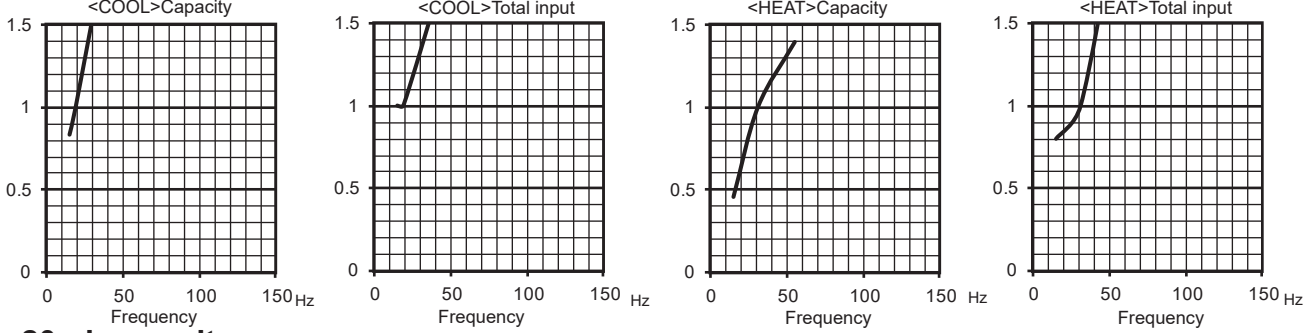


# PXZ-5F85VG

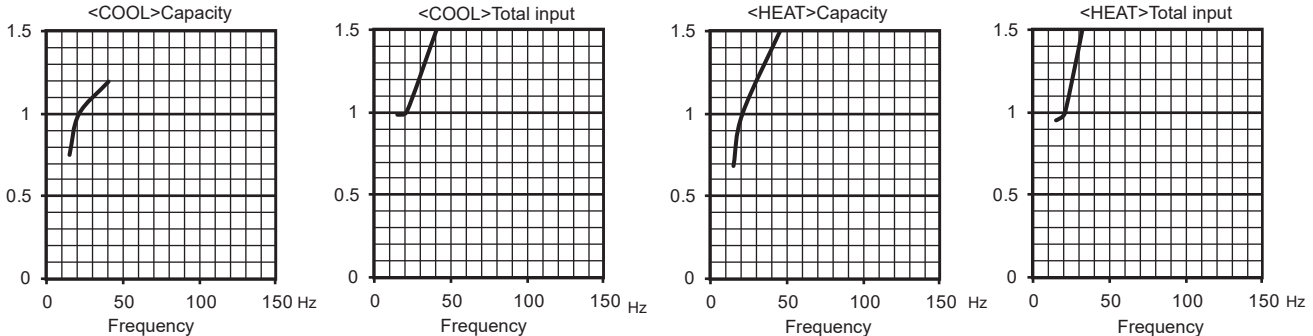
## 15-class unit



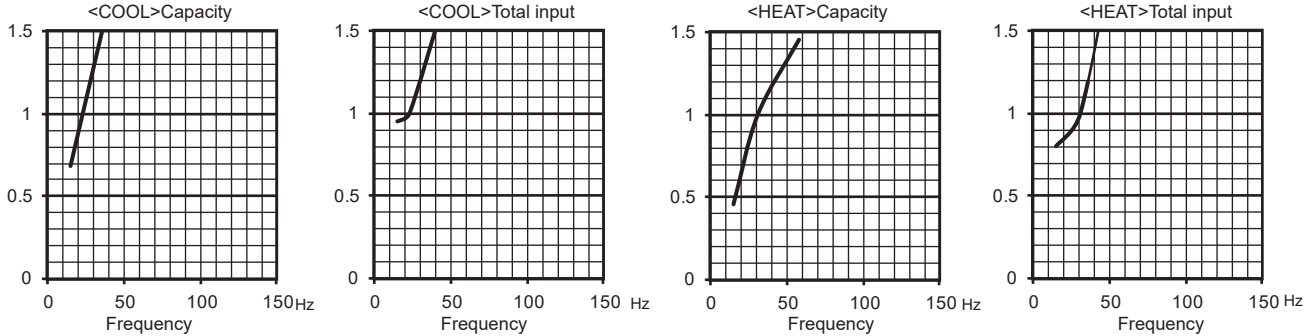
## 18-class unit



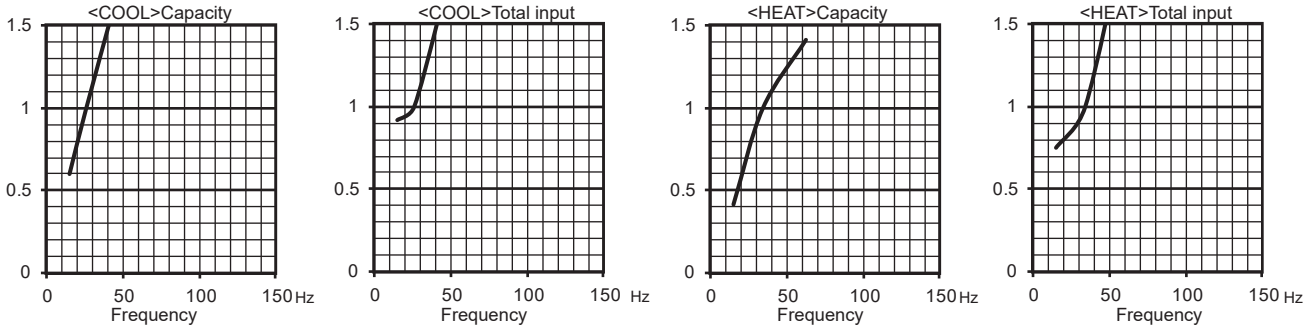
## 20-class unit



## 22-class unit



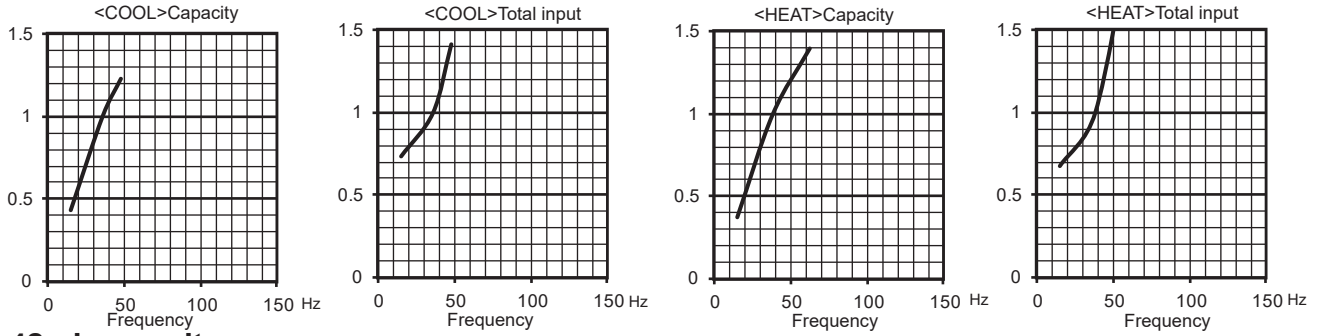
## 25-class unit



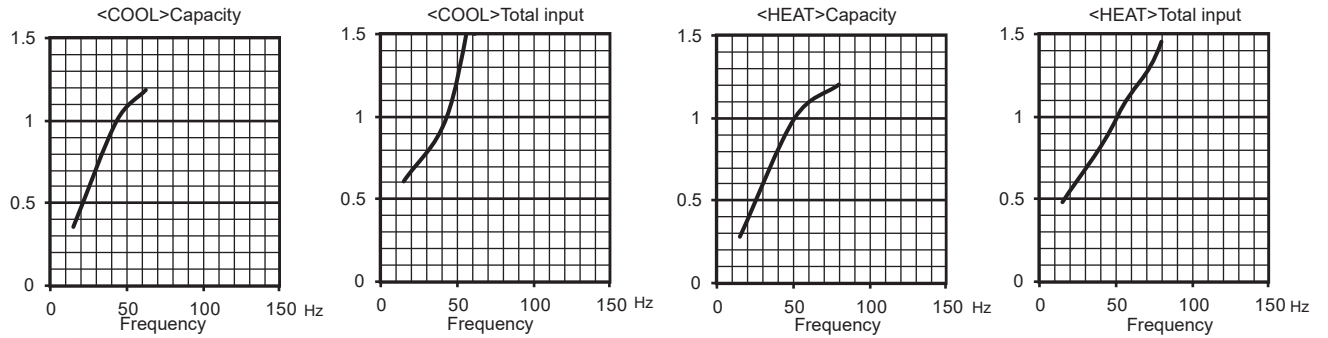


# PXZ-5F85VG

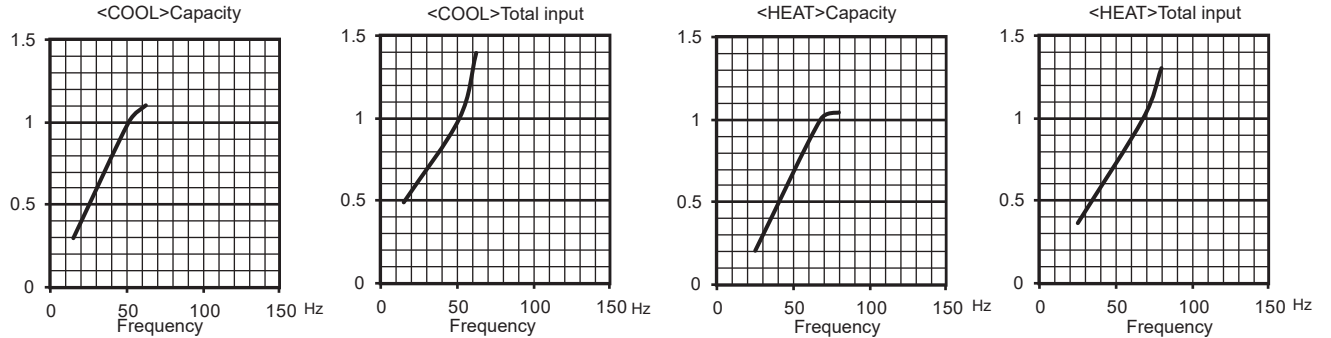
## 35-class unit



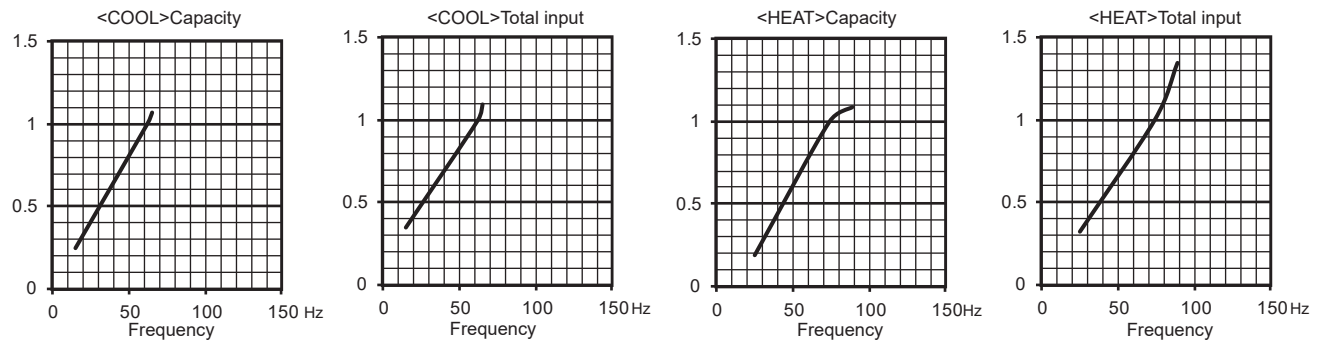
## 42-class unit



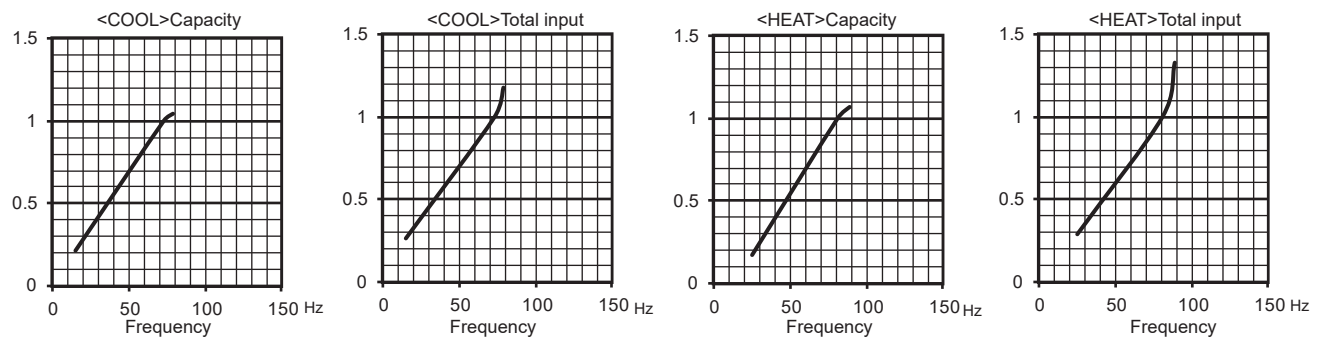
## 50-class unit



## 60-class unit



## 71-class unit



### 9-3. HOW TO OPERATE FIXED-FREQUENCY OPERATION <Test run operation>

1. Press the emergency operation switch to start COOL or HEAT mode (COOL : Press once, HEAT : Press twice).
2. Test run operation starts and continues to operate for 30 minutes.
3. Compressor operates at rated frequency.
4. Indoor fan operates at High speed.
5. After 30 minutes, test run operation finishes and EMERGENCY OPERATION starts (Operation frequency of compressor varies).
6. To cancel test run operation or EMERGENCY OPERATION, press the emergency operation switch or any button on remote controller.

### 9-4. OUTDOOR LOW PRESSURE AND OUTDOOR UNIT CURRENT CURVE (single operation)

**NOTE:** The unit of pressure has been changed to MPa on the international system of units (SI unit system).  
The conversion factor is : **1 (MPa [Gauge]) = 10.2 (kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> [Gauge])**

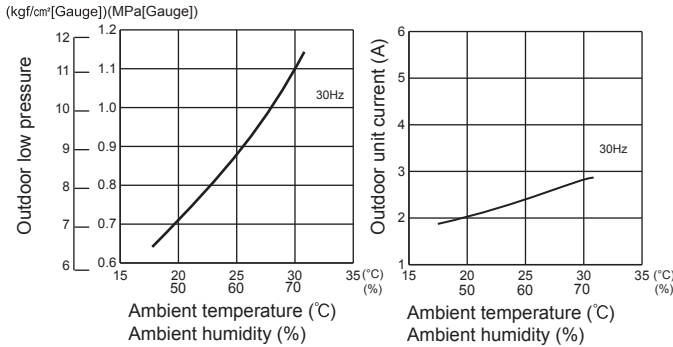
#### (1) COOL operation

- ① Both indoor and outdoor units are under the same temperature/humidity condition.
- ② Operation : TEST RUN OPERATION (Refer to 9-3.)

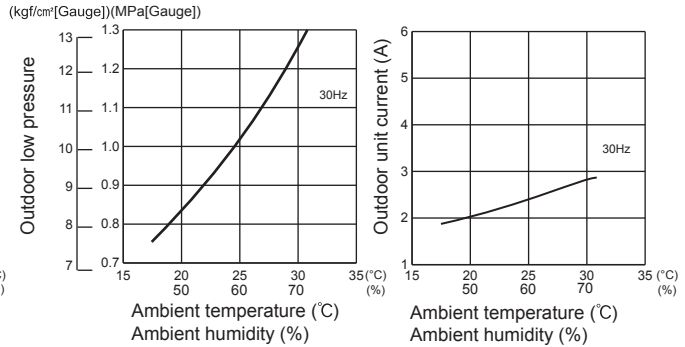
Dry-bulb temperature (°C)	Relative humidity (%)
20	50
25	60
30	70

### PXZ-4F75VG

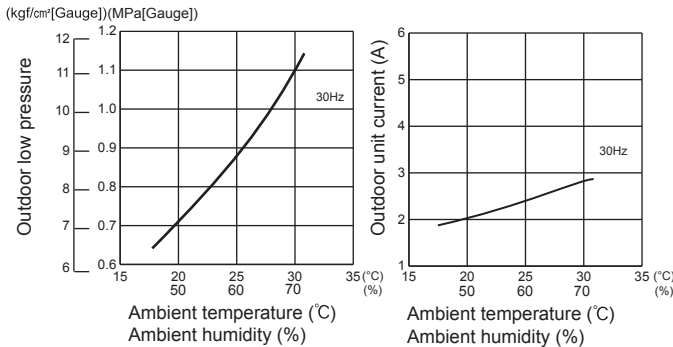
#### 15-class unit



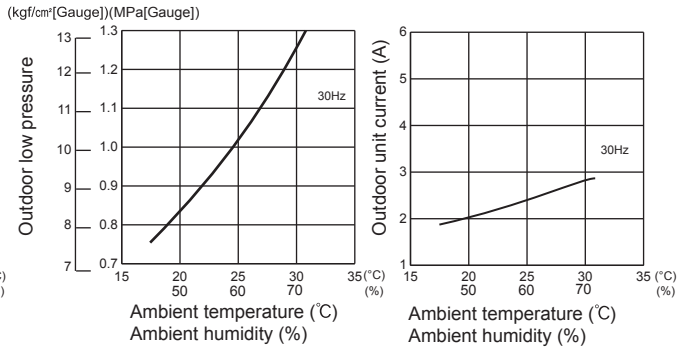
#### 18-class unit



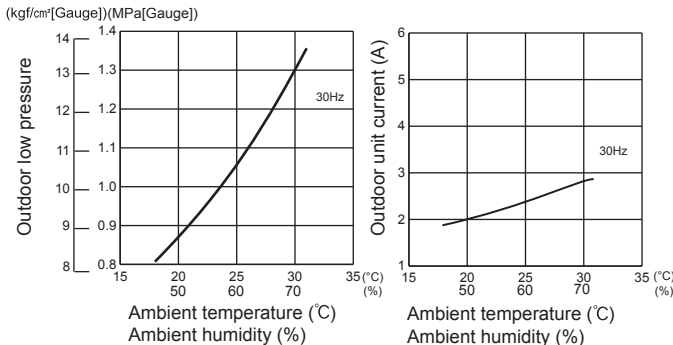
#### 20-class unit



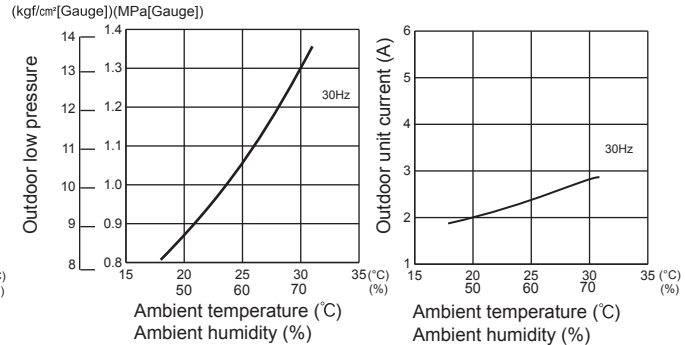
#### 22-class unit



#### 25-class unit

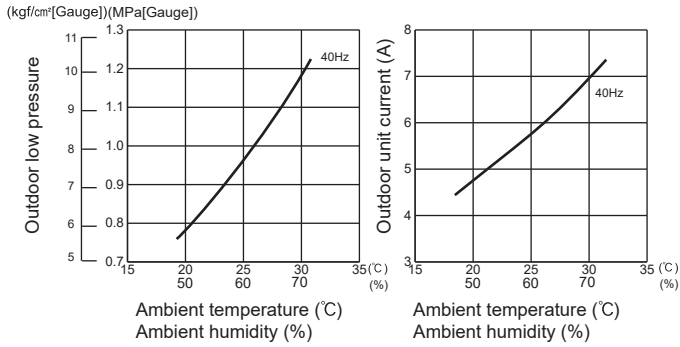


#### 35-class unit

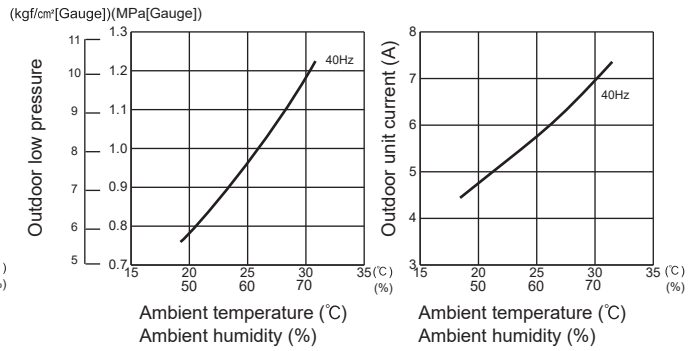




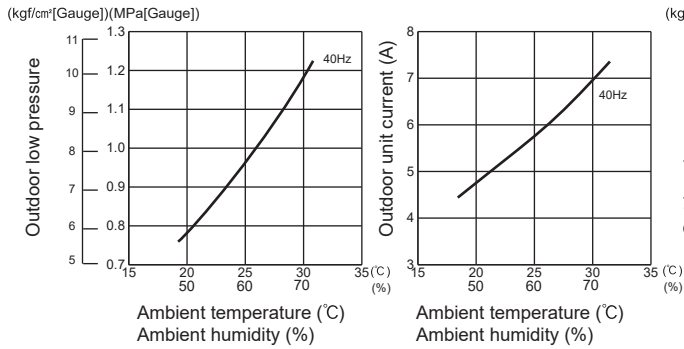
## 25-class unit



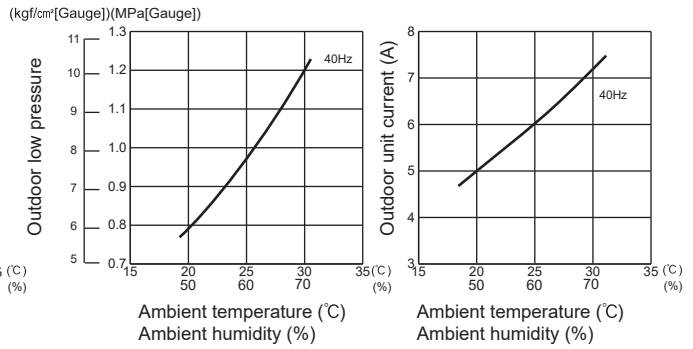
## 35-class unit



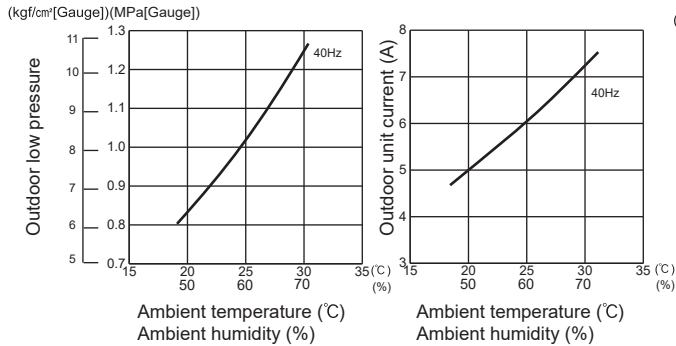
## 42-class unit



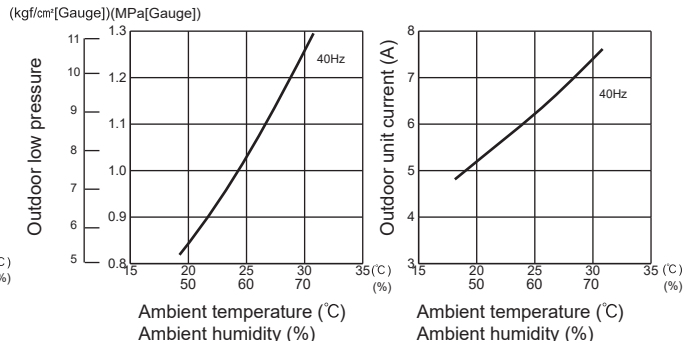
## 50-class unit



## 60-class unit



## 71-class unit



## (2) HEAT operation

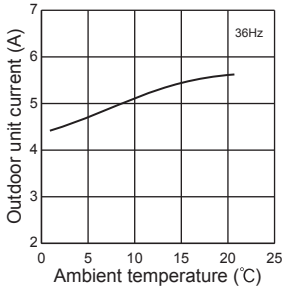
① Condition :

	Indoor	Outdoor			
Dry bulb temperature (°C)	20.0	2	7	15	20.0
Wet bulb temperature (°C)	14.5	1	6	12	14.5

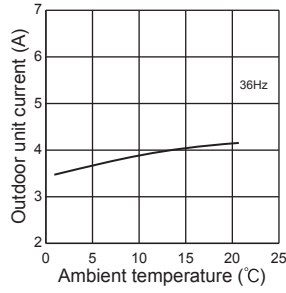
② Operation : TEST RUN OPERATION (Refer to 9-3.)

### PXZ-4F75VG

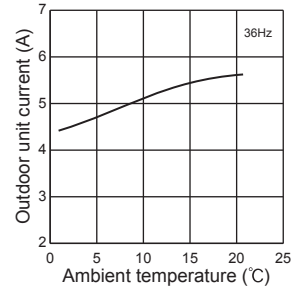
#### 15-class unit



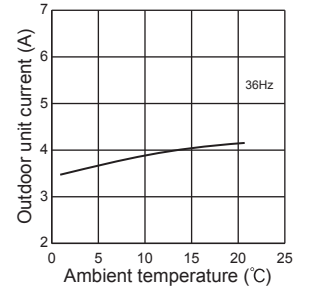
#### 18-class unit



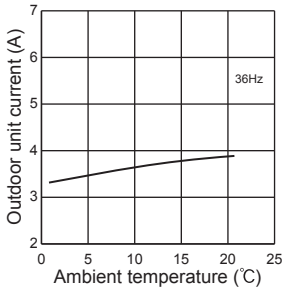
#### 20-class unit



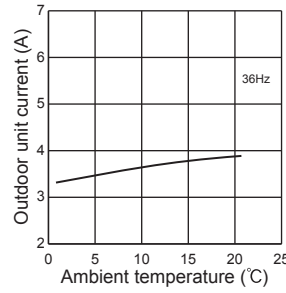
#### 22-class unit



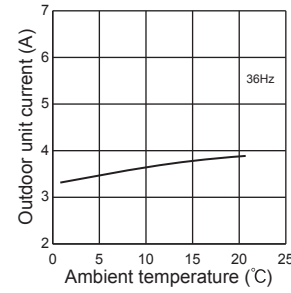
#### 25-class unit



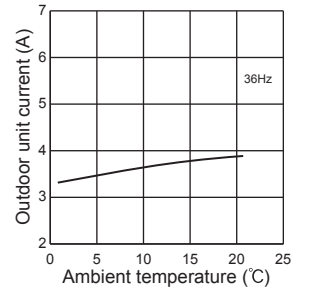
#### 35-class unit



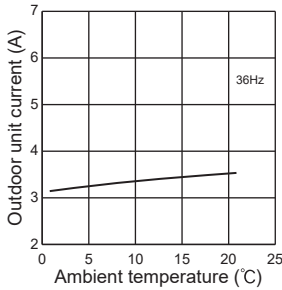
#### 42-class unit



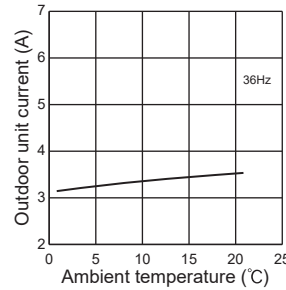
#### 50-class unit



#### 60-class unit

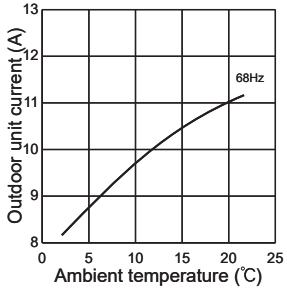


#### 71-class unit

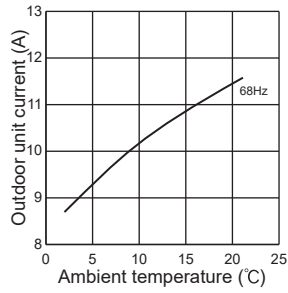


# PXZ-5F85VG

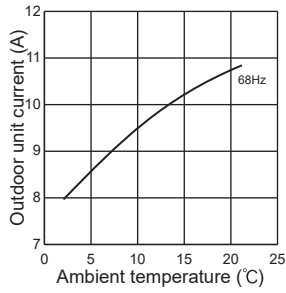
## 15-class unit



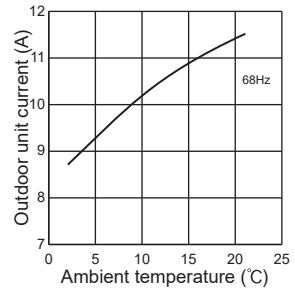
## 18-class unit



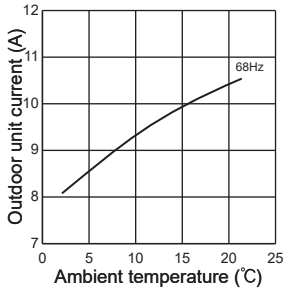
## 20-class unit



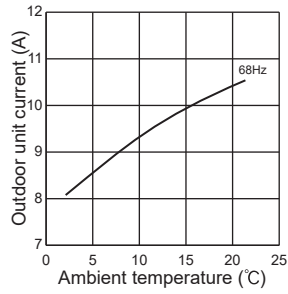
## 22-class unit



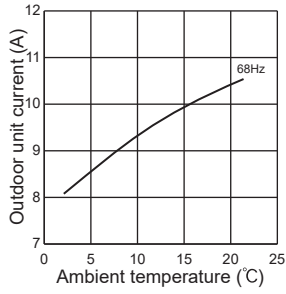
## 25-class unit



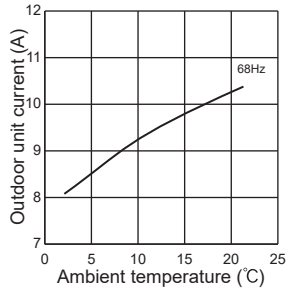
## 35-class unit



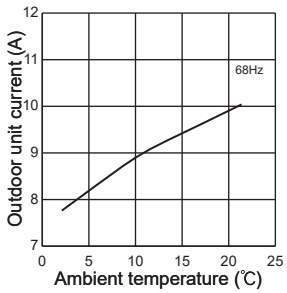
## 42-class unit



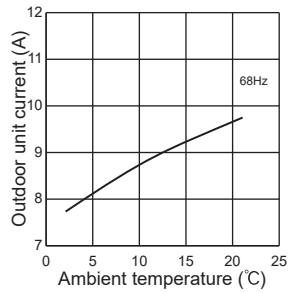
## 50-class unit



## 60-class unit

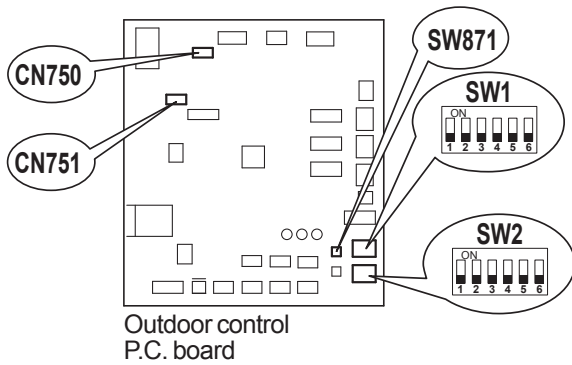


## 71-class unit



**PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG****Relation between main sensor and actuator**

Sensor	Purpose	Actuator			
		Compressor	LEV	Outdoor fan motor	4-way valve
Discharge temperature thermistor	Protection	○	○		
Indoor coil temperature thermistor	Cooling: Coil frost prevention	○			
	Heating: High pressure protection	○	○		
Defrost thermistor	Heating: Defrosting	○	○	○	○
Fin temperature thermistor	Protection	○		○	
Ambient temperature thermistor	Control/Protection	○	○	○	
	Heating: Defrosting (Heater)				
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor	Cooling: Control/Protection	○	○	○	
Capacity code	Control	○	○		
Pressure Sensor	Heating: Control/Protection	○	○		

**PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG****11-1. THE POSITION OF SWITCH****11-2. LOCKING THE OPERATION MODE OF THE AIR CONDITIONER (COOL, DRY, HEAT)**

With this function, once the operation mode is locked to either COOL/DRY mode or HEAT mode, the air conditioner operates in that mode only.

Changing the setting is required to activate this function. Explain about this function to your customers and ask them whether they want to use it.

[How to lock the operation mode]

- (1) Turn OFF the power supply and make sure that the LED goes off.
- (2) Set SW1 as shown in the figure below.
- (3) Turn ON the power supply.

**SW1 on the outdoor control P.C. board**

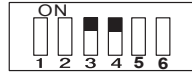
Cool/Dry

SW1



Heat

SW1





### 11-3. HOW TO SET LOW STANDBY POWER MODE

Use of the low standby power mode is recommended when none of the indoor units listed in Table 1 is connected to the outdoor unit. The low standby power mode can be set with the dip switch (SW1) and the jumper connector (SC751).

- Before turning on the breaker at first time, settings for dip switch (SW1) and jumper connector (SC751) are necessary on the outdoor control P.C. board.
- It is recommended to activate the low standby power mode when none of the indoor units listed in Table 1 is connected.

**NOTE:**

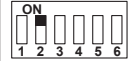

- Units come with low standby power mode deactivated as factory setting.
- When connecting one or more indoor units listed in Table 1 and Table 2, the outdoor unit does not work at "activated low standby power mode".
- In the event that SC751 is missing, outdoor unit will not work.
- Activate the P.C. board setting by turning ON the breaker.

**To activate low standby power mode:**

Connect SC751 to CN750.  
Set the 2 of SW1 to ON.

**To deactivate low standby power mode:**

Connect SC751 to CN751.  
Set the 2 of SW1 to OFF.

SC751	SW1	MODE
CN750		Activated
CN751		Factory setting Deactivated

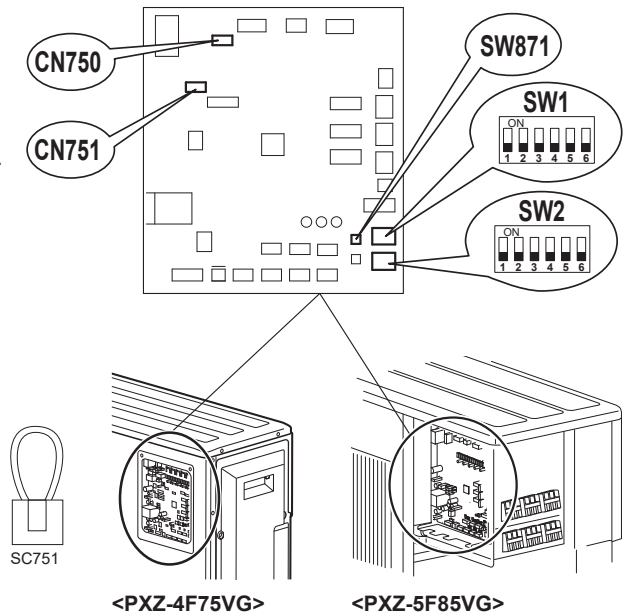


Table 1: List of the target models

Type	Model name
Wall-Mounted	MSZ-AP**VF
1way-cassette	MLZ-KP**VF
4way-cassette	SLZ-M**FA*
Ceiling-Concealed	PEAD-M**JA(L)*
Ceiling-Suspended	SEZ-M**DA(L)*
	PCA-M**KA*
Floor-Standing	SFZ-M**VA*

Table 2: List of the target ATW models

Type	Model name
Cylinder unit	E*ST**D-*M2/6/9**
Hydro box	E*SD-*M2/6/9**
DHW tank	A DHW tank specified by MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC

#### 11-4. LOWERING THE OPERATING NOISE OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

With this function, the operating noise of the outdoor unit can be lowered by reducing the operation load, for example, during nighttime in COOL mode.

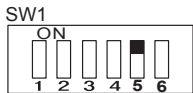
However, note that the cooling and heating capacity may lower if this function is activated.

Changing the setting is required to activate this function. Explain about this function to your customers and ask them whether they want to use it.

[How to lower the operating noise]

- (1) Turn OFF the power supply and make sure that the LED goes off.
- (2) Set "5" on SW1 to ON the enable this function.
- (3) Turn ON the power supply.

##### SW1 on the outdoor control P.C. board



#### 11-5. AUTOMATIC LINE CORRECTING

This outdoor unit has an automatic line correcting function which automatically detects and corrects improper wiring or piping.

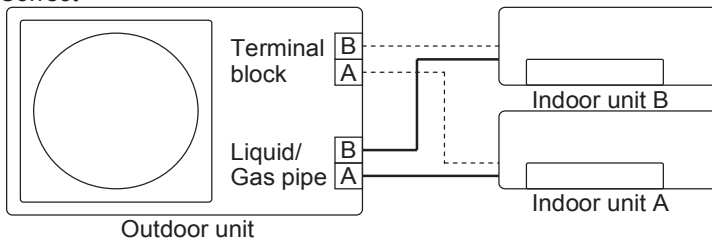
Improper wiring or piping can be automatically detected when one indoor unit is operated in COOL mode for 30 minutes. When improper wiring or piping is detected, wiring lines are corrected (A to B/ B to A) with the software.

**NOTE:** This function may not work due to the condition or environment of the unit, such as the following:

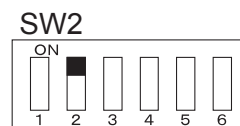
- gas leak, closed stop valve
- unit failure such as defective LEV
- indoor/outdoor temperature

**NOTE:** This function does not work when "2" on SW2 on the outdoor display P.C. board is turned OFF, or when the indoor unit for Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank is connected.

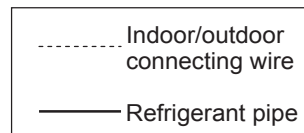
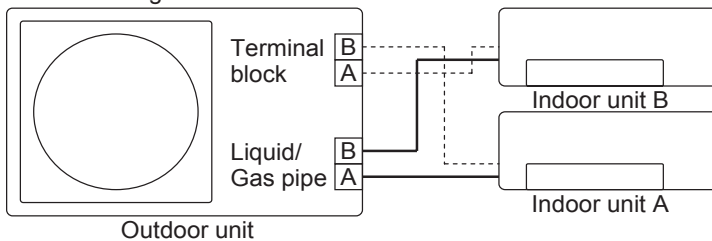
<Correct>



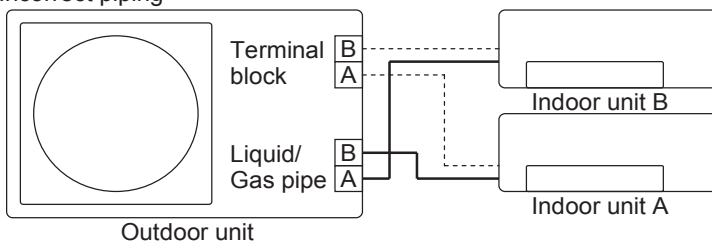
##### SW2 on the outdoor display P.C. board



<Incorrect wiring>



<Incorrect piping>

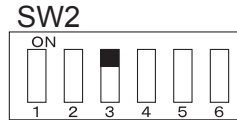


The record of automatic line correcting can be checked in the following way:

- (1) Turn OFF the power supply and make sure that the LED goes off.
- (2) Turn ON "3" on SW2 on the outdoor display P.C. board.
- (3) Turn ON the power supply.
- (4) Check the correction state with the LED lamps on the outdoor display P.C. board.
- (5) Turn OFF the power supply and make sure that the LED goes off.
- (6) Turn OFF "3" on SW2 on the outdoor display P.C. board.
- (7) Turn ON the power supply.

Number of blinks		Wiring line
LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	
Once	Once	Not corrected
3 times	3 times	Corrected

#### SW2 on the outdoor display P.C. board



#### <PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG>

Outdoor unit has an auto line correcting function which automatically detects and corrects improper wiring or piping.

**NOTE:** This function does not work when the Cylinder unit / Hydrobox / DHW tank is connected.

Improper wiring or piping can be automatically detected by pressing the piping/wiring correction switch (SW871). When improper wiring or piping is detected, wiring lines are corrected. This will be completed in about 10 to 15 minutes.

#### [How to activate this function]

1. Check that outside temperature is above 0°C.  
(This function does not work when the outside temperature is 0°C or below.)
2. Check that the stop valves of the liquid pipe and gas pipe are open.
3. Check that the wiring between indoor and outdoor unit is correct.  
(If the wiring is not correct, this function does not work.)
4. Turn ON the power supply and wait at least 1 minute.
5. Press the piping/wiring correction switch (SW871) on the outdoor control P.C. board.  
Do not touch energized parts.

LED indication during detection:

LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	LED3 (Green)
Lit	Lit	Once

LED indication after detection:

LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	LED3 (Green)	Result
Lit	Not lit	Lit	Completed (Problem corrected/ normal)
Once	Once	Once	Not completed (Detection failed)
Other indications			Refer to "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS WHEN LED BLINKS" located behind the top panel.

\*Make sure that the valves are open and the pipes are not collapsed or clogged.

6. Press the switch to cancel.

LED indication after cancel :

LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	LED3 (Green)
Lit	Lit	Not lit

**NOTE:** Indoor unit cannot be operated while this function is activated.

When this function is activated while indoor unit is operating, the operation will be stopped.

Operate indoor unit after the auto line correcting is finished.

Pressing the switch during detection cancels this function.

#### The record of auto line correcting can be confirmed in the following way:

Press the switch for more than 5 seconds.

LED will show the record of auto correcting for about 30 seconds as shown in the table below:

Number of blinks			Wiring line
LED1 (Red)	LED2 (Yellow)	LED3 (Green)	
Once	Once	Lit	Not corrected
3 times	3 times	Lit	Corrected

**NOTE:** Activate this function to confirm the correct wiring after replacing the outdoor control P.C. board.

(Previous records are deleted when the outdoor control P.C. board is replaced.)

The record cannot be shown if auto line correcting is not canceled (Refer to "How to activate this function").

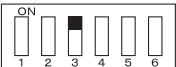
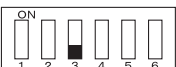
## 11-6. CHANGING THE SET REFRIGERANT EVAPORATING TEMPERATURE

**NOTE:** If you lower the refrigerant evaporating temperature with the windows open, it may cause dew drop.

[How to change the refrigerant evaporating temperature]

- (1) Make sure there is no possibility of causing dew drop before making the setting.
- (2) Make the setting referring to the table below.

**SW2 on the outdoor control P.C. board**

SW2	PXZ-4F75VG	PXZ-5F85VG
	6 °C	
	Normal control	

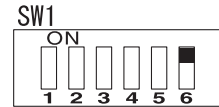
## PXZ-4F75VG

### 11-7. SETTING WHEN THE PIPING LENGTH IS LONG

For a system that connects all rooms and has a total piping length of 40 m or more, change the setting to improve the circulation of the refrigerant.

[How to perform the setting]

- (1) Be sure to turn off the main power of the air conditioner before performing the setting.
- (2) To enable this function, set SW1 "6" on the outdoor controller board to ON.
- (3) Turn on the main power of the air conditioner.



When the piping length is long

## PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG

### 12-1. CAUTIONS ON TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 1. Before troubleshooting, check the following:

- 1) Check the power supply voltage.
- 2) Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wire for miswiring.

#### 2. Take care of the following during servicing

- 1) Before servicing the air conditioner, be sure to turn OFF the unit first with the remote controller, and after confirming the horizontal vane is closed, turn OFF the breaker and/or disconnect the power plug.
- 2) Be sure to turn OFF the power supply before removing the front panel, the cabinet, the top panel, and the P.C. board.
- 3) When removing the electrical parts, be careful of the residual voltage of smoothing capacitor.
- 4) When removing the P.C. board, hold the edge of the board with care NOT to apply stress on the components.
- 5) When connecting or disconnecting the connectors, hold the connector housing. DO NOT pull the lead wires.

<Incorrect>



Lead wiring

<Correct>



Connector housing

#### 3. Troubleshooting procedure

- 1) Check if the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp on the indoor unit is blinking on and off to indicate an abnormality. To make sure, check how many times the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp is blinking on and off before starting service work.
- 2) Before servicing, verify that all connectors and terminals are connected properly.
- 3) When the electronic control P.C. board seems to be defective, check for disconnection of the copper foil pattern and burnt or discolored components.
- 4) Refer to 12-2, 12-3 and 12-4.

### 12-2. FAILURE MODE RECALL FUNCTION

This air conditioner can memorize the abnormal condition which has occurred once.

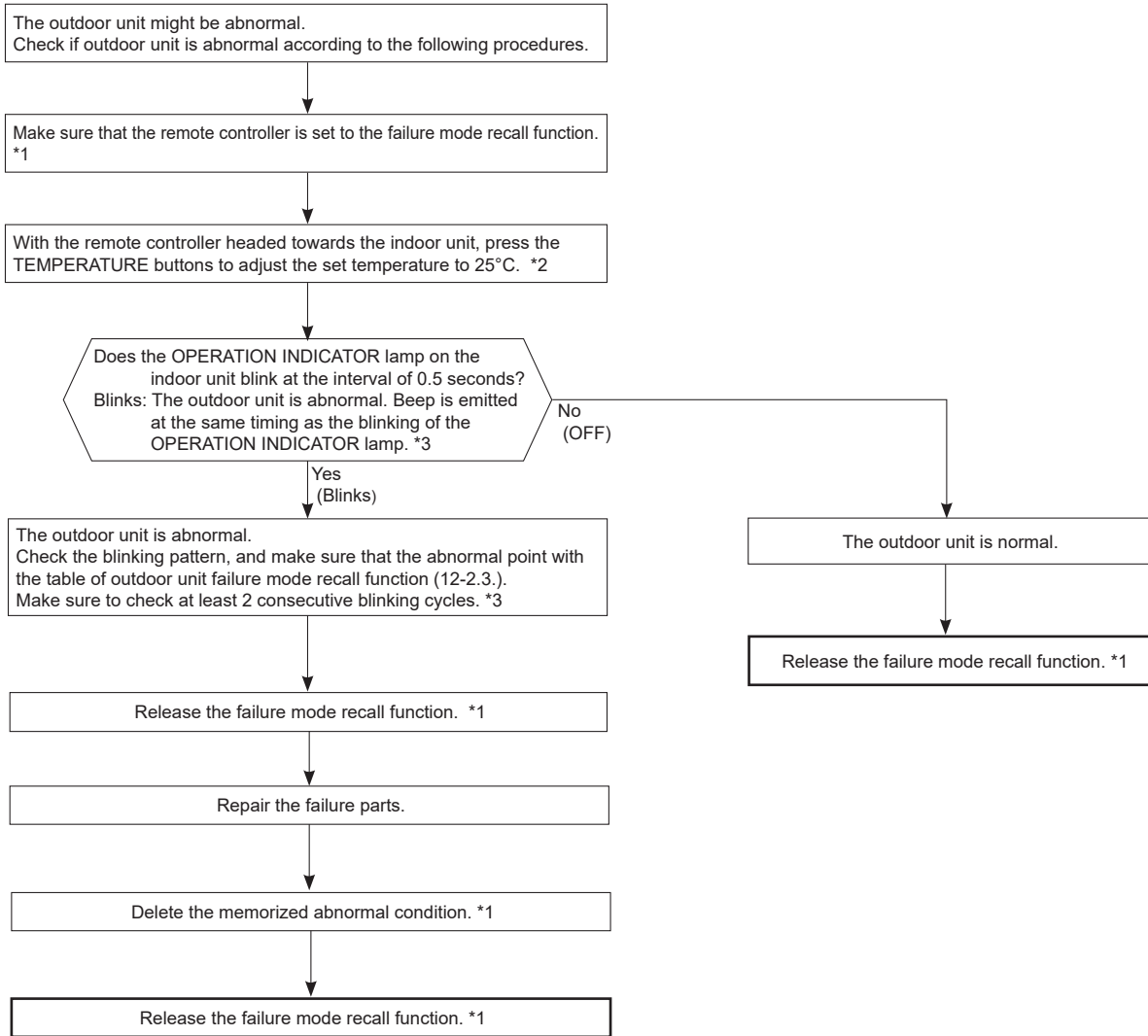
Even though LED indication listed on the troubleshooting check table (12-4.) disappears, the memorized failure details can be recalled.

#### 1. Flow chart of failure mode recall function for the indoor/outdoor unit

Refer to the service manual of indoor unit.

## 2. Flow chart of the detailed outdoor unit failure mode recall function

### Operational procedure

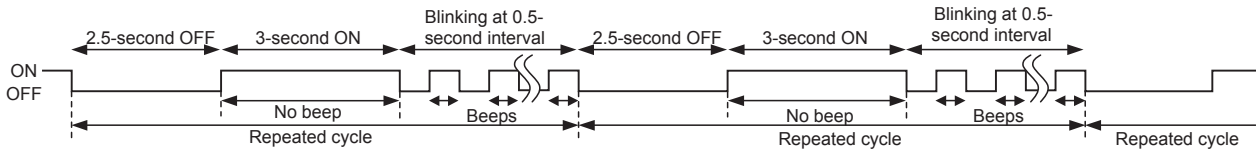


**NOTE:** 1. Make sure to release the failure mode recall function after it is set up, otherwise the unit cannot operate properly.  
2. If the abnormal condition is not deleted from the memory, the last abnormal condition is kept memorized.

\*1. Refer to the service manual of indoor unit.

\*2. Regardless of normal or abnormal condition, 2 short beeps are emitted as the signal is received.

\*3. Blinking pattern when outdoor unit is abnormal:



**3. Table of outdoor unit failure mode recall function  
PXZ-4F75VG, PXZ-5F85VG**

**NOTE:** Blinking patterns of this mode differ from the ones of Troubleshooting check table (12-4.).

The left lamp of OPERATION INDICATOR lamp (Indoor unit)	Abnormal point (Failure mode/protection)	LED indication (Outdoor P.C. board)		Condition	Remedy	Indoor/outdoor unit failure mode recall function
		LED1	LED2			
OFF	None (Normal)	Lit	Lit	—	—	—
2-time blink	Outdoor power system	Lit	Lit	Overcurrent protection cut-out operates 3 consecutive times within 1 minute after the compressor gets started, or converter protection cut-out or bus-bar voltage protection cut-out operates 3 consecutive times within 3 minutes after startup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the connection of the compressor connecting wire.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “How to check inverter/compressor”.</li> <li>• Check the stop valve.</li> </ul>	○
3-time blink	Discharge temperature thermistor	Lit	Once	A thermistor shorts or opens during compressor running.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “Check of outdoor thermistors”.</li> </ul>	○
	Defrost thermistor	Lit	Once			
	Ambient temperature thermistor	Lit	Twice			
	Fin temperature thermistor	Lit	3 times			
	P.C. board temperature thermistor	Lit	4 times			
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor	Lit	9 times				
4-time blink	Overcurrent	Once	Not lit	21 A current flows into power module.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reconnect compressor connector.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “How to check inverter/compressor”.</li> <li>• Check the stop valve.</li> </ul>	—
5-time blink	Discharge temperature	Lit	Lit	The discharge temperature exceeds 115°C (PXZ-4F75VG)/106°C (PXZ-5F85VG) during operation. Compressor can restart if discharge temperature thermistor reads 80°C (PXZ-4F75VG)/95°C (PXZ-5F85VG) or less 3 minutes later.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigerant circuit and refrigerant amount.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “Check of LEV”.</li> </ul>	—
6-time blink	High pressure	Lit	Lit	The outdoor heat exchanger temperature exceeds 70°C during cooling or the indoor gas pipe temperature exceeds 70°C during heating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigerant circuit and refrigerant amount.</li> <li>• Check the stop valve.</li> </ul>	—
7-time blink	Fin temperature	3 times	Not lit	The fin temperature exceeds 88°C (PXZ-4F75/5F85VG) during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check around outdoor unit.</li> <li>• Check outdoor unit air passage.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “Check of outdoor fan motor”.</li> </ul>	—
	P.C. board temperature	4 times	Not lit	The P.C. board temperature exceeds 67°C (PXZ-4F75/5F85VG) during operation.		
8-time blink	Outdoor fan motor	Lit	Lit	A failure occurs 3 consecutive times within 30 seconds after the fan gets started.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “Check of outdoor fan motor”.</li> </ul>	—
9-time blink	Outdoor control system	Lit	5 times	Nonvolatile memory data cannot be read properly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replace the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> </ul>	○
10-time blink	Low discharge temperature protection	Lit	Lit	The frequency of the compressor is kept 80 Hz or more and the discharge temperature is kept under 39°C for more than 20 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check refrigerant circuit and refrigerant amount.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. ⑥ “Check of LEV”.</li> </ul>	—
11-time blink	Communication error between P.C. boards	Lit	6 times	Communication error occurs between the outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board for more than 10 seconds.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the connecting wire between outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>	—
				The communication between boards protection cut-out operates 2 consecutive times.		○
	Current sensor	Lit	7 times	A short or open circuit is detected in the current sensor during compressor operating.	—	—
				Current sensor protection cut-out operates 2 consecutive times.		○
	Zero cross detecting circuit	5 times	Not lit	Zero cross signal cannot be detected while the compressor is operating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the connecting wire among outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>	—
				The protection cut-out of the zero cross detecting circuit operates 10 consecutive times.		○
Converter	5 times	Not lit	A failure is detected in the operation of the converter during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the voltage of power supply.</li> <li>• Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>	—	
Bus-bar voltage	5 times	Not lit	The bus-bar voltage exceeds 400 V or falls to low level during compressor operating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the voltage of power supply.</li> <li>• Replace the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> </ul>	—	

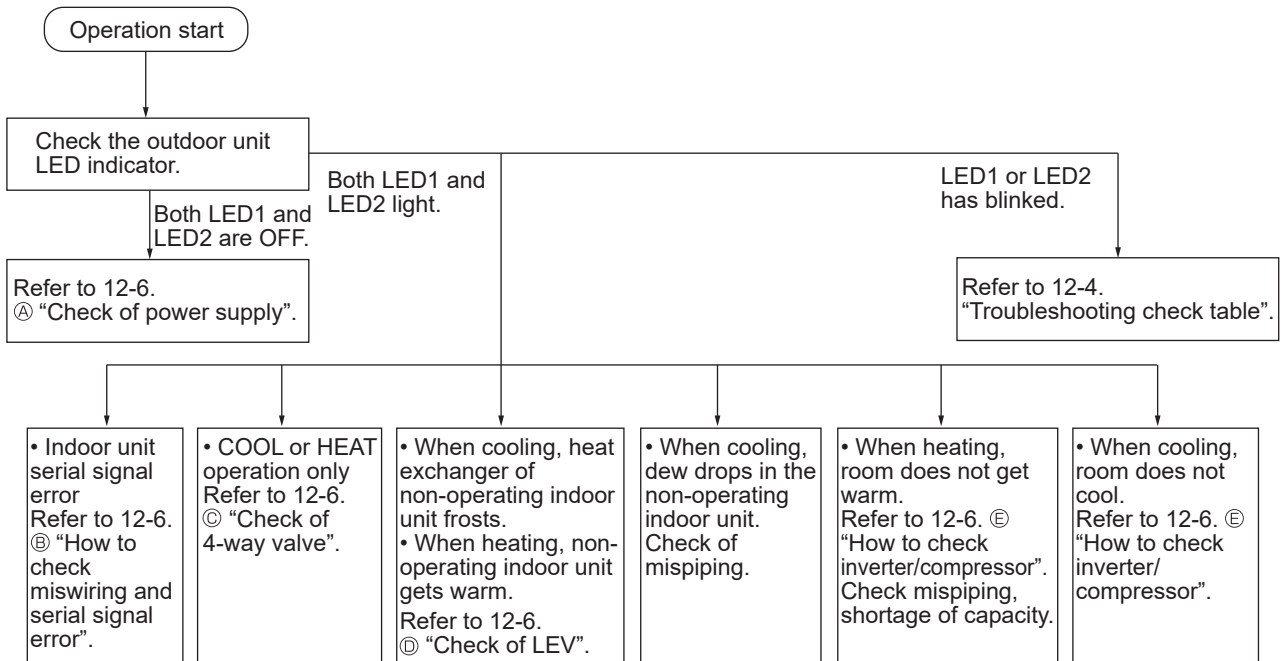


The left lamp of OPERATION INDICATOR lamp (Indoor unit)	Abnormal point (Failure mode/protection)	LED indication (Outdoor P.C. board)		Condition	Remedy	Indoor/outdoor unit failure mode recall function
		LED1	LED2			
14-time blink	Refrigerant leakage (Sensor detection)	Lit	Lit	1. Refrigerant leaks from the piping or the heat exchanger in the indoor unit. 2. The following items are used around the indoor unit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spray (LP gas including Freon, and whose main ingredient is propane and butane)</li> <li>• Aerosol insecticide (including ethanol)</li> <li>• Air spray painting (including dichloro-methane)</li> <li>• Charcoal (charcoal fire)</li> <li>• Chemicals (such as ethanol)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turn off the power after the indoor unit finishes its FAN operation. (The FAN operation continues for 3 hours.)</li> <li>• Check the indoor unit to detect the part where refrigerant leaks.</li> <li>• Repair the part where refrigerant leaks.</li> <li>• Turn on the power again.</li> <li>• Replace the refrigerant sensor if the problem is not fixed.</li> </ul>	○
		Lit	Lit	The refrigerant sensor mounted on the indoor unit does not work. The refrigerant sensor is not connected properly or the wire is broken.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connect the connector of the refrigerant sensor properly.</li> <li>• Replace the refrigerant sensor.</li> </ul>	○
	Incompatible unit combination	Lit	11 times	The indoor unit which is not compatible with the outdoor unit is connected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replace the indoor unit with the one which is compatible with the outdoor unit.</li> </ul>	○
	4-valve way	Lit	12 times	Connector of 4-way valve is disconnected or poorly connected, or the 4-way valve is faulty.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to 12-6. Ⓒ “Check of 4-way valve”.</li> <li>• Check the 4-way valve</li> </ul>	○
	High pressure sensor	Lit	13 times	A pressure sensor shorts or opens during compressor running.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connect the connector of the refrigerant sensor properly.</li> <li>• Refer to 12-6. Ⓒ “Check of outdoor pressure sensor”.</li> </ul>	
15-time blink	LEV and drain pump	Lit	Lit	The indoor unit detects an abnormality in the LEV and drain pump.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to 12-6. Ⓒ “Check of LEV”.</li> <li>• Check the drain pump of the indoor unit.</li> </ul>	—



### 12-3. INSTRUCTION OF TROUBLESHOOTING

- Check the indoor unit referring to the indoor unit service manual, and confirm that there is any problem in the indoor unit. Then, check the outdoor unit with referring to this page.



## 12-4. TROUBLESHOOTING CHECK TABLE

### PXZ-4F75VG, PXZ-5F85VG

No.	Symptom	Indication		Abnormal point / Condition	Condition	Remedy
		LED1(Red)	LED2(Yellow)			
1	Outdoor unit does not operate.	Lit	Once	LEV and drain pump	The indoor unit detects an abnormality in the LEV and drain pump.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉔ "Check of LEV".</li> <li>Check the drain pump of the indoor unit.</li> </ul>
2		Lit	Twice	Outdoor power system	Overcurrent protection cut-out operates 3 consecutive times within 1 minute after the compressor gets started, or converter protection cut-out or bus-bar voltage protection cut-out operates 3 consecutive times within 3 minutes after startup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the connection of the compressor connecting wire.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉕ "How to check inverter/compressor".</li> <li>Check the stop valve.</li> </ul>
3		Lit	3 times	Discharge temperature thermistor	A short circuit is detected in the thermistor during operation, or an open circuit is detected in the thermistor after 10 minutes of compressor startup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉖ "Check of outdoor thermistors".</li> </ul>
4		Lit	4 times	Fin temperature thermistor	A short or open circuit is detected in the thermistor during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉖ "Check of outdoor thermistors".</li> <li>Replace the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> </ul>
				P. C. board temperature thermistor		
5		Lit	5 times	Ambient temperature thermistor	A short or open circuit is detected in the thermistor during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉖ "Check of outdoor thermistors".</li> </ul>
				Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor	A short circuit is detected in the thermistor during operation, or an open circuit is detected in the thermistor after 5 minutes (in cooling) and 10 minutes (in heating) of compressor startup.	
				Defrost thermistor	A short circuit is detected in the thermistor during operation, or an open circuit is detected in the thermistor after 5 minutes of compressor startup.	
6		Lit	6 times	Zero cross detecting circuit (Outdoor control P.C. board)	Zero cross signal cannot be detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> </ul>
7		Lit	7 times	Outdoor control system	The nonvolatile memory data cannot be read properly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> </ul>
8		Lit	8 times	Current sensor	Current sensor protection cut-out operates 2 consecutive times.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
9		Lit	11 times	Communication error between P.C. boards	The communication protection cut-out between boards operates 2 consecutive times.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the connecting wire between outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
				M-NET communication error	M-NET adapter P.C. board detects an abnormality in the communication error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the connecting wire between M-NET adapter P.C. board and outdoor control P.C. board, or terminal block.</li> </ul>
10		Lit	12 times	Zero cross detecting circuit (Outdoor power P.C. board)	The protection cut-out of the zero cross detecting circuit operates 10 consecutive times.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
11		Lit	13 times	Current sensor	A short or open circuit is detected in the input current detection circuit during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
12		Lit	14 times	Voltage sensor	A short or open circuit is detected in the input voltage detection circuit during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
13		Lit	15 times	Relay operation	No relay operation is detected during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
14		Lit	18 times	Detection of refrigerant (Indoor unit)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refrigerant leaks from the piping or the heat exchanger in the indoor unit.</li> <li>The following items are used around the indoor unit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Spray (LP gas including Freon, and whose main ingredient is propane and butane)</li> <li>Aerosol insecticide (including ethanol)</li> <li>Air spray painting (including dichloromethane)</li> <li>Charcoal (charcoal fire)</li> <li>Chemicals (such as ethanol)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Turn off the power after the indoor unit finishes its fan operation. (The fan operation continues for 3 hours.)</li> <li>Check the indoor unit to detect the part where refrigerant leaks.</li> <li>Repair the part where refrigerant leaks.</li> <li>Turn on the power again.</li> <li>Replace the refrigerant sensor if the problem is not fixed.</li> </ul>
15		Lit	19 times	Abnormality of refrigerant leakage sensor (Indoor unit)	The refrigerant sensor mounted on the indoor unit does not work. The refrigerant sensor is not connected properly or the wire is broken.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connect the connector of the refrigerant sensor properly.</li> <li>Replace the refrigerant sensor.</li> </ul>
16	Lit	20 times	Incompatible unit combination error	The indoor unit which is not compatible with the outdoor unit is connected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the indoor unit with the one which is compatible with the outdoor unit.</li> </ul>	
17	Lit	21 times	Connector of 4-way valve is disconnected or poorly connected, or 4-way valve is faulty.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4-way valve is faulty.</li> <li>Connector of 4-way valve solenoid coil is disconnected or poorly connected.</li> </ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉗ "Check of 4-way valve".</li> <li>Check the 4-way valve.</li> </ul>	
18	Lit	22 times	Cylinder Unit, Hydrobox	The cylinder unit or the hydrobox is in P6 error or L6 error.	Follow the service hand book for the cylinder unit or the hydrobox.	
19	Lit	23 times	Pressure Sensor	A short or open circuit is detected in the pressure sensor during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connect the connector of the refrigerant sensor properly</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. ㉘ "Check of outdoor pressure sensor"</li> </ul>	

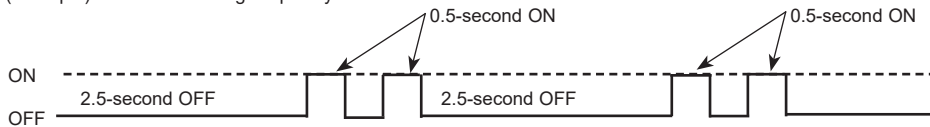


No.	Symptom	Indication		Abnormal point / Condition	Condition	Remedy
		LED1(Red)	LED2(Yellow)			
20		Twice	Not lit	IPM protection	Overcurrent is detected after 30 seconds of compressor startup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reconnect compressor connector.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "How to check inverter/compressor".</li> <li>Check the stop valve.</li> <li>Check the power module (PAM module).</li> </ul>
				Lock protection	Overcurrent is detected within 30 seconds of compressor startup.	
21		3 times	Not lit	Discharge temperature protection	The discharge temperature exceeds 115°C (PXZ-4F75VG)/ 106°C(PXZ-5F85VG) during operation. Compressor can restart if discharge temperature thermistor reads 80°C (PXZ-4F75VG)/95°C (PXZ-5F85VG) or less 3 minutes later.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the amount of gas and refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "Check of LEV".</li> </ul>
22		4 times	Not lit	Fin temperature protection	The fin temperature exceeds during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check refrigerant circuit and refrigerant amount.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "Check of outdoor fan motor".</li> </ul>
				P.C. board temperature protection	The P.C. board temperature exceeds during operation.	
23		5 times	Not lit	High pressure protection	High pressure is detected with the high pressure switch (HPS) during operation. The outdoor heat exchanger temperature exceeds 70°C during cooling or the indoor gas pipe temperature exceeds 70°C during heating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check around of gas and the refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>Check the stop valve.</li> <li>There is a short cycle at the outdoor unit.</li> <li>High-pressure switch/thermal protector is faulty.</li> <li>The connector is disconnected or poorly connected.</li> <li>Discharge temperature thermistor is not connected to the compressor.</li> <li>Refrigerant leaks from the indoor or outdoor unit.</li> <li>Defective operation of stop valve (Not full open)</li> <li>Locked compressor.</li> </ul>
				Thermal protector protection	Overheating is detected during operating.	
24	'Outdoor unit stops and restarts 3 minutes later' is repeated.	6 times	Not lit	Pre-heating protection	Overcurrent is detected during pre-heating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reconnect compressor connector.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "How to check inverter/compressor".</li> <li>Check the power module.</li> </ul>
25		8 times	Not lit	Converter protection	A failure is detected in the operation of the converter during operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
26		9 times	Not lit	Bus-bar voltage protection	The bus-bar voltage exceeds 400 V or falls to low level during compressor operating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the voltage of power supply.</li> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board or the outdoor control P.C. board.</li> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "Check of bus-bar voltage".</li> </ul>
27		11 times	Not lit	Low outside temperature protection (cooling)	The ambient became -12°C or less.	—
28		13 times	Not lit	Outdoor fan motor	A failure occurs 3 consecutive times within 30 seconds after the fan gets started.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "Check of outdoor fan motor".</li> </ul>
29		14 times	Not lit	4-way valve switching operation	Connector of 4-way valve is disconnected or poorly connected, or 4-way valve is faulty.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to 12-6. Ⓢ "Check of 4-way valve".</li> <li>Check the 4-way valve</li> </ul>
30		Lit	8 times	Current sensor protection	A short or open circuit is detected in the current sensor during compressor operating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
31		Lit	11 times	Communication between P.C. boards protection	Communication error occurs between the outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board for more than 10 seconds.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the connecting wire between outdoor control P.C. board and outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
32		Lit	12 times	Zero cross detecting circuit (Outdoor power P.C. board)	Zero cross signal cannot be detected while the compressor is operating.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace the outdoor power P.C. board.</li> </ul>
33	Outdoor unit operates.	Once	Lit	Primary current protection	The input current exceeds 15 A (PXZ-4F75VG)/18.4 A (PXZ-5F85VG)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>These symptoms do not mean any abnormality of the product, but check the following points.</li> <li>Check if indoor filters are clogged.</li> <li>Check if refrigerant is short.</li> <li>Check if indoor/outdoor unit air circulation is short cycled.</li> </ul>
34		Twice	Lit	High pressure protection	The indoor gas pipe temperature exceeds 45°C during heating.	
				Defrosting in cooling	The indoor gas pipe temperature falls 3°C or below during cooling.	
35		3 times	Lit	Discharge temperature protection	The frequency of the compressor is kept 80 Hz or more and the discharge temperature is kept under 50°C(COOL mode)/40°C(HEAT mode) for more than 40 minutes.	
36		4 times	Lit	Low discharge temperature protection	The frequency of the compressor is kept 80 Hz or more and the discharge temperature is kept under 39°C for more than 20 minutes.	
37	5 times	Lit	Cooling high pressure protection	The outdoor heat exchanger temperature exceeds 58°C during operation.		

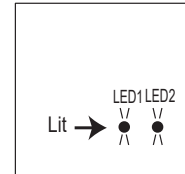


No.	Symptom	Indication		Abnormal point / Condition	Condition	Remedy
		LED1(Red)	LED2(Yellow)			
38	Outdoor unit operates.	7 times	Lit	High → Low Pressure bypass valve Cooling evaporating temperature drop prevention control	<b>PXZ-4F75VG</b> During cooling operation, the temperature of indoor heat exchanger becomes 3°C or less within 1 hour after the compressor starts running, or it becomes less than 12°C - 16°C* later than that. * It depends on the difference between the set temperature and the room temperature.	This symptom does not mean any abnormality of the product, but check the following points. • Check the indoor filters are not clogged. • Check there is sufficient refrigerant. • Check the indoor/outdoor unit air circulation is not short cycled.
39		11 times	Lit	M-NET communication error	M-NET adapter P.C. board detects an abnormality in the communication error.	• Check the connecting wire between M-NET adapter P.C. board and outdoor control P.C. board, or terminal block.
40	Outdoor unit operates normally.	8 times	Lit	Cooling evaporating temperature protection	During cooling operation, the temperature of indoor heat exchanger becomes 7°C - 11°C* or less within 1 hour after the compressor starts running, or it becomes 9°C - 17°C* or less later than that. * It depends on the indoor unit type/model or the difference between the set temperature and the room temperature.	This symptom does not mean any abnormality of the product.
41		9 times	Lit	Inverter check mode	The unit is operated with the emergency operation switch.	—
42		Lit	Lit	Normal	—	—

**NOTE:** 1. The location of LED is illustrated at the right figure. Refer to 12-7.2.  
 2. LED is lit during normal operation.  
 The blinking frequency shows the number of times the LED blinks after every 2.5-second OFF.  
 (Example) When the blinking frequency is "2".

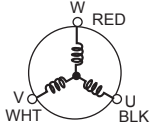
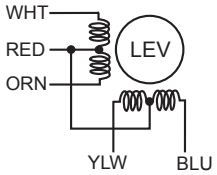


Outdoor control P.C. board (Parts side)



## 12-5. TROUBLESHOOTING CRITERION OF MAIN PARTS

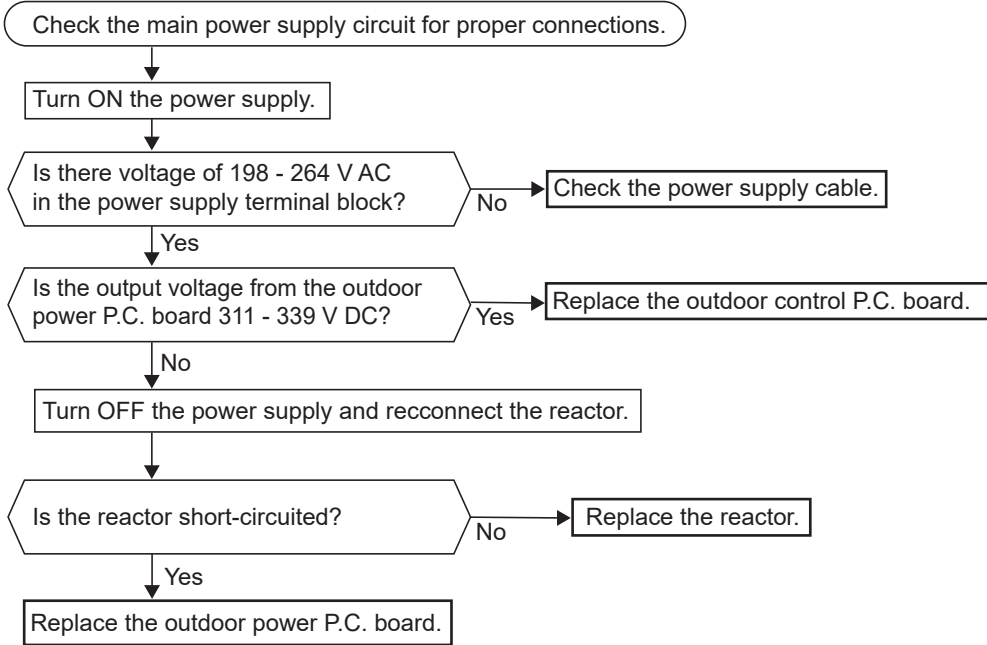
### PXZ-4F75VG PXZ-5F85VG

Part name	Check method and criterion	Figure								
Defrost thermistor (RT61) Fin temperature thermistor (RT64) Ambient temperature thermistor (RT65) Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (RT68)	Measure the resistance with a multimeter.  Refer to 12-7. "TEST POINT DIAGRAM AND VOLTAGE" 1. "Outdoor control P.C. board" or 2. "Outdoor power P.C. board" for the chart of thermistor.									
Discharge temperature thermistor (RT62)	Measure the resistance with a multimeter. Before measurement, hold the thermistor with your hands to warm it up.  Refer to 12-7. "TEST POINT DIAGRAM AND VOLTAGE" 1. "Outdoor control P.C. board" for the chart of thermistor.									
Compressor	Measure the resistance between terminals with a multimeter. (Winding temperature : -10°C - 40°C) <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Normal (Each phase)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.83 Ω - 1.03 Ω</td> </tr> </table>	Normal (Each phase)	0.83 Ω - 1.03 Ω							
Normal (Each phase)										
0.83 Ω - 1.03 Ω										
Outdoor fan motor	Refer to 12-6. ㉔.									
4-way valve	Measure the resistance with a multimeter. (Part temperature : -10°C - 40°C) <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>PXZ-4F75VG</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.26 kΩ - 1.62 kΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>PXZ-5F85VG</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.20 kΩ - 1.77 kΩ</td> </tr> </table>	Normal	<b>PXZ-4F75VG</b>	1.26 kΩ - 1.62 kΩ	Normal	<b>PXZ-5F85VG</b>	1.20 kΩ - 1.77 kΩ			
Normal										
<b>PXZ-4F75VG</b>										
1.26 kΩ - 1.62 kΩ										
Normal										
<b>PXZ-5F85VG</b>										
1.20 kΩ - 1.77 kΩ										
Linear expansion valve (LEV)	Measure the resistance with a multimeter. (Part temperature : -10°C - 40°C) <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Color of lead wire</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WHT - RED</td> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">37.4 Ω - 53.9 Ω</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RED - ORN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>YLW - RED</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RED - BLU</td> </tr> </table>	Color of lead wire	Normal	WHT - RED	37.4 Ω - 53.9 Ω	RED - ORN	YLW - RED	RED - BLU		
Color of lead wire	Normal									
WHT - RED	37.4 Ω - 53.9 Ω									
RED - ORN										
YLW - RED										
RED - BLU										
High pressure switch (HPS)	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pressure</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">HPS</td> <td>3.14 ± 0.15 MPa</td> <td>Close</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.14 ± 0.1 MPa</td> <td>Open</td> </tr> </table>		Pressure	Normal	HPS	3.14 ± 0.15 MPa	Close	4.14 ± 0.1 MPa	Open	
	Pressure	Normal								
HPS	3.14 ± 0.15 MPa	Close								
	4.14 ± 0.1 MPa	Open								
High pressure sensor (63HS)	Refer to 12-6. ㉔									

## 12-6. TROUBLESHOOTING FLOW

### • Outdoor unit does not operate.

#### Ⓐ Check of power supply



- When the indoor unit does not operate, it cannot be operated either with the remote controller or with the emergency operation switch.
- When the outdoor unit does not operate, the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp on the indoor unit blinks ON and OFF every 0.5-second.

### Ⓑ How to check miswiring and serial signal error (when outdoor unit does not work)

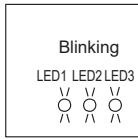
**LED indication for communication status**  
Communication status is indicated by the LED.

Unit status  
Blinking: normal communication  
Lighting: abnormal communication or not connected

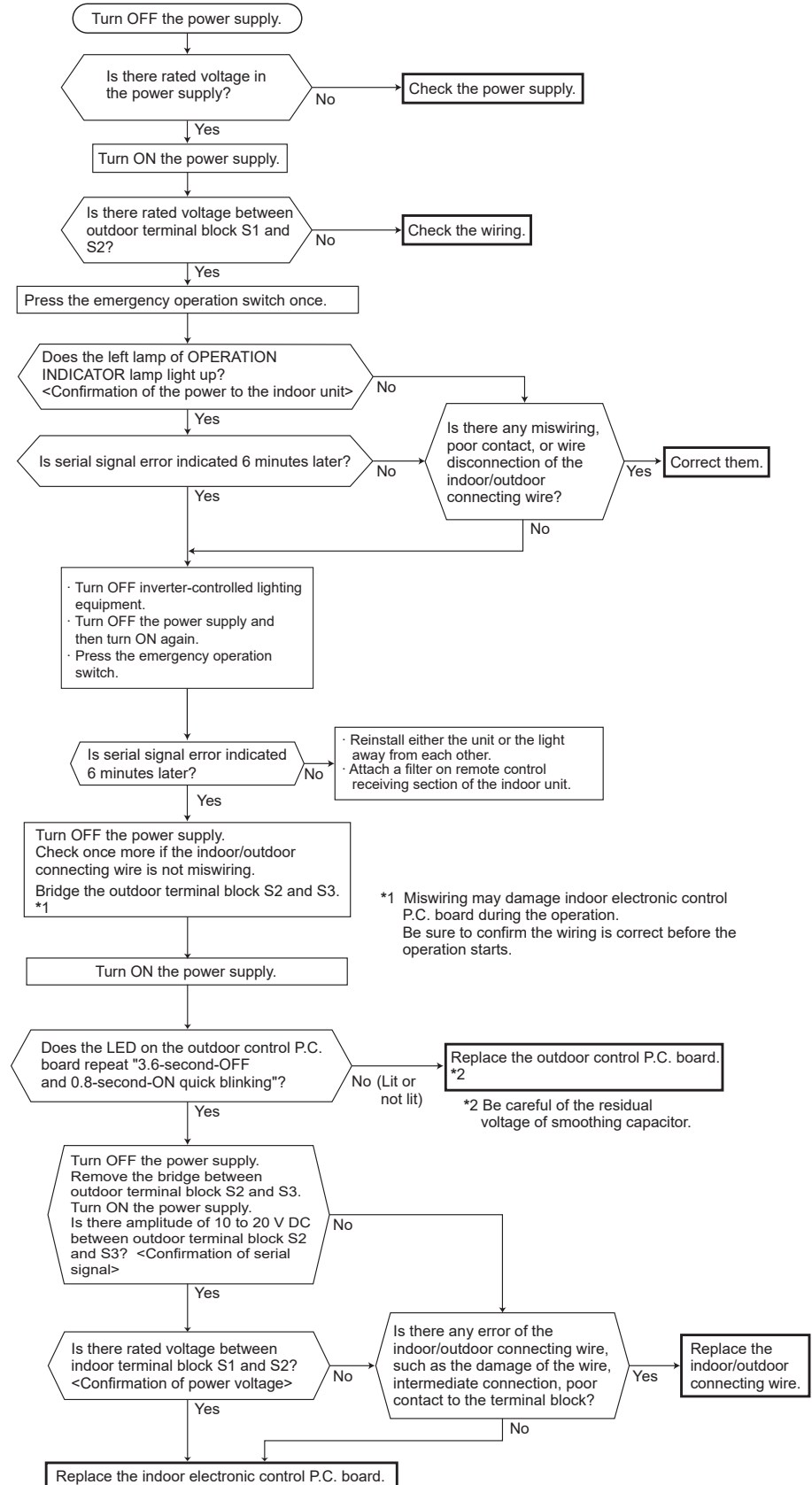
Pattern 1 and 2 is repeatedly displayed alternately. Each pattern is displayed for 10 seconds.

**NOTE:** "Lighting" in the table below does not indicate abnormal communication.

Outdoor control P.C. board



Pattern	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3
1	Unit A status	Unit B status	Lit
2	Unit C status	Unit D status	Not lit



\*1 Miswiring may damage indoor electronic control P.C. board during the operation. Be sure to confirm the wiring is correct before the operation starts.

\*2 Be careful of the residual voltage of smoothing capacitor.

Be sure to release the failure-mode recall function after checking.

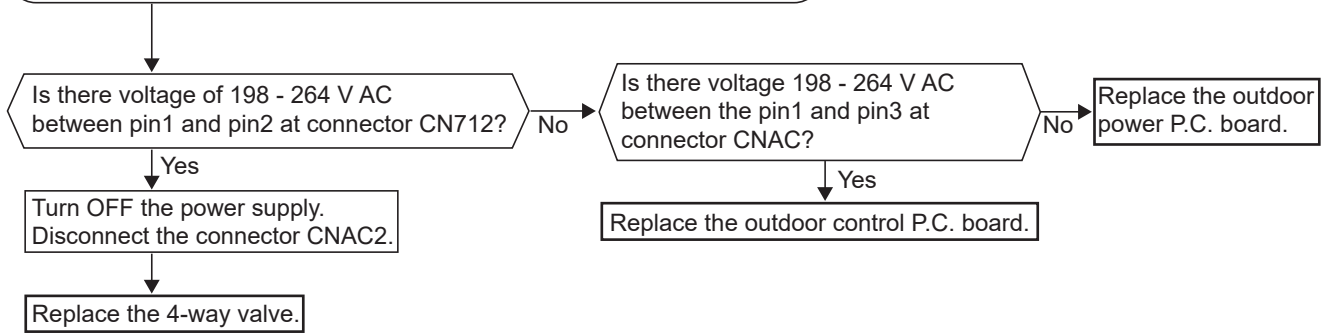
• The cooling operation or heating operation does not operate.

Connector	PXZ-4F, 5F
CNAC CN712	Outdoor control P.C. board
CNAC2	Outdoor power P.C. board

© Check of 4-way valve

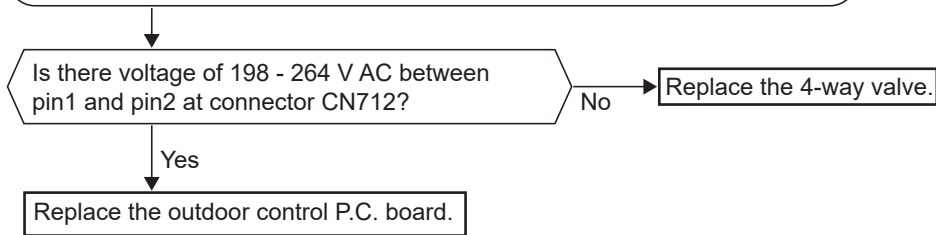
• When cooling operation does not work.

1. Disconnect the lead wire leading to the compressor.
2. 3 minutes after turning ON the power supply, start EMERGENCY OPERATION in COOL mode.



• When heating operation does not work.

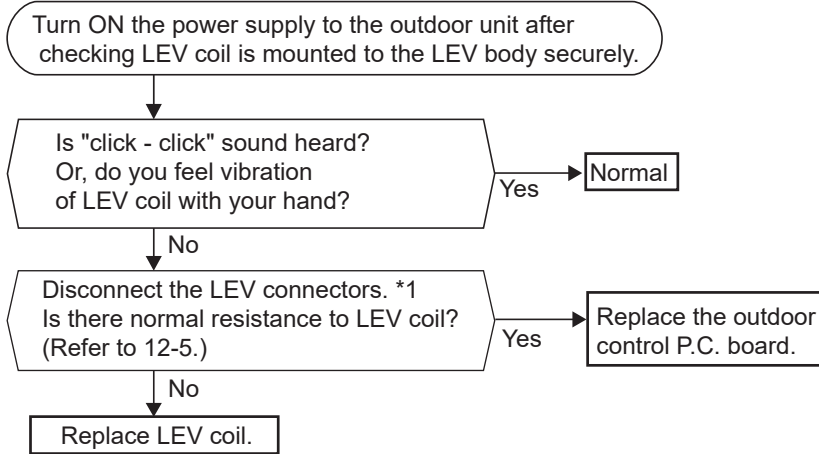
1. Disconnect the lead wire leading to the compressor.
2. 3 minutes after turning ON the power supply, start EMERGENCY OPERATION in HEAT mode.





- When cooling, heat exchanger of non-operating indoor unit frosts.
- When heating, non-operating indoor unit gets warm.

**① Check of LEV**



Connector	PXZ-4F, 5F
CN791	Outdoor control P.C. board
CN792	
CN793	
CN794	
CN795	
CN797	

\*1

LEV Connector	LEV	PXZ-4F75VG	PXZ-5F85VG
CN791	LEV A	●	●
CN792	LEV B	●	●
CN793	LEV C	●	●
CN794	LEV D	●	●
CN795	LEV E	—	●
CN797	LEV R	●	—

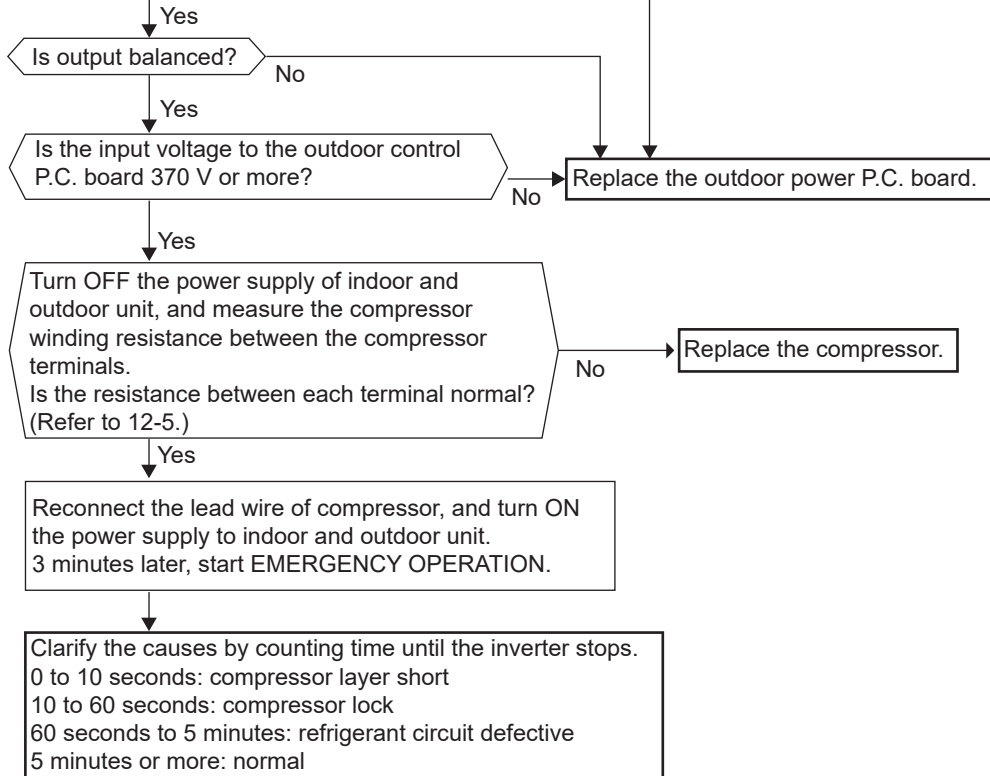
- When heating, room does not get warm.
- When cooling, room does not get cool.

### ⑤ How to check inverter/compressor

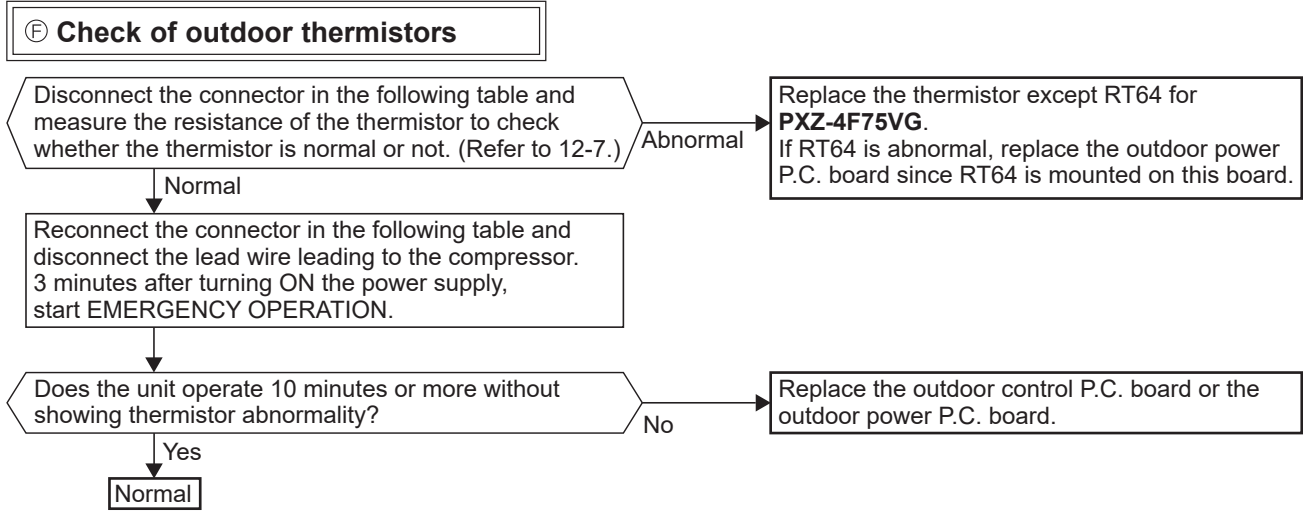
Disconnect the terminal of the compressor or the connector (CNMC) between the compressor and the outdoor power P.C. board. 3 minutes after the power supply is turned ON, start EMERGENCY OPERATION.

Measure the voltage between each lead wire leading to the compressor.  
 U (BLK) - V (WHT)  
 V (WHT) - W (RED)  
 W (RED) - U (BLK)  
 Output voltage: 50V-250V  
 Is proper output voltage detected?  
 \*1, \*2

- \*1 • After the outdoor fan starts running, wait for 1 minute or more before measuring the voltage.
- The output voltage values have the tolerance of  $\pm 20\%$ .
- \*2 • The output differs depending on the capacity or the number of indoor units to be operated.



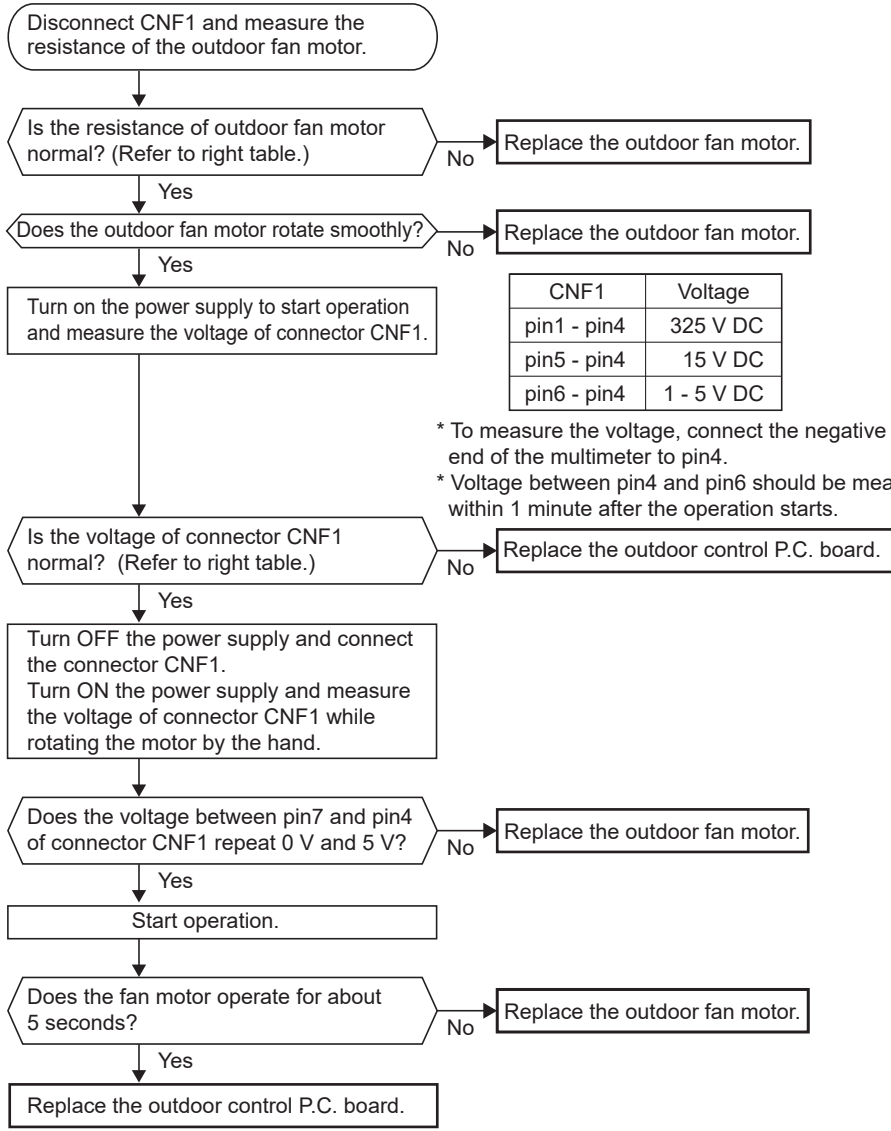
• When thermistor is abnormal.



Thermistor	Symbol	Connector, Pin No.	Board
Defrost	RT61	Between CNTH1 pin1 and pin2	Outdoor control P.C. board
Discharge temperature	RT62	Between CNTH1 pin3 and pin4	
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature	RT68	Between CNTH1 pin7 and pin8	
Ambient temperature	RT65	Between CNTH2 pin1 and pin2	
Fin temperature	RT64	Between CN171 pin1 and pin2	Outdoor power P.C. board

• Fan motor does not operate or stops operating shortly after starting the operation.

© Check of outdoor fan motor



CNF1	Voltage
pin1 - pin4	325 V DC
pin5 - pin4	15 V DC
pin6 - pin4	1 - 5 V DC

\* To measure the voltage, connect the negative (-) end of the multimeter to pin4.  
 \* Voltage between pin4 and pin6 should be measured within 1 minute after the operation starts.

Connector	PXZ-4F, 5F
CNF1	Outdoor control P.C. board

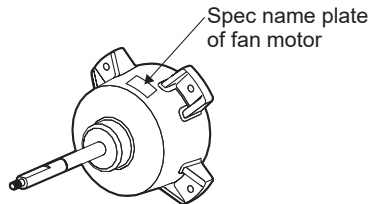
Model name of fan motor\*:  
 SIC-71XX-XXXX-X, SIC-81XX-XXXX-X

Measuring points	Resistance
pin1 - pin4	∞
pin5 - pin4	60 kΩ
pin6 - pin4	160 kΩ
pin7 - pin4	∞

Model name of fan motor\*:  
 SIC-82XX-XXXX-X, SIC-88XX-XXXX-X

Measuring points	Resistance
pin1 - pin4	1.1 MΩ
pin5 - pin4	40 kΩ
pin6 - pin4	220 kΩ
pin7 - pin4	∞

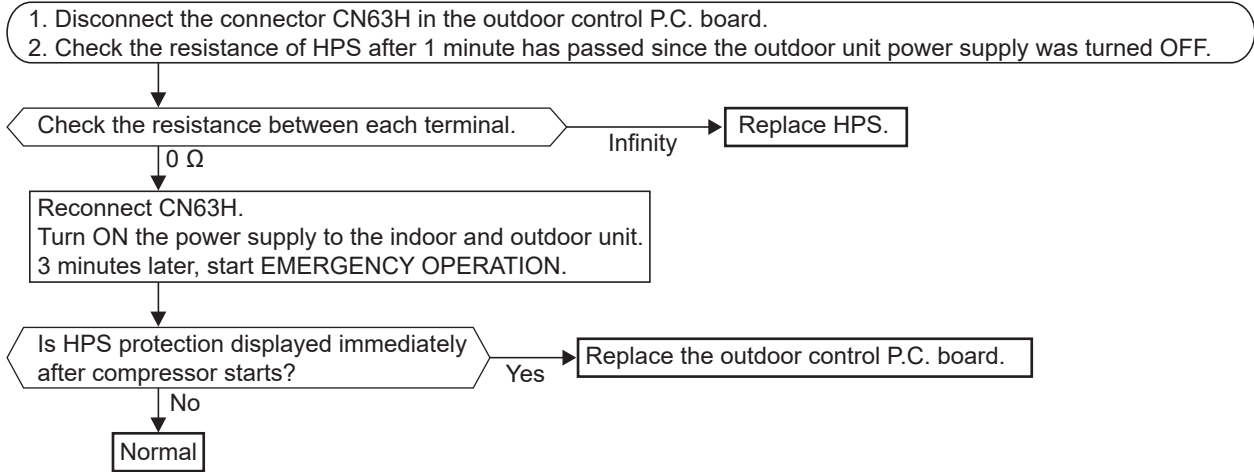
\* To measure the resistance, connect the negative (-) end of the multimeter to pin4.  
 \* See the spec name plate indicated in the diagram for the model name of fan motor.  
 \* Where "X" in model name of fan motor represents numbers and letters



• When the operation frequency does not go up from the lowest frequency.

**Ⓜ Check of HPS**

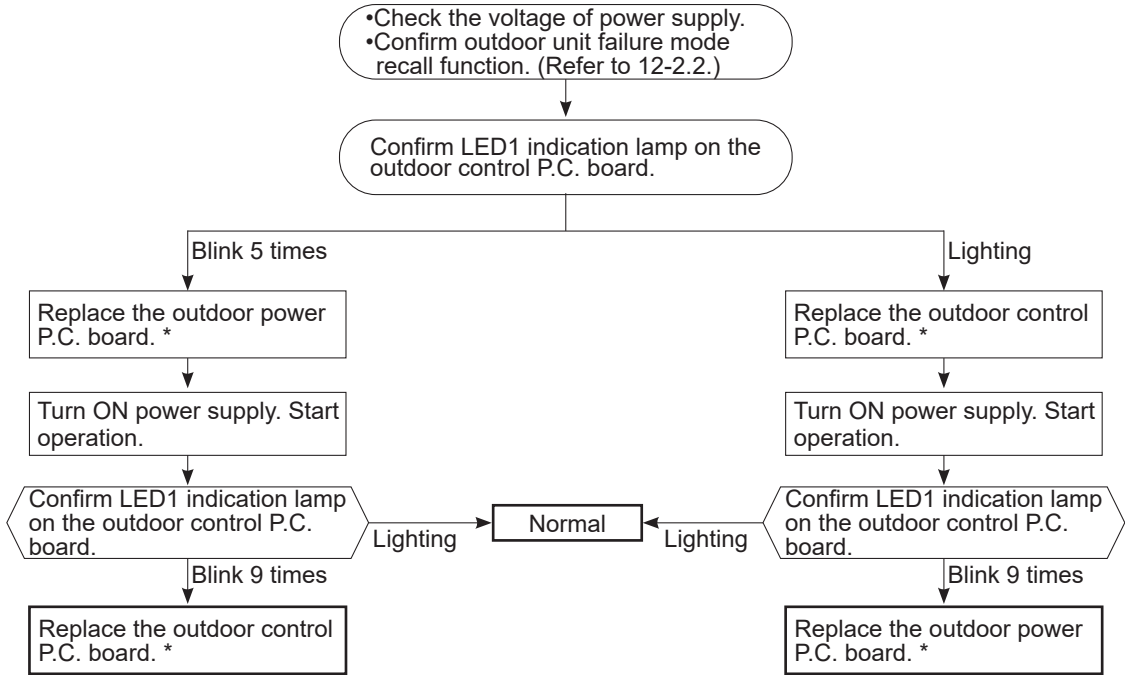
Connector	<b>PXZ-4F, 5F</b>
CN63H	Outdoor control P.C. board



**Ⓜ The other cases**

- Indoor unit does not operate. (different operating models in multi system)
- When you try to run 2 indoor units simultaneously, one for cooling and the other for heating, the unit which transmits signal to the outdoor unit first decides the operation mode.
  - When the above situation occurs, set all the indoor units to the same mode, turn OFF the indoor units, and then turn them back ON.
  - Though the top of the indoor unit sometimes gets warm, this does not mean malfunction. The reason is that the refrigerant gas continuously flows into the indoor unit even while it is not operating.

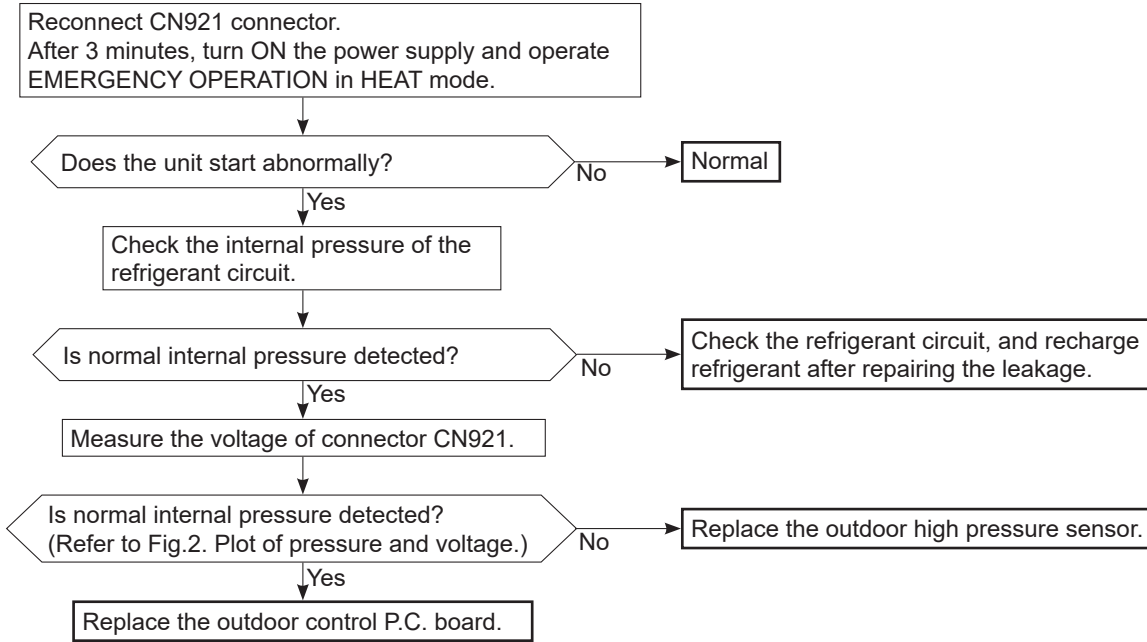
**Ⓜ Check of bus-bar voltage**



\*Turn OFF power supply before removing P.C. board.

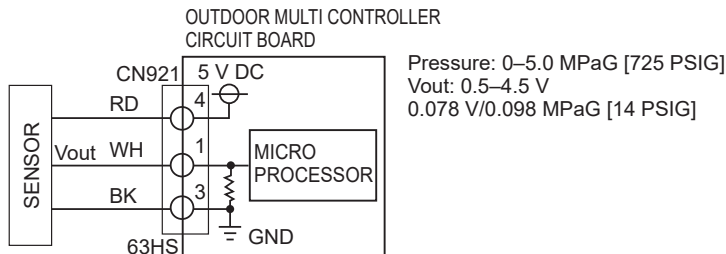
• When high pressure sensor is abnormal.

Ⓚ Check of outdoor high pressure sensor



• High Pressure Sensor Configuration (63HS)

The high pressure sensor consists of the circuit shown in the figure below. If 5 V DC is applied between the red and the black wires, voltage corresponding to the pressure between the white and the black wires will be output, and the value of this voltage will be converted by the microprocessor. The output voltage is 0.078 V per 0.098 MPaG [14 PSIG].



④—③: 5 V (DC)  
①—③: Output Vout (DC)

Fig.1. Electric circuit of 63HS

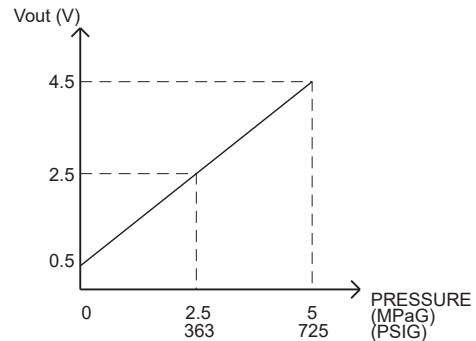
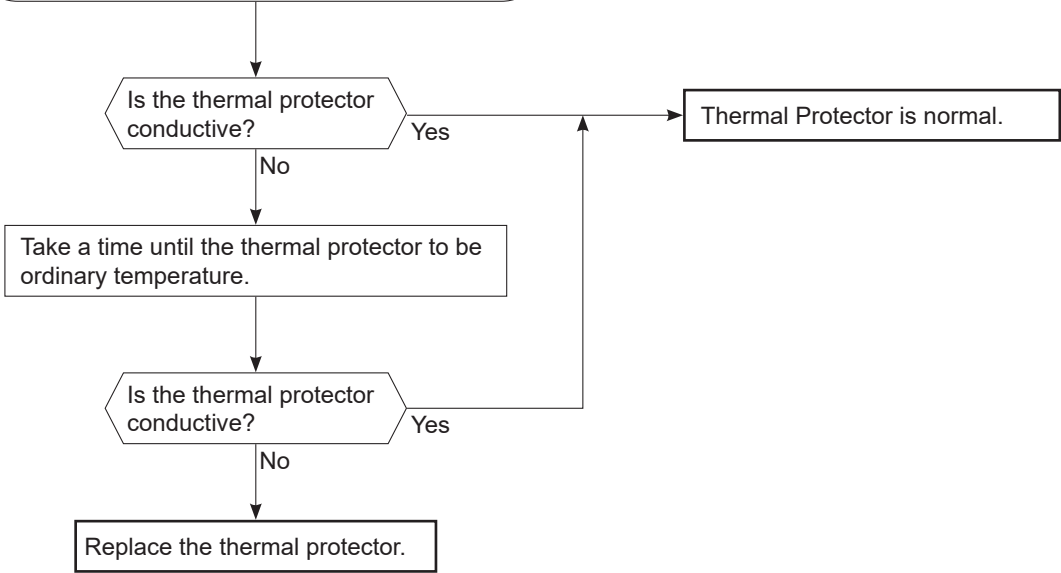


Fig.2. Plot of pressure and voltage



**⌚ Check of thermal protector**

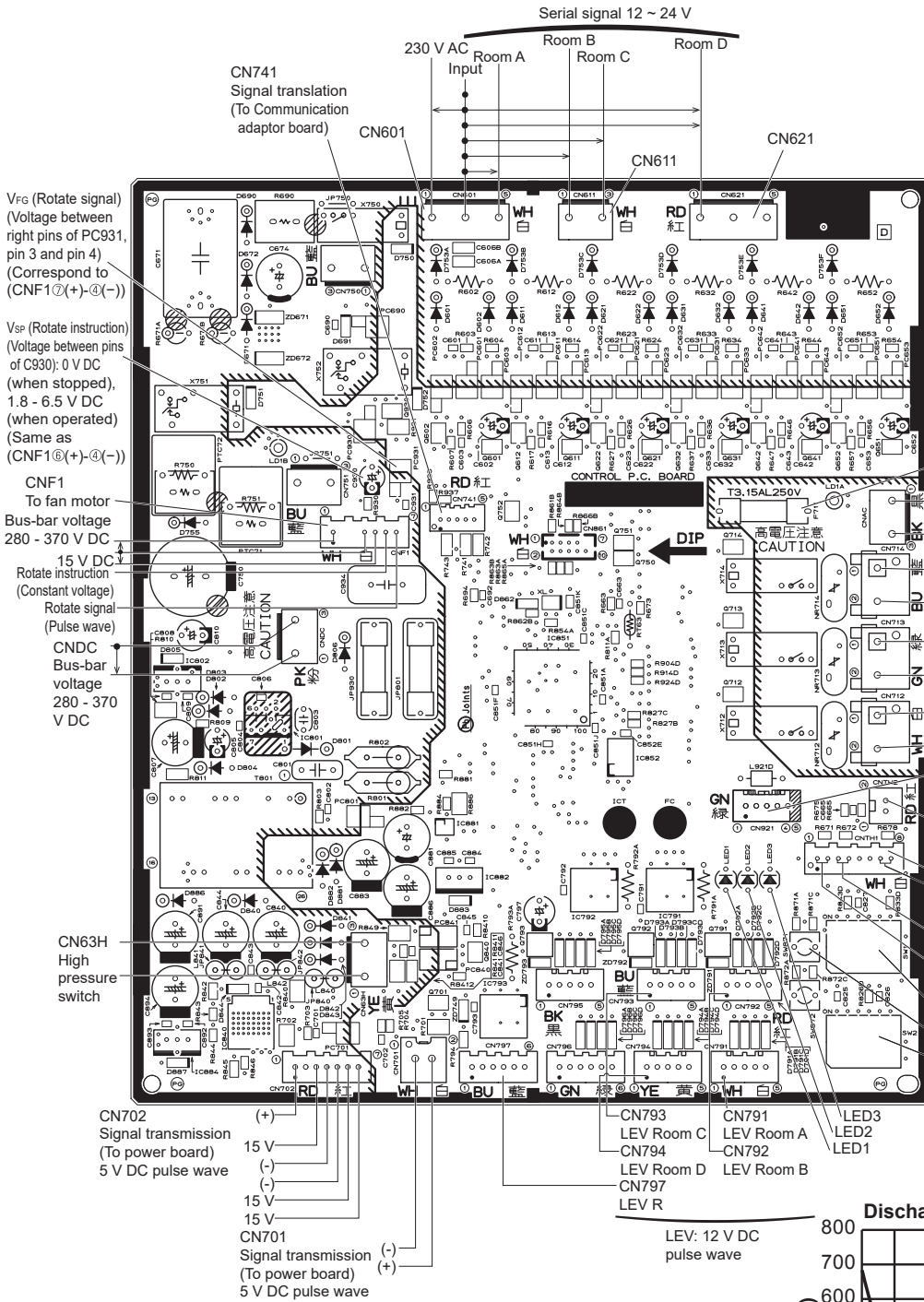
Disconnect the connector of thermal peotector in the inverter P.C. board, and check the conduction of Thermal protector.



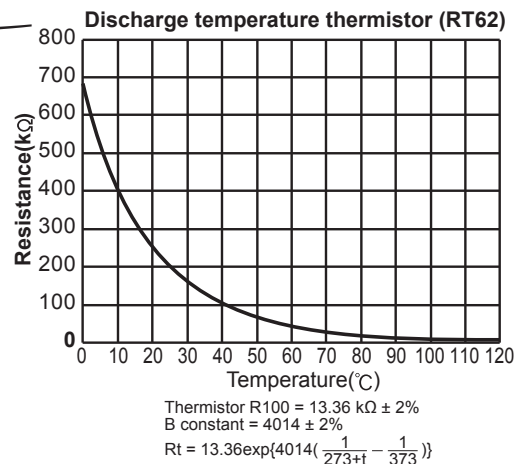
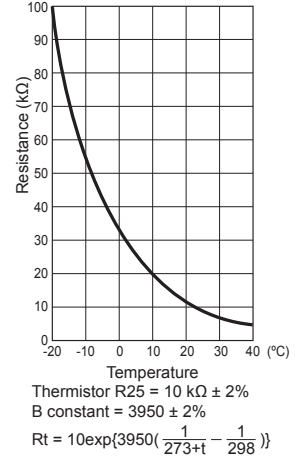
# 12-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM AND VOLTAGE

## 1. Outdoor control P.C. board

### PXZ-4F75VG



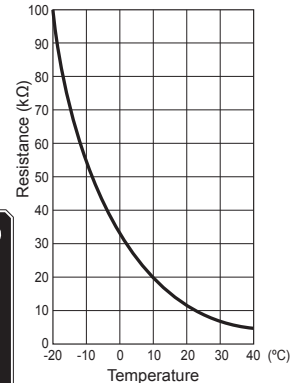
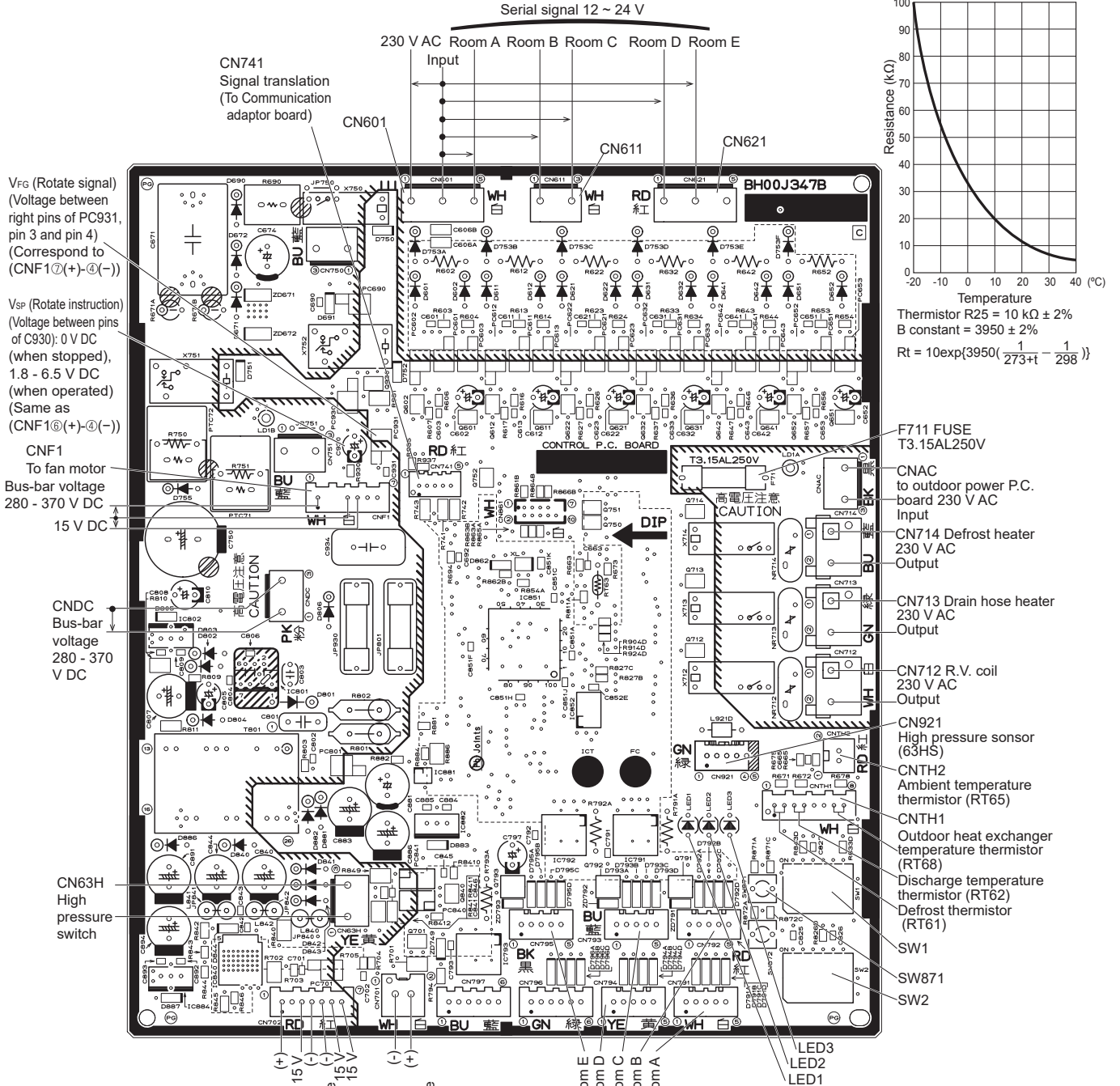
Defrost thermistor (RT61)  
Ambient temperature thermistor (RT65)  
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (RT68)





**PXZ-5F85VG**

**Defrost thermistor (RT61)**  
**Ambient temperature thermistor (RT65)**  
**Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (RT68)**



- F711 FUSE T3.15AL250V
- CNAC to outdoor power P.C. board 230 V AC Input
- CN714 Defrost heater 230 V AC Output
- CN713 Drain hose heater 230 V AC Output
- CN712 R.V. coil 230 V AC Output
- CN921 High pressure sensor (63HS)
- CNTH2 Ambient temperature thermistor (RT65)
- CNTH1 Outdoor heat exchanger temperature thermistor (RT68)
- Discharge temperature thermistor (RT62)
- Defrost thermistor (RT61)
- SW1
- SW871
- SW2
- LED3
- LED2
- LED1

V<sub>Fg</sub> (Rotate signal)  
 (Voltage between right pins of PC931, pin 3 and pin 4)  
 (Correspond to (CNF1⑦(+)-④(-)))

V<sub>Sp</sub> (Rotate instruction)  
 (Voltage between pins of C930): 0 V DC (when stopped), 1.8 - 6.5 V DC (when operated)  
 (Same as (CNF1⑥(+)-④(-)))

CNF1 To fan motor  
 Bus-bar voltage 280 - 370 V DC

15 V DC

CNDC Bus-bar voltage 280 - 370 V DC

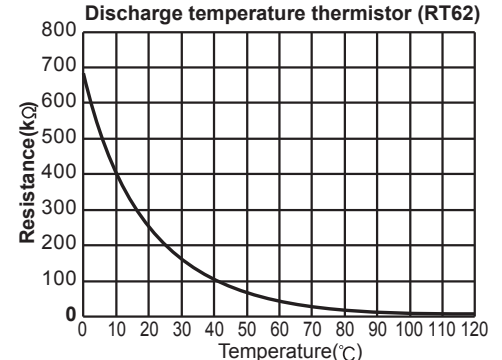
CN63H High pressure switch

CN702 Signal transmission (To power board) 5 V DC pulse wave

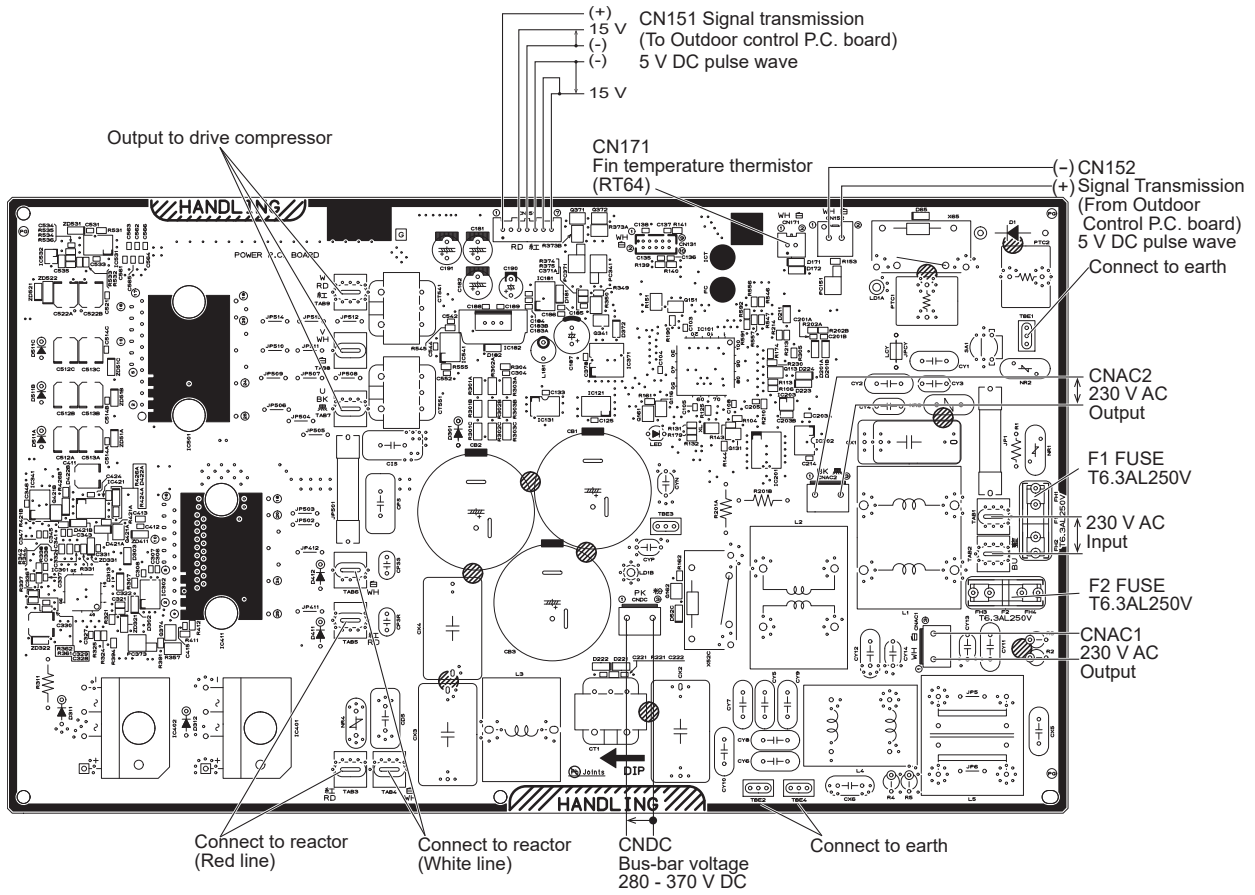
CN701 Signal transmission (To power board) 5 V DC pulse wave

LEV: 12 V DC pulse wave

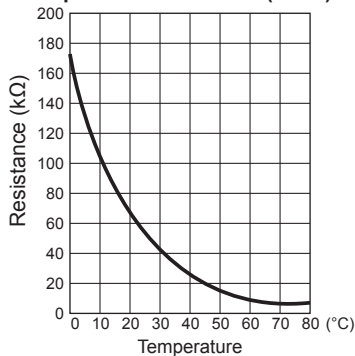
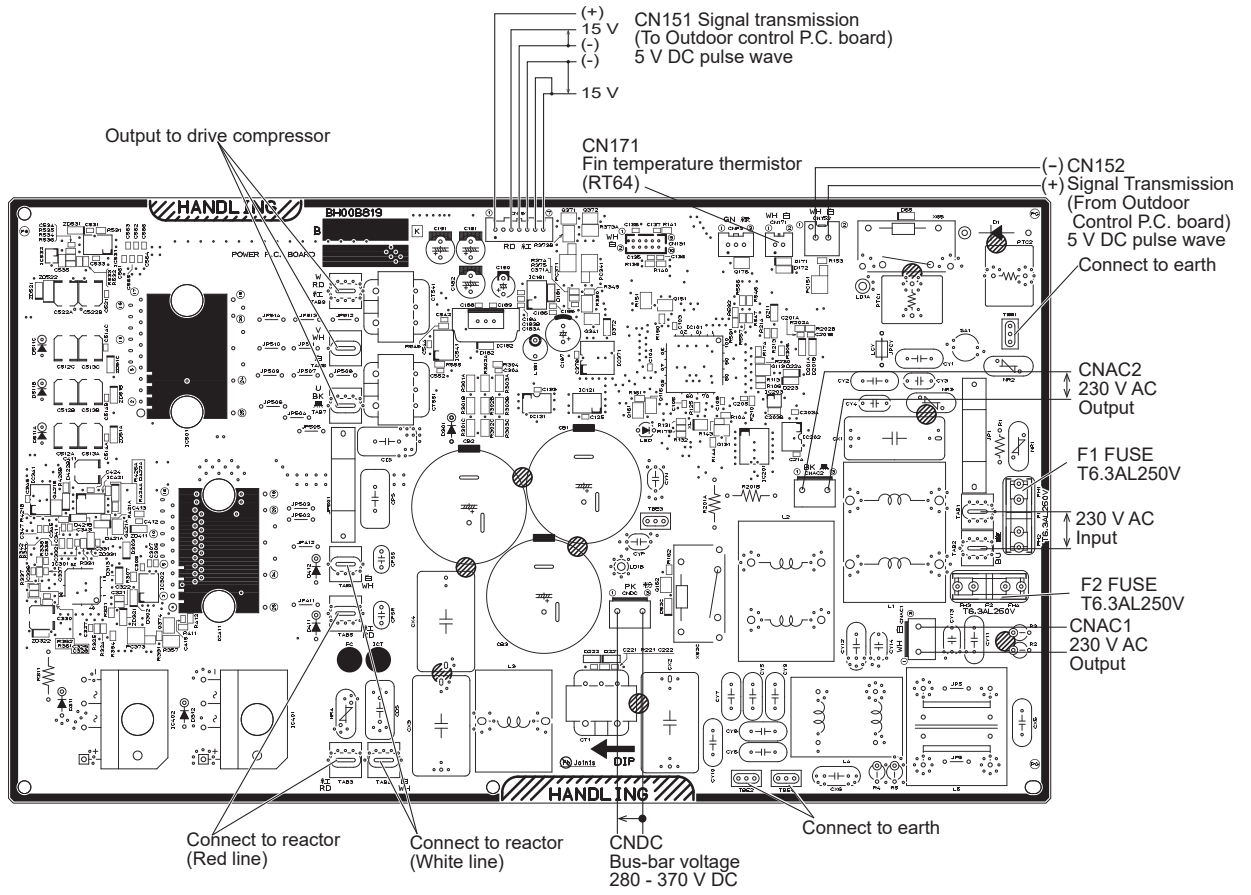
CN795 LEV Room E  
 CN794 LEV Room D  
 CN793 LEV Room C  
 CN792 LEV Room B  
 CN791 LEV Room A



**2. Outdoor power P.C. board  
PXZ-4F75VG**



# PXZ-5F85VG



Thermistor R50 = 17 kΩ ± 2%

B constant = 4150 ± 3%

$$R_t = 17 \exp\left\{4150 \left( \frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323} \right)\right\}$$

<Detaching method of the terminal with locking mechanism>

The terminal which has the locking mechanism can be detached as shown below.

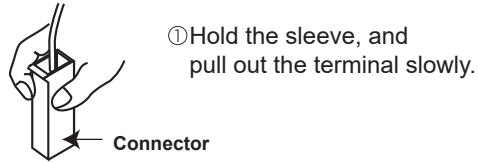
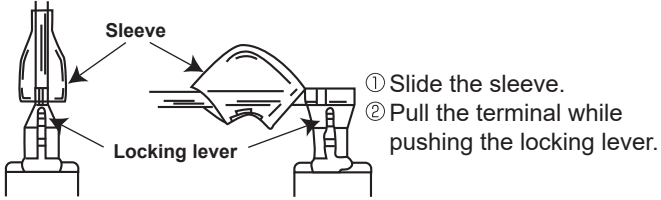
There are 2 types of the terminal with locking mechanism.

The terminal without locking mechanism can be detached by pulling it out.

Check the shape of the terminal before detaching.

(1) Slide the sleeve and check if there is a locking lever or not.

(2) The terminal with the connector shown below has the locking mechanism.



**13-1. PXZ-4F75VG**

**NOTE:** Turn OFF the power supply before disassembly.

—>: Indicates the visible parts in the photos/figures.  
 --->: Indicates the invisible parts in the photos/figures.

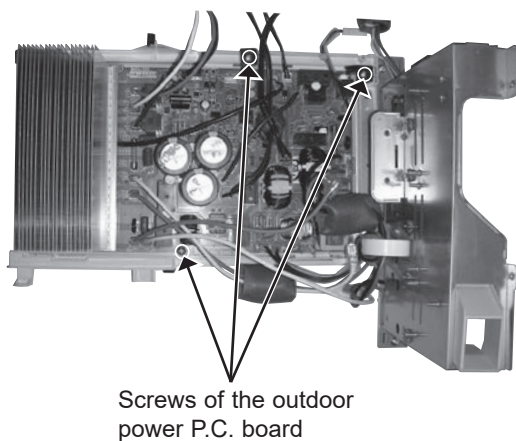
OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/FIGURES
<p><b>1. Removing the cabinet and the panels</b></p> <p>(1) Remove the screws of the service panel, and remove the service panel.</p> <p>(2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.</p> <p>(3) Remove the screws of the top panel, and remove the top panel.</p> <p>(4) Remove the screws of the cabinet, and remove the cabinet.</p> <p>(5) Remove the screws of the back panel, and remove the back panel (Photo 3).</p>	<p><b>Photo 1</b></p> <p><b>Photo 2</b></p> <p><b>Photo 3</b></p>

## OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 2. Removing the outdoor control P.C. board, the outdoor power P.C. board and the reactor

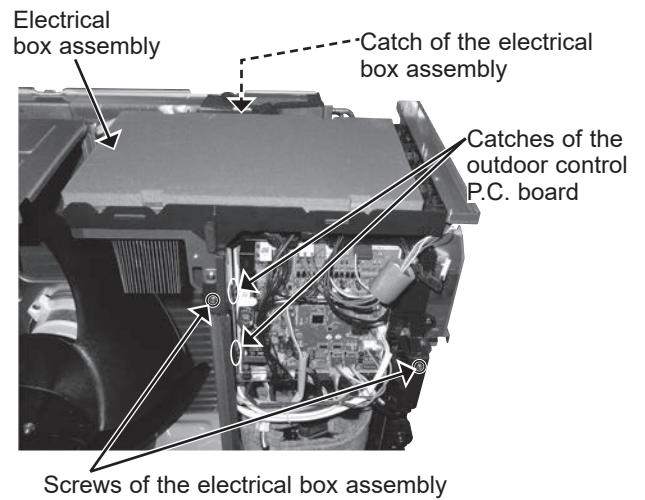
- (1) Remove the service panel (Photo 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (3) Remove the top panel, the cabinet, and the back panel (Photo 1, 2, 3).
- (4) Disconnect all connectors and lead wires on the outdoor control P.C. board.
- (5) Unhook the catches of the outdoor control P.C. board, and remove the outdoor control P.C. board.
- (6) Remove the screws of the electrical box assembly, unhook the catches of the electrical box assembly, and remove the electrical box assembly.
- (7) Remove the screws of outdoor control P.C. board holder, and remove the outdoor control P.C. board holder.
- (8) Remove the screws of the reactor, and remove the reactor.
- (9) Remove the screws of the reactor bed, and remove the reactor bed.
- (10) Remove the screws of the heat sink support, and remove the heat sink support.
- (11) Remove the screws fixing the outdoor power P.C. board.
- (12) Disconnect all connectors and lead wires on the outdoor power P.C. board.

**Photo 7**

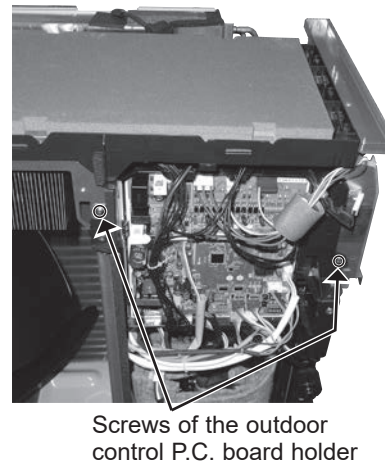


## PHOTOS/FIGURES

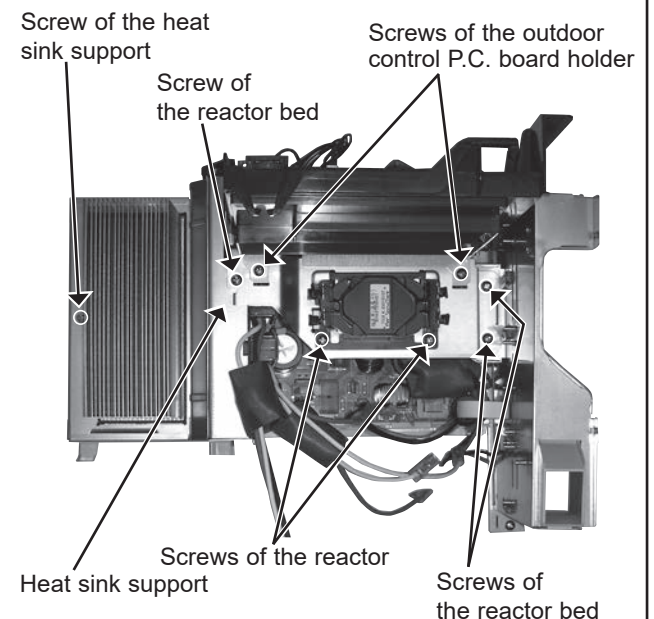
**Photo 4**



**Photo 5**



**Photo 6**



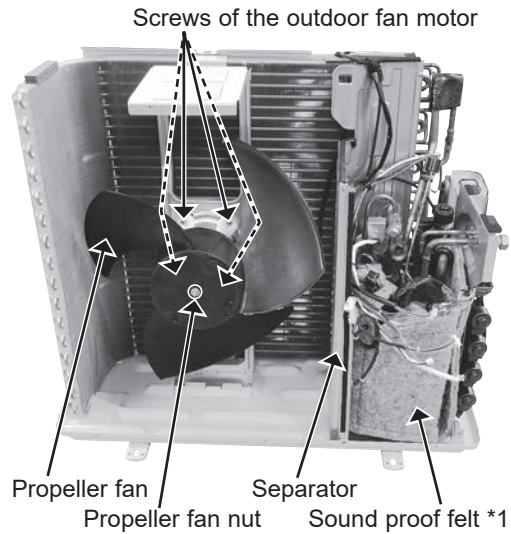
## OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 3. Removing the fan motor

- (1) Remove the service panel (Photo 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (3) Remove the top panel, the cabinet, and the back panel (Photo 1, 2, 3).
- (4) Disconnect connectors CN712, CNF1, CNTH1, CNTH2, CN63H, CN791, CN792, CN793, CN794, CN797, CN921 on the outdoor control P.C. board and disconnect the relay connector of the compressor lead wire.
- (5) Remove the screws of the electrical box assembly, and remove the electrical box assembly (Photo 4).
- (6) Remove the propeller fan.
- (7) Remove the fan motor.

## PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 8



### 4. Removing the compressor and the 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel (Photo 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (3) Remove the top panel, the cabinet, and the back panel (Photo 1, 2, 3).
- (4) Recover gas from the refrigerant circuit.  
**NOTE:** Recover gas from the pipes until the pressure gauge shows 0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (0 MPa).
- (5) Disconnect the outdoor control P.C. board connectors: CN712, CNF1, CNTH1, CNTH2, CN63H, CN791, CN792, CN793, CN794, CN797, CN921.
- (6) Remove terminal cover and the thermal protector.
- (7) Disconnect the compressor lead wire from the terminal of the compressor (U, V, W).
- (8) Remove the screws of the electrical box assembly, and remove the electrical box assembly (Photo 4).
- (9) Remove the propeller fan.
- (10) Remove the sound proof felt \*1, \*2

**NOTE:** Before removing the sound proof felt, remove the hook-and-loop fastener of the top felt by the power receiver.

- (11) Remove the screws of the separator, and remove the separator.
- (12) Detach the brazed parts of the compressor suction and discharge pipes.
- (13) Remove the compressor nuts and remove the compressor.
- (14) Detach the brazed parts of the 4-way valve and pipe.

Photo 9

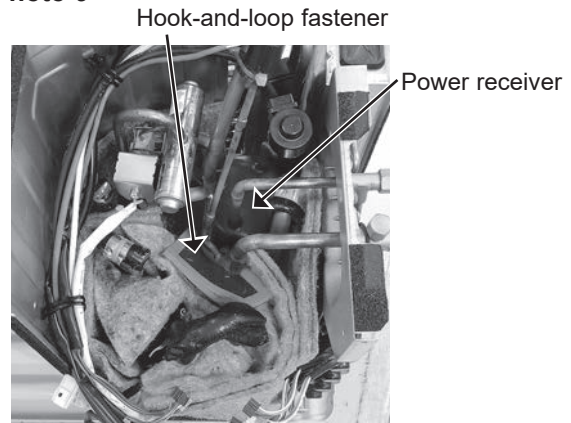
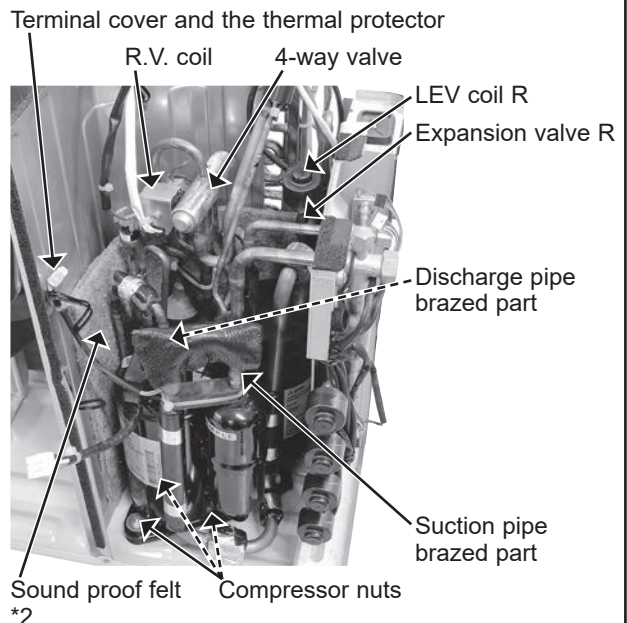


Photo 10



## OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 5. Removing the expansion valve

- (1) Remove the service panel (Photo 1).
- (2) Remove the top panel, the cabinet, and the back panel (Photo 1, 2, 3).  
(Gas recovery is not required if the unit is pumped down.)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts for removing LEV R (Photo 4, 8).
- (4) Remove the LEV coils.
- (5) Detach the brazed parts of expansion valves and pipes.

## PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 11

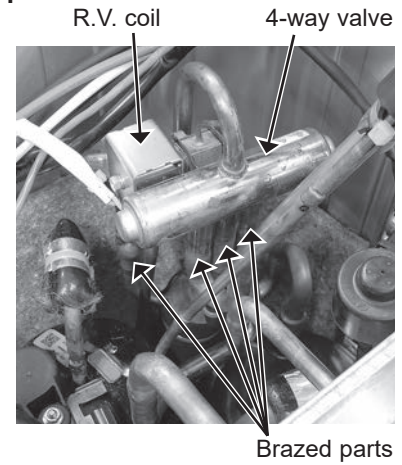
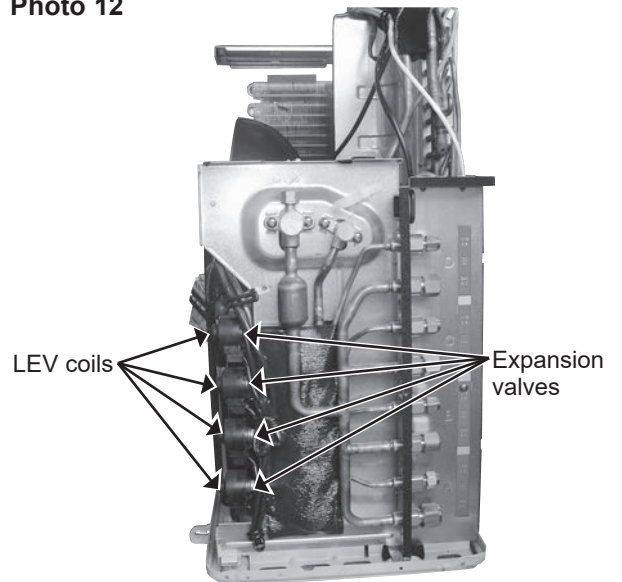


Photo 12



## 13-2. PXZ-5F85VG

**NOTE:** Turn OFF the power supply before disassembly.

### OPERATING PROCEDURE

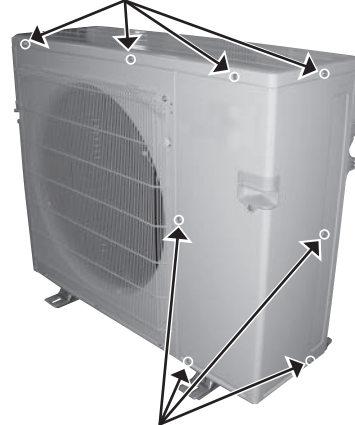
#### 1. Removing the panels

- (1) Remove the screws fixing the service panel, and remove the service panel.
- (2) Remove the screws fixing the top panel and remove the top panel.
- (3) Remove the screws fixing the handle (R Rear), and remove the handle (R Rear).
- (4) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (5) Remove the screws fixing the front panel, and remove the front panel.
- (6) Remove the screws fixing the back panel, and remove the back panel.

### PHOTOS/FIGURES

**Photo 1**

Screws of the top panel

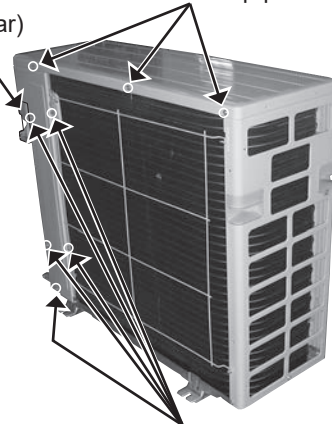


Screws of the service panel

**Photo 2**

Screws of the top panel

Handle (R Rear)



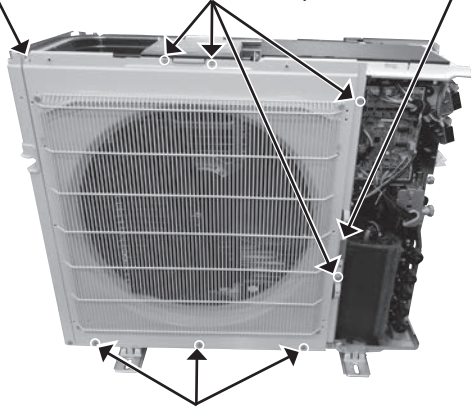
Screws of the back panel

**Photo 3**

Catch of the front panel

Screws of the front panel

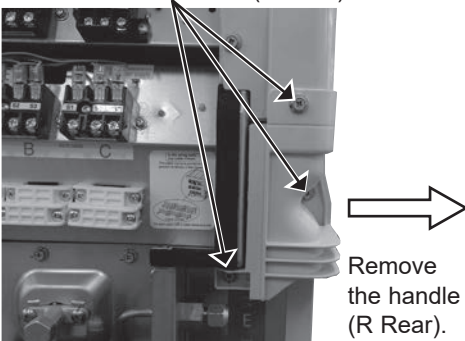
Catch of the front panel



Screws of the front panel

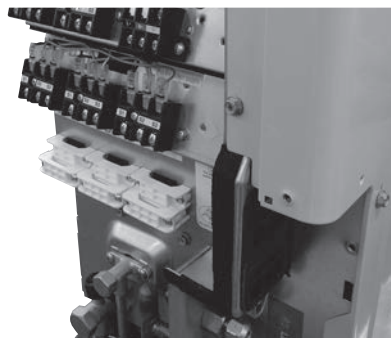
**Photo 4-1**

Screws of the handle (R Rear)



Remove the handle (R Rear).

**Photo 4-2**



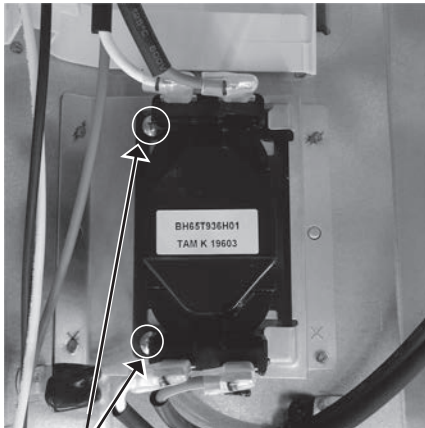


## OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 2. Removing the outdoor control P.C. board, the reactor and the outdoor power P.C. board

- (1) Remove the service panel and the top panel (Refer to section 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (3) Disconnect the connectors on the outdoor control P.C. board.
- (4) Remove the screws fixing the outdoor control P.C. board holder, and remove the outdoor control P.C. board.
- (5) Disconnect the lead wire from the reactor.
- (6) Remove the screws fixing the reactor, and remove the reactor.
- (7) Disconnect the lead wire of the power P.C. board.
- (8) Disconnect the catches of the PB cover, and remove the PB cover.
- (9) Remove the outdoor power P.C. board.

Photo 7



Screws of the reactor

## PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 5

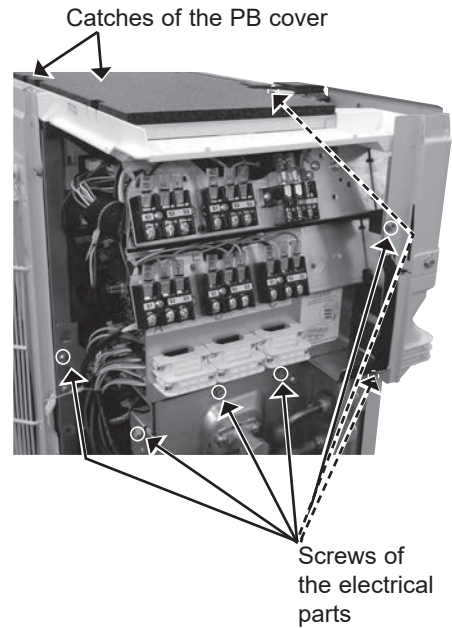
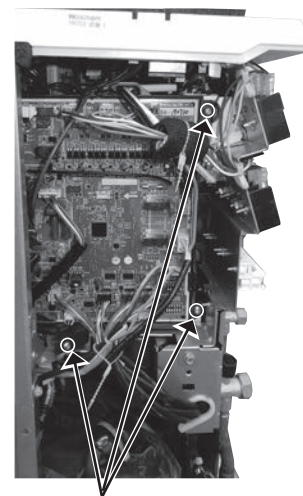


Photo 6



Screws of the outdoor control P.C. board holder

## OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 3. Removing the fan motor

- (1) Remove the service panel, the top panel and the front panel (Refer to section 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.
- (3) Disconnect the connector CNF1 on the outdoor control P.C. board.
- (4) Remove the propeller fan.
- (5) Remove the fan motor.

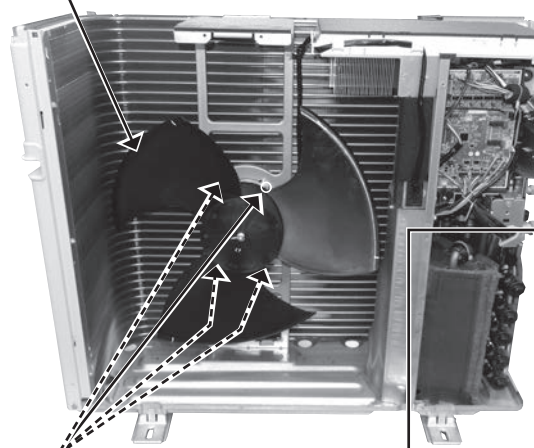
### 4. Removing the expansion valve

- (1) Remove the service panel and the top panel (Refer to section 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire.  
(Gas recovery is not required if the unit is pumped down.)
- (3) Remove the LEV coils.
- (4) Detach the brazed parts of the expansion valves and pipes.

## PHOTOS/FIGURES

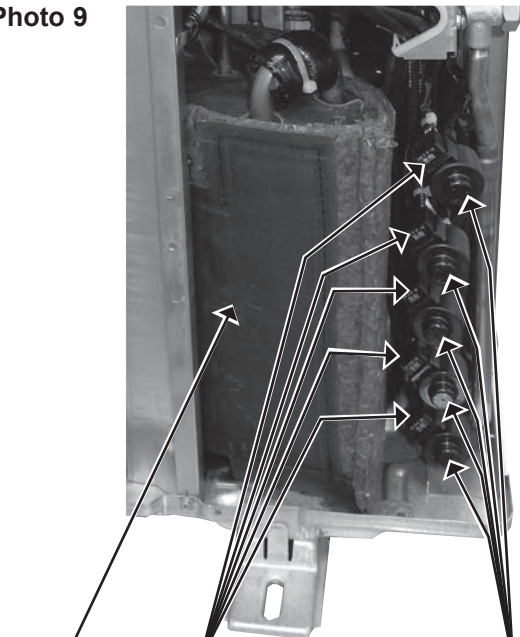
Photo 8

Propeller fan



Screws of the outdoor fan motor

Photo 9



Soundproof felt

Expansion valves

LEV coils

## OPERATING PROCEDURE

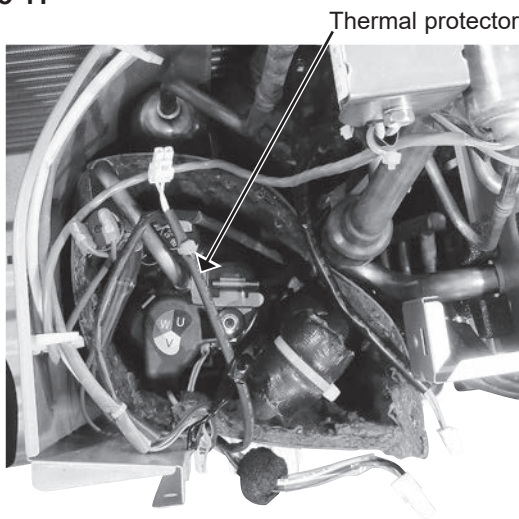
### 5. Removing the compressor and 4-way valve

- (1) Remove the service panel, the top panel, the handle (R Rear), the back panel and the front panel (Refer to section 1).
- (2) Disconnect the power supply and indoor/outdoor connecting wire, and remove the back panel.
- (3) Recover gas from the refrigerant circuit.

**NOTE:** Recover gas from the pipes until the pressure gauge shows 0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> (0 MPa).

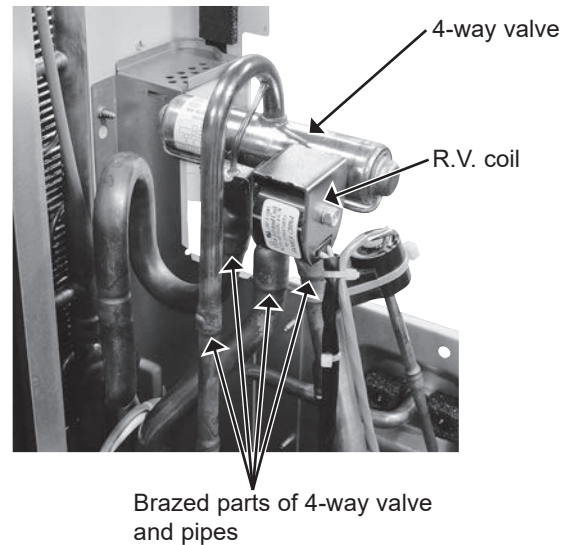
- (4) Remove the terminal cover, and remove thermal protector.
- (5) Disconnect the compressor lead wire from the terminal of the compressor (U, V, W).
- (6) Disconnect the outdoor control P.C. board connectors: CNF1, CNTH1, CNTH2, CN63H, CN712, CN791, CN792, CN793, CN794, CN795, CN921
- (7) Remove the screws fixing the electrical parts, and remove the electrical parts (Photo 5).
- (8) Remove the propeller fan.
- (9) Remove the screws fixing the separator, and remove the separator.
- (10) Remove the soundproof felt.
- (11) Detach the brazed parts of the compressor suction pipe and discharge pipe.
- (12) Remove the compressor nuts and remove the compressor.
- (13) Detach the brazed parts of 4-way valve and pipes.

**Photo 11**



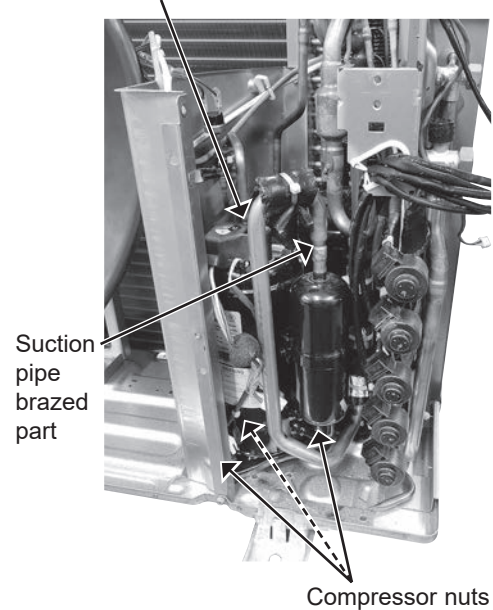
## PHOTOS/FIGURES

**Photo 10**



**Photo 12**

Discharge pipe brazed part



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